

**UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
HOUSTON DIVISION**

In re:

RED RIVER TALC LLC,¹

Debtor.

Chapter 11

Case No: 24-90505 (CML)

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**SECOND AMENDED PREPACKAGED
CHAPTER 11 PLAN OF REORGANIZATION OF THE DEBTOR**

VOTES TO ACCEPT OR REJECT THE PLAN HAVE BEEN SOLICITED BY LLT MANAGEMENT LLC, ON BEHALF OF THE DEBTOR, CONSISTENT WITH SECTIONS 1125 AND 1126 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE. THE PLAN HAS NOT BEEN APPROVED BY THE BANKRUPTCY COURT. THE DEBTOR HAS FILED A PETITION FOR RELIEF UNDER CHAPTER 11 OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE AND IS SUBMITTING THE DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND THE PLAN TO THE BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR APPROVAL.

THE PLAN PROVIDES, AMONG OTHER THINGS, FOR THE ISSUANCE OF AN INJUNCTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 524(g), SECTION 1123(b)(6), AND/OR SECTION 105(a) OF THE BANKRUPTCY CODE THAT WILL CHANNEL ALL TALC PERSONAL INJURY CLAIMS AGAINST THE DEBTOR AND THE PROTECTED PARTIES (AS DEFINED HEREIN) IN CLASS 4 TO A TRUST, AS WELL AS OTHER INJUNCTIONS DESCRIBED IN ARTICLE XI OF THE PLAN.

¹ The last four digits of the Debtor's taxpayer identification number are 8508. The Debtor's address is 501 George Street, New Brunswick, New Jersey 08933.

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EXHIBITS AND SCHEDULES TO PLAN

Exhibit A	Amended Articles of Organization of the Reorganized Debtor*
Exhibit B	Amended Operating Agreement of the Reorganized Debtor*
Exhibit C	Cash Contributions**
Exhibit D	Cash Contributions Guarantee*
Exhibit E	Cooperation Agreement**
Exhibit F	Retained Rights of Action*
Exhibit G	Talc Insurance Policies*
Exhibit H	Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement**
Exhibit I	Talc PI Note**
Exhibit J	Talc PI Pledge Agreement*
Exhibit K	Trust Distribution Procedures**
Exhibit L	Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases to Be Rejected*
Schedule 1	Debtor Corporate Parties*
Schedule 2	Imerys/Cyprus Parties*
Schedule 3	Retailers and Indemnified Parties**

* Previously filed [Docket No. 24]

** Attached hereto

Reference is made to the Disclosure Statement for a discussion of, among other things, the history, business, results of operations, and assets of the Debtor, and risks associated with the Plan. The Disclosure Statement also provides a summary of the key terms of the Plan.

Amendments to the Plan since the date of the Disclosure Statement have made the Plan more favorable for holders of Talc Personal Injury Claims and would not reasonably be expected to alter the vote of any such holder who has voted to accept the Plan.

Nothing in the Plan or the other Plan Documents constitutes an admission by the Debtor as to the existence, merits, or amount of the Debtor's actual present or future liability on account of any Claim or demand (including any Talc Personal Injury Demand) except to the extent that such liability is specifically provided for in the Plan or the other Plan Documents in accordance with the Confirmation Order effective as of the Effective Date.

ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS AND RULES OF INTERPRETATION

1.1 **Terms.** The capitalized terms used herein have the respective meanings set forth below. Any term that is not otherwise defined in this Section 1.1, but that is defined elsewhere in the Plan or in the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rules, shall have the meaning given to that term in the Plan, the Bankruptcy Code, or Bankruptcy Rules, as applicable. For the avoidance of doubt, the uncapitalized terms “affiliate,” “claim,” “demand,” “entity,” “governmental unit,” and “lien” have the meanings given to them in sections 101(2), 101(5), 524(g)(5), 101(15), 101(27), and 101(37) of the Bankruptcy Code, respectively.

1.1.1 **“2021 Chapter 11 Case”** means the chapter 11 case of LLT that was commenced on October 14, 2021, and subsequently dismissed on April 4, 2023.

1.1.2 **“2021 Corporate Restructuring”** means, collectively, the transactions comprising the corporate restructuring of Old JJCI that was completed on October 12, 2021, as part of which (a) Old JJCI ceased to exist and (b) LLT and Holdco were formed.

1.1.3 **“2023 Chapter 11 Case”** means the chapter 11 case of LLT that was commenced on April 4, 2023, and subsequently dismissed on August 11, 2023.

1.1.4 **“2023 Conversion”** means the conversion of LLT from a North Carolina limited liability company to a Texas limited liability company that occurred on December 29, 2023.

1.1.5 **“2023 Funding Agreement Modifications”** means the transactions contemplated by that certain Termination and Substitution Agreement, dated April 4, 2023, executed by J&J, Holdco, and LLT.

1.1.6 **“Acceptance and Release”** means the document pursuant to which the holder of a compensable Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim accepts an offer from the Talc Personal Injury Trust for payment of such Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim and provides releases, including releases of the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, the other Debtor Corporate Parties, and the other Protected Parties, required as a condition of such payment

pursuant to the Trust Distribution Procedures, which document shall be in form and substance acceptable to the Debtor and J&J.

1.1.7 “**Administrative Claim**” means any Claim for any cost or expense of administration of the Chapter 11 Case under section 503(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, including: (a) any actual and necessary post-petition cost or expense of preserving the Estate or operating the business of the Debtor; (b) Cure Amount Claims; (c) post-petition costs, indebtedness or contractual obligations duly and validly incurred or assumed by the Debtor in the ordinary course of business; (d) any Fee Claim, including any Claim for compensation or reimbursement of expenses of Professionals to the extent allowed by the Bankruptcy Court under sections 327, 328, 330(a), 331, or 503(b) of the Bankruptcy Code or the provisions of the Plan; and (e) any fee or charge assessed against the Estate under 28 U.S.C. § 1930(6).

1.1.8 “**Administrative Claims Bar Date**” means the applicable deadline for filing requests for payment of Administrative Claims (other than Fee Claims and Cure Amount Claims) and shall be the Business Day that is sixty (60) days after the Effective Date.

1.1.9 “**Adverse Appellate Ruling**” means (a) in the event that the Confirmation Order is appealed to the Fifth Circuit, any ruling by the Fifth Circuit that does not fully affirm the Confirmation Order and is determined by the Debtor or Reorganized Debtor and J&J, in their sole discretion, to be adverse to the intents, purposes, or effects of the Plan or Confirmation Order or (b) in the event that (i) the Fifth Circuit fully affirms the Confirmation Order, (ii) a petition for certiorari is timely filed with the Supreme Court with respect to such affirmation of the Confirmation Order, and (iii) the Supreme Court grants such petition for certiorari, any ruling by the Supreme Court that does not fully affirm the Confirmation Order and is determined by the Reorganized Debtor and J&J, in their sole discretion, to be adverse to the intents, purposes, or effects of the Plan or Confirmation Order.

1.1.10 “**Affiliate**” means, with respect to any specified entity: (a) an “affiliate,” as defined in section 101(2) of the Bankruptcy Code, of such specified entity; or (b) any other Person that, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries or otherwise, controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the specified entity. As used in clause (b) of the prior sentence, “control” shall include the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of the specified entity (whether through the ownership of equity, by contract or otherwise).

1.1.11 “**AHC of Supporting Counsel**” means the Ad Hoc Committee of Supporting Counsel, including (a) Andrews & Thornton, Attorneys At Law, a Law Corporation, (b) Pulaski Kherkher, PLLC, (c) Watts Law Firm LLP, (d) OnderLaw, LLC, (e) Nachawati Law Group, PLLC, (f) Aylstock, Witkin, Kreis & Overholtz PLLC, and (g) Slater Slater Schulman LLP, formed to advance the common interests of the law firms representing certain holders of Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims.

1.1.12 “**Allowed**” means, as to any Non-Talc Claim or Interest, that such Non-Talc Claim or Interest is (a) expressly allowed under the Plan, (b) not Disputed, (c) either allowed or determined by a Final Order of a court of competent jurisdiction, or (d) agreed to by the Debtor or Reorganized Debtor and the holder of such Claim or Interest; *provided, however,* that, notwithstanding the foregoing, the Allowed amount of Non-Talc Claims shall be subject to and shall not exceed the limitations or maximum amounts permitted by the Bankruptcy Code, including sections 502 and 503 of the Bankruptcy Code, to the extent applicable.

1.1.13 “**Allowed Amount**” means, with respect to any Non-Talc Claim, the amount for which that Claim is Allowed, denominated in U.S. dollars.

1.1.14 “**Amended Articles of Organization**” means the amended and restated articles of organization of the Reorganized Debtor, in substantially the form of Exhibit A.

1.1.15 “**Amended Charter Documents**” means, collectively, the Amended Articles of Organization and the Amended Operating Agreement.

1.1.16 “**Amended Operating Agreement**” means the amended and restated operating agreement of the Reorganized Debtor, in substantially the form of Exhibit B.

1.1.17 “**Bankruptcy Code**” means title 11 of the United States Code, as in effect on the Petition Date or thereafter amended with retroactive applicability to the Chapter 11 Case.

1.1.18 “**Bankruptcy Court**” means the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of Texas having jurisdiction over the Chapter 11 Case or, to the extent of the withdrawal of the reference under section 157 of title 28 of the United States Code, the District Court.

1.1.19 “**Bankruptcy Rules**” means the Federal Rules of Bankruptcy Procedure as promulgated by the United States Supreme Court under section 2075 of title 28 of the United States Code and any local rules of the Bankruptcy Court, as in effect on the Petition Date, together with any and all amendments and modifications thereto that were subsequently made applicable to the Chapter 11 Case.

1.1.20 “**Business Day**” means any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday, or any other day on which banking institutions in Dallas, Texas, are authorized or required by law or executive order to close.

1.1.21 “**Bynum Proceeding**” means the legal proceedings commenced by the class action complaint filed on June 17, 2024, in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey, Case Number 3:24-cv-07065, by Joni S. Bynum, Robin Coburn, and James Coburn, both individually and on behalf of a proposed class, against, among others, LLT and J&J, and all claims, causes of action, and requests for relief asserted therein.

1.1.22 “**Cash**” means lawful currency of the United States of America and its equivalents.

1.1.23 “**Cash Contributions**” means Cash to be delivered to the Talc Personal Injury Trust in the amounts and on the dates set forth on Exhibit C.

1.1.24 “**Cash Contributions Guarantee**” means the guarantee, in substantially the form of Exhibit D, to be executed and delivered by J&J and New Holdco for the benefit of the Talc Personal Injury Trust, pursuant to which each of J&J and New Holdco will guarantee the timely delivery of the Cash Contributions.

1.1.25 “**Channeled Indirect Talc Personal Injury Claims**” means all Indirect Talc Personal Injury Claims that are not Defense Cost Claims.

1.1.26 “**Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims**” means all Talc Personal Injury Claims that are not Defense Cost Claims, including (a) Ovarian/Gynecological Talc Personal Injury Claims and (b) Other Disease Talc Personal Injury Claims.

1.1.27 “**Channeling Injunction**” means the permanent injunction provided for in Section 11.3.1 with respect to Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims to be issued pursuant to the Confirmation Order.

1.1.28 “**Chapter 11 Case**” means the chapter 11 case of the Debtor pending in the Bankruptcy Court.

1.1.29 “**Claim**” shall have the meaning ascribed to such term in section 101(5) of the Bankruptcy Code as it pertains to “claims” against the Debtor.

1.1.30 “**Claims Agent**” means Epiq Corporate Restructuring, LLC.

1.1.31 “**Class**” means a category of holders of Claims or Interests described in Article III.

1.1.32 “**Clerk**” means the clerk of the Bankruptcy Court.

1.1.33 “**Common Benefit Fund MSA**” means a master settlement agreement, in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Debtor, J&J, the AHC of Supporting Counsel, the SLF, and the TCC, among J&J and each law firm representing holders of Talc Personal Injury Claims party thereto, providing, among other things, for (a) the contribution of \$650,000,000 by J&J to a “qualified settlement fund” within the meaning of the Treasury Regulations issued under Section 468B of the Internal Revenue Code for distribution to qualifying counsel on account of common benefit claims and (b) the process and criteria pursuant to which such counsel may seek distribution of such funds on account of such common benefit claims, in each case subject to the terms and conditions set forth in such master settlement agreement.

1.1.34 “**Compensation Procedures Order**” means any order of the Bankruptcy Court establishing procedures for interim compensation and reimbursement and expenses of Retained Professionals.

1.1.35 “**Confirmation**” means the entry of the Confirmation Order on the docket of the District Court.

1.1.36 “**Confirmation Date**” means the date on which the District Court enters the Confirmation Order on its docket.

1.1.37 “**Confirmation Hearing**” means, collectively, the hearing or hearings held by the Bankruptcy Court or the District Court on Confirmation of the Plan, as such hearing or hearings may be continued from time to time.

1.1.38 “**Confirmation Order**” means: (a) the order of the Bankruptcy Court and the District Court acting jointly or (b) the order of the District Court affirming an order entered separately by the Bankruptcy Court; in either case, which order confirms the Plan pursuant to section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.1.39 “**Contribution Claim**” means any and all rights of a Talc Insurance Company that is not a Settling Talc Insurance Company, whether legal, equitable, contractual, or otherwise, of contribution, indemnity, reimbursement, subrogation, or other similar claims directly or indirectly arising out of or in any way relating to such insurer’s payment of loss on behalf of the Debtor in connection with any Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim.

1.1.40 “**Cooperation Agreement**” means a Cooperation Agreement among the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, the Talc Personal Injury Trust, and the Custodians in substantially the form of Exhibit E.

1.1.41 “**Cure Amount Claim**” means a Claim based on the Debtor’s defaults pursuant to an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease at the time such contract or lease is assumed by the Debtor under section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code (but, if the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 are applicable, excluding any Claim arising out of an alleged breach, default, or violation under any Imerys/Cyprus Agreement whether or not such agreement is determined by court order to be an Executory Contract).

1.1.42 “**Custodians**” has the meaning set forth in the Cooperation Agreement.

1.1.43 “**Cyprus**” means Cyprus Mines Corporation.

1.1.44 “**Date of First Diagnosis**” means, with respect to a Direct Talc Personal Injury Claim, the date on which the relevant injured or deceased individual received the original pathologic diagnosis for Ovarian Cancer or Gynecological Cancer alleged to have been caused by her use of products containing talcum powder that were formulated, manufactured, distributed, and/or sold by the Debtor and/or any Debtor Corporate Party, including Johnson’s Baby Powder and Johnson & Johnson’s Shower to Shower.

1.1.45 “**Debtor**” means Red River Talc LLC, a Texas limited liability company and a successor to Old JJCI and LLT.

1.1.46 “**Debtor Corporate Parties**” means J&J and all of its current and former Affiliates, including all Persons listed on Schedule 1, other than (a) the Debtor and (b) as applicable, Imerys, Cyprus, and their respective Affiliates.

1.1.47 “**Defense Cost Claim**” means any Indirect Talc Personal Injury Claim to the extent in respect of legal fees or other out-of-pocket costs incurred in connection with the defense of claims. For the avoidance of doubt, if the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 are applicable, Defense Cost Claims include any such Indirect Talc Personal Injury Claims of the Imerys/Cyprus Parties under any Imerys/Cyprus Agreement or otherwise.

1.1.48 “**Direct Talc Personal Injury Claim**” means a Talc Personal Injury Claim that is asserted by or on behalf of: (a) an injured individual; (b) the estate, legal counsel, relative, assignee, or other representative of an injured or deceased individual; or (c) an individual who claims injury or damages as a result of the death or injury of another individual caused by talc or a product or material containing talc. For the avoidance of doubt, Direct Talc Personal Injury Claims include claims and demands for: (i) loss of consortium; (ii) loss of companionship, services, or society; or (iii) wrongful death.

1.1.49 “**Disallowed**” means, as to any Non-Talc Claim, that such Non-Talc Claim is denied, dismissed, expunged, overruled, or disallowed in whole or in part (but solely to the extent of the disallowance) by Final Order or under the Plan.

1.1.50 “**Disbursing Agent**” means the Reorganized Debtor, or such other Person or Persons chosen by the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor to make or facilitate Distributions pursuant to the Plan.

1.1.51 “**Discharge Injunction**” means the injunction issued in accordance with sections 524 and 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code and contained in Section 11.1.2.

1.1.52 “**Disclosure Statement**” means the *Disclosure Statement for Prepackaged Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization of the Debtor*, dated June 3, 2024, used by LLT to solicit votes to accept or reject the Plan for and on behalf of the Debtor, including all exhibits and schedules thereto, as such disclosure statement may be amended, modified, or supplemented from time to time.

1.1.53 “**Disputed**” means, as to any Non-Talc Claim (or any portion thereof), that such Non-Talc Claim (or portion thereof) is not Allowed or Disallowed pursuant to the Plan or a Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court, or is contingent or unliquidated.

1.1.54 “**Distributions**” means Cash, property, or interest in property to be paid or delivered hereunder to holders of Allowed Non-Talc Claims under the terms of the Plan.

1.1.55 “**Distribution Date**” means the date which is as soon as reasonably practicable after (a) the Effective Date or (b) in the case of any Non-Talc Claim (other than

a Reinstated Non-Talc Claim) that is not yet Allowed as of the Effective Date, the date such Non-Talc Claim becomes Allowed.

1.1.56 “**Distribution Record Date**” means the record date for determining an entitlement to receive Distributions under the Plan on account of Allowed Non-Talc Claims (other than Reinstated Non-Talc Claims), which shall be the Confirmation Date.

1.1.57 “**District Court**” means the United States District Court for the Southern District of Texas.

1.1.58 “**Docket**” means the docket in the Chapter 11 Case maintained by the Clerk.

1.1.59 “**Effective Date**” means the Business Day upon which all of the conditions precedent to the occurrence of the Effective Date contained in Section 8.2 have been satisfied or waived pursuant to Section 8.3.

1.1.60 “**Encumbrance**” means, with respect to any property (whether real or personal, tangible or intangible), any mortgage, lien, pledge, charge, security interest, assignment or encumbrance of any kind or nature in respect of such property (including any conditional sale or other title retention agreement, any security agreement, and the filing of, or agreement to give, any financing statement under the Uniform Commercial Code or comparable law of any jurisdiction) to secure payment of a debt or performance of an obligation.

1.1.61 “**Equity Interests in the Debtor**” means the Interests issued by the Debtor.

1.1.62 “**Estate**” means the estate created in the Chapter 11 Case under section 541 of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.1.63 “**Exculpated Parties**” means, collectively, (a) the Debtor’s officers and managers who served at any time, whether before, on, or after the Petition Date, prior to the Effective Date of the Plan (each solely in their capacity as such); (b) the Debtor; (c) the TCC and each of the members thereof, solely in his or her capacity as such; (d) the FCR, solely in her capacity as such; (e) the Retained Professionals; (f) solely as to conduct found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have been undertaken while acting as a fiduciary of the Debtor or the Estate, the employees of the Debtor or other individuals providing similar services to the Debtor (other than the Debtor’s officers and managers), and the employees of the Retained Professionals, each solely in their capacities as such; and (g) counsel to the individual members of the TCC, each solely in their capacity as such; *provided, however* that the Bankruptcy Court is not determining the fiduciary status of any employees of the Debtor or other individuals providing similar services to the Debtor (other than the Debtor’s officers and managers), or any employees of any of the Retained Professionals or counsel to the individual members of the TCC. Nothing herein shall shift the burden of the employees of the Debtor or other individuals providing similar services to the Debtor (other than the Debtor’s officers and managers), and the employees of the Retained

Professionals or counsel to the individual members of the TCC, to establish that they were fiduciaries of the Debtor or the Estate prior to the Effective Date of the Plan.

1.1.64 “**Exculpation Injunction**” means the injunction described in Section 11.6.1.

1.1.65 “**Executory Contract**” means any executory contract as to which the Debtor is a party and that is subject to assumption or rejection under section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.1.66 “**Existing Direct Claims**” means all Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims that are Direct Talc Personal Injury Claims with a Date of First Diagnosis prior to the Petition Date.

1.1.67 “**Expense Funding Agreement**” means that certain Second Amended and Restated Funding Agreement, dated September 19, 2024, by and between New Holdco, as payor, and the Debtor, as payee, pursuant to which New Holdco is obligated to provide funds for the payment by Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor of, among other things, costs and expenses incurred during the pendency of the Chapter 11 Case, including the costs of administering the Chapter 11 Case, on and subject to the terms thereof, as the same is amended or amended and restated from time to time.

1.1.68 “**FCR**” means Randi S. Ellis (or any Bankruptcy Court-appointed successor), in her capacity as the legal representative for any and all persons who may assert Talc Personal Injury Demands in the future, but who are currently unknown. “FCR” stands for Future Claimants’ Representative.

1.1.69 “**Fee Claim**” means any Claim of: (a) a Professional for allowance of compensation and reimbursement of costs and expenses; or (b) a member of the TCC for reimbursement of costs and expenses, in each case incurred in the Chapter 11 Case on or before the Effective Date.

1.1.70 “**Fifth Circuit**” means the United States Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit.

1.1.71 “**Final Confirmation Order**” means a Confirmation Order which has not been reversed, vacated, stayed, modified, or amended, and as to which the time to move for a new trial, reargument, or rehearing has expired and no proceedings for a new trial, reargument, or rehearing shall then be pending, or, if a new trial, reargument, or rehearing thereof has been sought, such new trial, reargument, or rehearing shall have been denied with prejudice or resulted in no modification of such Confirmation Order or has otherwise been dismissed with prejudice, and the time to move for a new trial, reargument, or rehearing shall have expired; *provided, however*, that (a) a timely appeal of the Confirmation Order to the Fifth Circuit shall not cause such Confirmation Order to not be a Final Confirmation Order, (b) a petition for certiorari timely filed with the Supreme Court with respect to any affirmation of the Confirmation Order by the Fifth Circuit shall not cause such Confirmation Order to not be a Final Confirmation Order, and (c) the possibility that a motion pursuant to section 1144 of the Bankruptcy Code or any analogous rule under

the Bankruptcy Rules may be filed with respect to such Confirmation Order shall not cause such Confirmation Order to not be a Final Confirmation Order.

1.1.72 “**Final Order**” means, as applicable, an order or judgment of the Bankruptcy Court or other court of competent jurisdiction with respect to the relevant subject matter, which has not been reversed, vacated, stayed, modified, or amended, and as to which the time to appeal, seek certiorari, or move for a new trial, reargument, or rehearing has expired and no appeal, petition for certiorari, or other proceedings for a new trial, reargument, or rehearing shall then be pending, or, if an appeal, writ of certiorari, new trial, reargument, or rehearing thereof has been sought, such order or judgment of the Bankruptcy Court or other court of competent jurisdiction shall have been affirmed by the highest court to which the order or judgment was appealed or certiorari shall have been denied or a new trial, reargument, or rehearing shall have been denied with prejudice or resulted in no modification of such order or judgment or has otherwise been dismissed with prejudice, and the time to take any further appeal, petition for certiorari, or move for a new trial, reargument, or rehearing shall have expired; *provided, however*, that the possibility that a motion pursuant to section 1144 of the Bankruptcy Code or any analogous rule under the Bankruptcy Rules, may be filed with respect to such order shall not cause such order to not be a Final Order.

1.1.73 “**Funding Agreements**” means, collectively, the Expense Funding Agreement and the Indemnity Funding Agreement.

1.1.74 “**Gynecological Cancer**” means any cancer of the female gynecologic tract that is not an Ovarian Cancer.

1.1.75 “**Holdco**” means the former Texas limited liability company named J&J Holdco (NA) LLC, which, as part of the Prepetition Corporate Restructuring, (a) was converted from a New Jersey corporation to a Texas limited liability company and, in connection therewith, changed its name from Johnson & Johnson Holdco (NA) Inc. to J&J Holdco (NA) LLC and (b) following such conversion, ceased to exist pursuant to a divisional merger thereof, including all names and historical forms thereof.

1.1.76 “**Imerys**” means Imerys Talc America, Inc.

1.1.77 “**Imerys/Cyprus Agreements**” means those contracts and/or agreements setting forth certain Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights, including as applicable: (a) that certain Agreement between Cyprus Mines Corporation and Johnson & Johnson, dated as of January 6, 1989; (b) that certain Talc Supply Agreement between Windsor Minerals Inc. and Johnson & Johnson Baby Products Company, a division of Johnson & Johnson Consumer Products, Inc., dated as of January 6, 1989; (c) that certain Supply Agreement between Johnson & Johnson Consumer Companies, Inc. and Luzenac America, Inc., dated as of April 15, 2001; (d) that certain Material Purchase Agreement between Johnson & Johnson Consumer Companies, Inc. and Luzenac America, Inc., dated as of January 1, 2010; and (e) that certain Material Purchase Agreement, between Johnson & Johnson Consumer Companies, Inc. and Luzenac America, Inc., dated as of January 1, 2011.

1.1.78 “**Imerys/Cyprus Defenses**” means any and all rights and defenses that any Imerys/Cyprus Party may have under any Imerys/Cyprus Agreement or applicable law with respect to a claim for contribution, reimbursement, subrogation, or indemnification in respect of Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims, but Imerys/Cyprus Defenses do not include (a) any defense that the Plan or any other Plan Document does not comply with the Bankruptcy Code or (b) any defense that the transfer and assignment of the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights by the Reorganized Debtor to the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to Section 4.9.3, or any other action contemplated by Section 4.9.3, is prohibited by the Imerys/Cyprus Agreements or applicable non-bankruptcy law.

1.1.79 “**Imerys/Cyprus Parties**” means all Persons listed on Schedule 2.

1.1.80 “**Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights**” means any and all rights of contribution, reimbursement, subrogation, or indemnification that the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J has against any Imerys/Cyprus Party in respect of Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims under any Imerys/Cyprus Agreement or any applicable law or order or otherwise.

1.1.81 “**Imerys/Cyprus Settlement**” means the settlement and release of disputes between LLT (or the Debtor as successor to LLT) and J&J, on the one hand, and Imerys, Cyprus, and their respective Affiliates, on the other hand, pursuant to the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Agreement.

1.1.82 “**Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Agreement**” means the Amended and Restated Settlement Agreement and Release, dated as of September 20, 2024, by and among the Debtor, J&J, and Imerys, Cyprus, and their respective Affiliates that are parties thereto, and, solely with respect to specified sections thereof, Rio Tinto America Inc. and Zurich American Insurance Company, as the same may be amended or amended and restated from time to time.

1.1.83 “**Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Closing Date**” means the date, if any, on which the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement is consummated and becomes fully effective.

1.1.84 “**Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Termination Date**” means the date, if any, on which the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Agreement is terminated in accordance with its terms.

1.1.85 “**Impaired**” means, as to any Claim, Class of Claims, or Interest, that such Claim, Class of Claims, or Interest is impaired within the meaning of section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.1.86 “**Indemnity Cost Funding Agreement**” means that certain Third Amended and Restated Funding Agreement, dated December 4, 2024, by and between New Holdco, as payor, and the Debtor, as payee, pursuant to which New Holdco is obligated to provide funds for the payment by the Debtor or Reorganized Debtor of, among other things, the Cash Contributions pursuant to the Plan, on and subject to the terms thereof, as the same may be amended or amended and restated from time to time.

1.1.87 “**Indirect Talc Personal Injury Claim**” means a Talc Personal Injury Claim for contribution, reimbursement, subrogation, or indemnity (as those terms are defined by applicable non-bankruptcy law of the relevant jurisdiction), whether contractual or implied by law, and any other indirect Talc Personal Injury Claim, whether in the nature of or sounding in contract, tort, warranty, or other theory of law. For the avoidance of doubt: (a) if the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 are applicable, Indirect Talc Personal Injury Claims include any Talc Personal Injury Claim of any Imerys/Cyprus Party for contribution, reimbursement, subrogation, or indemnity under any Imerys/Cyprus Agreement or any applicable law or order or otherwise and any Talc Personal Injury Claim by any Imerys/Cyprus Party for any damages, including incidental, consequential, or indirect damages (including lost benefits, loss of enterprise value, diminution in value, or loss of goodwill), under or in connection with any Imerys/Cyprus Agreement or any applicable law or order, whether based on an alleged breach, default, or violation thereof or any other legal theory (which shall include any Claim for cure arising out of any alleged breach, default, or violation under any Imerys/Cyprus Agreement at the time such Imerys/Cyprus Agreement is assumed by the Debtor under section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code); and (b) Indirect Talc Personal Injury Claims do not include (i) any Direct Talc Personal Injury Claim, regardless of whether such claim is seeking compensatory, special, economic, non-economic, punitive, exemplary, administrative, or any other costs or damages, or any legal, equitable, or other relief whatsoever, including pursuant to a settlement, judgment, or verdict, or (ii) if the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 are applicable, any claim against any Imerys/Cyprus Party based on, arising out of, or in any way relating to the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights.

1.1.88 “**Injunctions**” means the Discharge Injunction, the Channeling Injunction, the Insurance Entity Injunction, the Release Injunction, the Exculpation Injunction, and any other injunctions entered by the Bankruptcy Court or the District Court in connection with Confirmation of the Plan.

1.1.89 “**Insurance Entity Injunction**” means the injunction described in Section 11.3.2.

1.1.90 “**Intercompany Claim**” means any Claim (including Claims related to setoff rights) held against the Debtor by any Affiliate of the Debtor.

1.1.91 “**Interest**” means the rights of any holder of the equity of the Debtor and the rights of any Person to purchase or demand the issuance of any equity of the Debtor, including: (a) redemption, conversion, exchange, voting, participation, and distribution rights; (b) liquidation preferences; and (c) any option and warrant rights.

1.1.92 “**Internal Revenue Code**” means title 26 of the United States Code, 26 U.S.C. §§ 1 *et seq.*, as in effect on the Petition Date, together with all amendments, modifications, and replacements of the foregoing as the same may exist on any relevant date to the extent applicable to the Chapter 11 Case.

1.1.93 “**IRS**” means the Internal Revenue Service of the United States of America.

1.1.94 “**J&J**” means Johnson & Johnson, a New Jersey corporation.

1.1.95 “**Judgment Claim**” means any Direct Talc Personal Injury Claim that has been adjudicated in state or federal court and resulted in the entry prior to the Effective Date of a judgment in favor of the holder of such Direct Talc Personal Injury Claim, whether such judgment was final and non-appealable or remained subject to appeal as of the Effective Date.

1.1.96 “**LLT**” means the former Texas limited liability company named LLT Management LLC, which, as part of the Prepetition Corporate Restructuring, ceased to exist pursuant to a merger thereof with and into Holdco, with Holdco as the surviving entity, including all names and historical forms thereof.

1.1.97 “**Love Proceeding**” means the legal proceedings commenced by the class action complaint filed on May 22, 2024, in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey, Case Number 3:24-cv-06320, by Rebecca Love, D.D.S., Sharon Murphy, William A. Henry, Alishia Gayle Davis, and Brandi Carl, both individually and on behalf of a proposed class, against, among others, LLT and J&J, and all claims, causes of action, and requests for relief asserted therein.

1.1.98 “**Lung Cancer**” means a primary lung cancer (i.e., a lung cancer that originates in the lungs and is unrelated to any previous cancer as opposed to a lung cancer that has spread to the lungs from another part of the body).

1.1.99 “**Master Settlement Agreement Claims**” means Direct Talc Personal Injury Claims that are entitled to be considered for settlement and, if such Direct Talc Personal Injury Claims qualify for settlement, settled under the Master Settlement Agreements.

1.1.100 “**Master Settlement Agreements**” means those certain master settlement agreements, dated on or before the Petition Date, executed by LLT, J&J, and law firms representing certain holders of Talc Personal Injury Claims, pursuant to which Talc Personal Injury Claims may be considered for settlement and, if such Talc Personal Injury Claims qualify for settlement, settled, as such agreements may have been and may be amended, modified, or supplemented pursuant to the terms thereof.

1.1.101 “**Mesothelioma**” means the type of cancer that develops from the mesothelium, i.e., the thin layer of tissue that covers certain internal organs including the pleural, peritoneal, and pericardial cavities.

1.1.102 “**New Holdco**” means Johnson & Johnson Holdco (NA) Inc. (formerly named J&J Intermediate Holding Corp.), a New Jersey corporation that was formed as part of the Prepetition Corporate Restructuring and owns 100% of the membership interests in the Debtor as a result of the Prepetition Corporate Restructuring.

1.1.103 “**Non-Talc Claim**” means any Claim that is not a Talc Personal Injury Claim.

1.1.104 “**Old JJCI**” means the former Texas limited liability company named Chenango Zero LLC, which, as part of the 2021 Corporate Restructuring, (a) was the surviving entity in a merger with Johnson & Johnson Consumer Inc., a New Jersey corporation, and (b) following such merger, ceased to exist pursuant to a divisional merger thereof, including all names and historical forms thereof.

1.1.105 “**Ordinary Course Professionals Order**” means any order of the Bankruptcy Court authorizing the retention and compensation of Professionals utilized by the Debtor in the ordinary course of business.

1.1.106 “**Other Disease Talc Personal Injury Claim**” means any Direct Talc Personal Injury Claim that alleges that the relevant injured or deceased individual developed a disease other than Mesothelioma, Lung Cancer, Ovarian Cancer, or Gynecological Cancer (and not Mesothelioma, Lung Cancer, Ovarian Cancer, or Gynecological Cancer) in connection with such individual’s use of talc or a product or material containing talc.

1.1.107 “**Ovarian Cancer**” means epithelial cancer that originates in the ovaries, fallopian tubes, and/or peritoneum, with: (a) serious, endometrioid, clear cell, or undifferentiated subtype; or (b) a mixture of subtypes that includes one or more of the subtypes specified in the immediately preceding clause (a).

1.1.108 “**Ovarian/Gynecological Cancer Talc Personal Injury Claim**” means any Direct Talc Personal Injury Claim that alleges that the relevant injured or deceased individual developed Ovarian Cancer or Gynecological Cancer (and not Mesothelioma, Lung Cancer, or any other disease) in connection with such individual’s use of talc or a product or material containing talc.

1.1.109 “**Person**” means an individual, corporation, partnership, joint venture, association, joint stock company, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, trust, estate, unincorporated organization, governmental unit, or other entity.

1.1.110 “**Petition Date**” means the date on which the Debtor files its petition for relief under chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code commencing the Chapter 11 Case.

1.1.111 “**Plan**” means this *Second Amended Prepackaged Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization of the Debtor*, as the same may be amended or modified from time to time pursuant to section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.1.112 “**Plan Documents**” means the Plan, the Disclosure Statement, and all of the exhibits and schedules attached to any of the foregoing (including, for the avoidance of doubt, the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents and the Cooperation Agreement).

1.1.113 “**Plan Supplement**” means any documents or forms of documents related to the Plan that have been delivered to the parties to which the Disclosure Statement was delivered, each of which shall be in form and substance reasonably acceptable to LLT and J&J, as such documents or forms of documents may be amended, modified, or supplemented before the Effective Date. Any Plan Supplement will be distributed to the

same parties and in the same manner as the Disclosure Statement at least twenty-eight (28) days prior to the deadline for the submission of votes on the Plan. A copy of any Plan Supplement will also be available for review on the Claims Agent's website free of charge at <https://dm.epiq11.com/redrivertalc>.

1.1.114 **"Postpetition Interest"** means, for the period following the Petition Date: (a) interest at the rate set forth in the contract or other applicable document between the holder of a Claim and the Debtor giving rise to such holder's Claim, but excluding, for the avoidance of doubt, interest at any default rate; (b) if no such rate exists, interest at the federal judgment rate; or (c) such interest, if any, as otherwise agreed to by the holder of a Claim and the Debtor.

1.1.115 **"Prepetition Corporate Restructuring"** means, collectively, the transactions comprising the corporate restructuring of LLT and Holdco that was undertaken and completed on August 19, 2024, as part of which (a) LLT and Holdco ceased to exist and (b) the Debtor and New Holdco were formed.

1.1.116 **"Priority Non-Tax Claim"** means any Claim entitled to priority pursuant to section 507(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, other than an Administrative Claim or a Priority Tax Claim.

1.1.117 **"Priority Tax Claim"** means any Claim entitled to priority pursuant to section 507(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.1.118 **"Private Resolution Process MSA"** means a master settlement agreement, in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Debtor, J&J, the AHC of Supporting Counsel, the SLF, and the TCC, among J&J, the Debtor, and each law firm representing holders of Talc Personal Injury Claims party thereto, the initial draft of which shall be prepared by J&J consistent with the terms of prior master settlement agreements entered into by J&J, providing, upon the occurrence and satisfaction of any specified conditions set forth therein, for the implementation of a private mass tort resolution program to resolve Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims in the event that, following the Effective Date, the Talc Personal Injury Trust is dissolved pursuant to clause (y) of Section 7.3(b) of the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement.

1.1.119 **"Professional"** means any Person retained or to be compensated pursuant to sections 327, 328, 330, 363(b), 503(b), 524(g)(4)(B)(i), or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code, including any professional retained by the TCC or the FCR.

1.1.120 **"Proof of Claim"** means any proof of claim filed with the Bankruptcy Court or the Claims Agent pursuant to section 501 of the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rules 3001 or 3002 that asserts a Claim against the Debtor.

1.1.121 **"Protected Party"** means any and all of the following:

- (a) the Debtor and its Representatives;
- (b) the Reorganized Debtor and its Representatives;

- (c) the Debtor Corporate Parties and their respective Representatives;
- (d) the Settling Talc Insurance Companies;
- (e) any and all Persons listed on Schedule 3, each of which is a third-party retailer that sold Old JJCI's talc-containing products or a third party to which the Debtor has contractual indemnification obligations relating to Old JJCI's talc-containing products;
- (f) if (i) the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Agreement has not been fully executed prior to or on the Effective Date, (ii) the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Agreement has been fully executed prior to or on the Effective Date and the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Termination Date has occurred prior to or on the Effective Date, or (iii) the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Agreement has been fully executed prior to or on the Effective Date and neither the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Termination Date nor the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Closing Date has occurred prior to or on the Effective Date, the Imerys/Cyprus Parties; *provided, however*, that, in the case of clause (iii), only so long as the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Closing Date has not occurred;
- (g) Persons that, pursuant to the Plan or on or after the Effective Date, become a direct or indirect transferee of, or successor to, any assets of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, or the Talc Personal Injury Trust, but only to the extent that liability is asserted to exist by reason of such Person becoming such a transferee or successor;
- (h) Persons that, pursuant to the Plan or on or after the Effective Date, make a loan to the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, or the Talc Personal Injury Trust, or to a successor to, or transferee of, any assets of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, or the Talc Personal Injury Trust, but only to the extent that liability is asserted to exist by reason of it becoming such a lender; and
- (i) Persons that are alleged to be directly or indirectly liable for the conduct of, claims against, or demands on the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, or the Talc Personal Injury Trust, to the extent that such alleged liability arises by reason of one or more of the following:
 - (i) such Person's ownership of a financial interest in the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, a past or present affiliate of a Debtor or Reorganized Debtor, or a predecessor in interest of a Debtor or Reorganized Debtor (including Old JJCI);
 - (ii) such Person's involvement in the management of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor or a predecessor in interest of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor (including Old JJCI);
 - (iii) such Person's service as an officer, manager, or employee of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, a past or present affiliate of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, a predecessor in interest of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor (including Old JJCI), or a Person that owns or at

any time has owned a financial interest in the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, a past or present affiliate of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, or a predecessor in interest of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor (including Old JJCI); and

(iv) such Person's involvement in a transaction changing the corporate structure (including the 2021 Corporate Restructuring and the Prepetition Corporate Restructuring), or in a loan or other financial transaction affecting the financial condition, of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, a past or present affiliate of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, a predecessor in interest of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor (including Old JJCI), or a Person that owns or at any time has owned a financial interest in the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, a past or present affiliate of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, or a predecessor in interest of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor (including Old JJCI), including (A) involvement in providing financing (debt or equity) or advice to a Person involved in such a transaction or (B) acquiring or selling a financial interest in any Person as a part of such transaction.

1.1.122 “**Recovery Actions**” means, collectively and individually, preference actions, fraudulent conveyance actions, and other claims or causes of action under sections 510, 544, 547, 548, 549, 550, and 553(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and other similar state law claims and causes of action.

1.1.123 “**Reinstated**” or “**Reinstatement**” means, with respect to Claims and Interests, the Claim or Interest shall be rendered Unimpaired in accordance with section 1124 of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.1.124 “**Reinstated Non-Talc Claims**” means, collectively, all Secured Claims, Unsecured Claims, and Intercompany Claims.

1.1.125 “**Release Injunction**” means the injunction described in Section 11.2.3.

1.1.126 “**Released Parties**” means each of: (a) the Debtor; (b) the Reorganized Debtor; (c) the Debtor Corporate Parties; and (d) to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, with respect to each of the foregoing Persons in clauses (a)-(c), each such Person's Representatives.

1.1.127 “**Releasing Claim Holder**” means a holder of a Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim.

1.1.128 “**Reorganized Debtor**” means the Debtor on and after the Effective Date.

1.1.129 “**Reorganized Debtor Payment Default**” means the failure by the Reorganized Debtor to pay when due any amount owed under the Talc PI Note.

1.1.130 “**Reorganized Debtor Payment Event of Default**” means a Reorganized Debtor Payment Default that is not remedied within thirty (30) days after the Reorganized Debtor has received written notice of such Reorganized Debtor Payment Default from the Talc Personal Injury Trust.

1.1.131 “**Representatives**” means, with respect to any Person, such Person’s current and former: (a) officers, directors, managers, employees, agents, and nominees; and (b) financial advisors, attorneys, accountants, investment bankers, consultants, experts, and other professionals; in each case solely in their capacity as such.

1.1.132 “**Retained Professionals**” means the professionals retained in the Chapter 11 Case by the Debtor, the TCC, or the FCR, including financial advisors, attorneys, accountants, investment bankers, and consultants.

1.1.133 “**Retained Rights of Action**” means any claims, demands, rights, and causes of action that the Debtor or its Estate may hold against any Person that are not transferred or assigned under the Plan to the Talc Personal Injury Trust, including: (a) any Recovery Actions; (b) any right of contribution, reimbursement, subrogation, or indemnification, or similar rights, that the Debtor has against any Person in respect of Talc Personal Injury Claims under contract or applicable law (other than, if the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 are applicable, the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights); and (c) the causes of action listed or described on Exhibit F.

1.1.134 “**Schedules**” means any schedules of assets and liabilities and statements of financial affairs of the Debtor filed on the Docket in accordance with section 521 of the Bankruptcy Code, as any such schedules and statements may be amended or supplemented from time to time.

1.1.135 “**Secondment Agreement**” means that certain Amended and Restated Secondment Agreement, dated as of October 12, 2021, executed by LLT and Johnson & Johnson Services, Inc., a New Jersey corporation.

1.1.136 “**Secured Claim**” means a Claim, or any portion thereof: (a) secured by a lien on property in which the Estate has an interest, which lien is valid, perfected, and enforceable pursuant to applicable law or by reason of a Final Order, to the extent of the value of the creditor’s interest in the Estate’s interest in such property as determined pursuant to section 506(a) of the Bankruptcy Code; (b) subject to setoff pursuant to section 553 of the Bankruptcy Code, to the extent of the amount subject to setoff as determined pursuant to section 506(a) of the Bankruptcy Code; or (c) Allowed as secured pursuant to the Plan or any Final Order as a secured Claim.

1.1.137 “**Settled Talc Insurance Policy**” means any Talc Insurance Policy as to which the Talc Insurance Rights thereunder have been released pursuant to a Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement.

1.1.138 “**Settling Talc Insurance Company**” means, solely with respect to Settled Talc Insurance Policies:

(a) any Talc Insurance Company that contributes funds, proceeds, or other consideration in respect of Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims and is designated, with the consent of the Debtor, in the Confirmation Order as a Settling Talc Insurance Company, which shall include the Specified Settling Insurers; and

(b) any Talc Insurance Company that contributes funds, proceeds, or other consideration in respect of Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims and is designated as a Settling Talc Insurance Company by the Talc Personal Injury Trust (acting through the Reorganized Debtor, as its subrogee having the exclusive right to negotiate and enter into Talc Insurance Settlement Agreements) on or after the Effective Date; *provided, however,* that any addition to the list of Protected Parties on or after the Effective Date does not become effective until entry of a Final Order approving the addition.

1.1.139 “**SLF**” means The Smith Law Firm, PLLC.

1.1.140 “**Specified Insurance Settlement Agreements**” means those certain Confidential Settlement and Release Agreements dated May [●], 2024, by and among J&J and related parties, including LLT, on the one hand, and the Specified Settling Insurers, on the other hand.

1.1.141 “**Specified Settling Insurers**” means, collectively, AIG Europe S.A. (as successor in interest to L’Union Atlantique d’Assurances S.A.), AIG Property Casualty Company (f/k/a Birmingham Fire Insurance Company of Pennsylvania), AIU Insurance Company, American International Surplus Lines Insurance Company, Granite State Insurance Company, Lexington Insurance Company, The Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylvania, National Union Fire Insurance Company of Pittsburgh, Pa, New Hampshire Insurance Company, Wellfleet New York Insurance Company (f/k/a Atlanta International Insurance Company, as successor in interest to Drake Insurance Company), Starr Indemnity Liability Company (as successor in interest to Republic Insurance Company), Safety National Casualty Corporation f/k/a Safety Mutual Casualty Corporation, Berkshire Hathaway Specialty Insurance Co. (formerly known as Stonewall Insurance Co.), The Continental Insurance Company (for itself and as successor to certain policies issued by London Guarantee and Accident Company of New York and Harbor Insurance Company), ASR Schadeverzekering N.V. (as successor in interest to Assurantiekoor Van Wijk & Co.), Rheinland Versicherungen (as successor in interest only to the subscriptions of the former Dutch Company Rheinland Verzekeringen), and N.V. Schadeverzekeringsmaatschappij Maas Lloyd (individually and as successor in interest to policies subscribed in favor of J&J by N.V. Rotterdamse Assurantiekas, n/k/a De Ark), each solely in its capacity as a party to the Specified Insurance Settlement Agreements.

1.1.142 “**Supreme Court**” means the United States Supreme Court.

1.1.143 “**Talc In-Place Insurance Coverage**” means all of the Talc Insurance Rights under any Talc Insurance Policy that is not a Settled Talc Insurance Policy, including the right to payment or reimbursement of liability, indemnity, or defense costs incurred on or after the Effective Date arising out of or in any way relating to Channeled

Talc Personal Injury Claims (other than Master Settlement Agreement Claims and Judgment Claims).

1.1.144 “**Talc Insurance Action**” means any claim, cause of action, or right of the Debtor under the laws of any jurisdiction against any Talc Insurance Company with respect to any Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim (other than Master Settlement Agreement Claims and Judgment Claims) based on, arising out of, or in any way relating to: (a) any such Talc Insurance Company’s failure to provide coverage or otherwise pay in respect of Talc In-Place Insurance Coverage; (b) the refusal of any Talc Insurance Company to compromise and settle any such Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim under or pursuant to any Talc Insurance Policy; (c) the interpretation or enforcement of the terms of any Talc Insurance Policy with respect to any such Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim; (d) any conduct by a Talc Insurance Company constituting “bad faith,” conduct that could give rise to extra-contractual damages, or other wrongful conduct under applicable law, in each case with respect to any such Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim; or (e) any other dispute under, arising out of, or in any way relating to Talc In-Place Insurance Coverage or other Talc Insurance Rights. Notwithstanding the foregoing, and for the avoidance of doubt, Talc Insurance Action shall not include any claim, cause of action, or right of the Debtor under the laws of any jurisdiction against any Talc Insurance Company with respect to amounts expended prior to the Effective Date.

1.1.145 “**Talc Insurance Assets**” means (a) all Talc In-Place Insurance Coverage, (b) all Talc Insurance Actions, (c) all Talc Insurance Recoveries, and (d) all Talc Insurance Settlement Agreements entered into after the Effective Date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, and for the avoidance of doubt, Talc Insurance Assets do not include Talc Insurance Policies themselves, any rights to coverage held by any entity other than the Debtor, any rights to coverage under Talc Insurance Policies for amounts expended prior to the Effective Date, or any rights under Talc Insurance Policies that are not related to the Debtor’s coverage or rights to coverage for Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims (excluding Master Settlement Agreement Claims and Judgment Claims).

1.1.146 “**Talc Insurance Company**” means any insurance company, insurance syndicate, coverholder, insurance broker or syndicate insurance broker, guaranty association, or any other Person that may have liability under a Talc Insurance Policy.

1.1.147 “**Talc Insurance Policy**” means any insurance policy, currently or previously in effect at any time on or before the Effective Date, as to which the Debtor has rights as an insured, additional insured, successor, beneficiary, or otherwise, solely to the extent such policy provides the Debtor with coverage or a right to coverage for Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims (other than Master Settlement Agreement Claims and Judgment Claims), including the policies listed on Exhibit G. For the avoidance of doubt, Talc Insurance Policies shall not include any policy providing reinsurance to any Settling Talc Insurance Company.

1.1.148 “**Talc Insurance Recoveries**” means (a) the right to receive proceeds of Talc In-Place Insurance Coverage (including any receivables), (b) the right to receive the proceeds or benefits of any Talc Insurance Action, and (c) the right to receive amounts

payable pursuant to any Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement, in each case, except in respect of amounts expended prior to the Effective Date.

1.1.149 **“Talc Insurance Rights”** means all rights of the Debtor to make claims under the Talc Insurance Policies with respect to Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims (other than Master Settlement Agreement Claims and Judgment Claims). Notwithstanding the foregoing, and for the avoidance of doubt, Talc Insurance Rights do not include rights of the Debtor to make claims under the Talc Insurance Policies for amounts expended prior to the Effective Date.

1.1.150 **“Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement”** means any settlement agreement, or that portion of any settlement agreement, pursuant to which Talc Insurance Rights are released, including the Specified Insurance Settlement Agreements.

1.1.151 **“Talc Insurer Coverage Defense”** means all rights and defenses that any Talc Insurance Company may have under any Talc Insurance Policy and applicable law with respect to a claim seeking insurance coverage for a Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim (other than a Master Settlement Agreement Claim or Judgment Claim) or to a Talc Insurance Action, but Talc Insurer Coverage Defenses do not include: (a) any defense that the Plan or any other Plan Document does not comply with the Bankruptcy Code; or (b) any defense that the transfer and assignment of the Talc Insurance Assets to the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to Section 4.9.4, or any other action contemplated by Section 4.9.4, is prohibited by the Talc Insurance Policies or applicable non-bankruptcy law.

1.1.152 **“Talc Personal Injury Claim”** means any claim or Talc Personal Injury Demand against the Debtor, LLT, Old JJCI, or any other Protected Party, whether known or unknown, including with respect to any manner of alleged bodily injury, death, sickness, disease, emotional distress, fear of cancer, medical monitoring, or any other alleged personal injuries (whether physical, emotional, or otherwise), directly or indirectly arising out of or in any way relating to the presence of or exposure to talc or talc-containing products based on the alleged pre-Effective Date acts or omissions of the Debtor, LLT, Old JJCI, or any other Person, but, in the case of such acts or omissions of LLT, Old JJCI or any other Person (other than the Debtor) only to the extent the Debtor has, or is alleged to have, liability for LLT’s, Old JJCI’s, or such other Person’s conduct, whether by operation of the law, by assumption of such liability from LLT, Old JJCI, or such other Person, by agreement to indemnify, defend, or hold harmless LLT, Old JJCI, or such other Person from and against such liability, or otherwise. For the avoidance of doubt, Talc Personal Injury Claims include: (a) all such claims and Talc Personal Injury Demands directly or indirectly arising out of or in any way relating to (i) any talc or talc-containing products previously mined, processed, manufactured, designed, marketed, fabricated, constructed, sold, supplied, produced, installed, maintained, serviced, specified, selected, repaired, removed, replaced, released, distributed, and/or in any other way made available by the Debtor or any other Person, (ii) any talc or talc-containing materials present at any premises owned, leased, occupied, or operated by any Person, or (iii) any talc in any way connected to the Debtor alleged to contain asbestos or other contaminant; (b) all such claims and Talc Personal Injury Demands, whether (i) in tort, contract, warranty, restitution, conspiracy,

guarantee, or any other theory of law, equity, or admiralty, whether brought, threatened, or pursued in any United States court or other court anywhere in the world, (ii) liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent, direct or indirect, disputed or undisputed, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, now existing or hereafter arising, in law, equity, or otherwise (including under piercing the corporate veil, agency, alter ego, successor liability, fraudulent conveyance, conspiracy, enterprise liability, market share, joint venture, or any other legal or equitable theory), (iii) seeking compensatory, special, economic, non-economic, punitive, exemplary, administrative, or any other costs, fees, injunctive, or similar relief, or any other measure of damages, (iv) seeking any legal, equitable, or other relief of any kind whatsoever, or (v) held by Persons residing within the United States or in a foreign jurisdiction; (c) all such claims and Talc Personal Injury Demands that have been resolved or are subject to resolution pursuant to any agreement or that are based on a judgment or verdict; (d) all such claims and Talc Personal Injury Demands for compensatory damages (such as, without limitation, loss of consortium, medical monitoring, personal or bodily injury, wrongful death, survivorship, proximate, consequential, general, and special damages) and punitive damages; and (e) Indirect Talc Personal Injury Claims. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Talc Personal Injury Claims do not include: (A) any claim or demand by any present or former employee of a predecessor or Affiliate of the Debtor for benefits under a policy of workers' compensation insurance or for benefits under any state or federal workers' compensation statute or other statute providing compensation to an employee from an employer; (B) any claim or demand that (I) alleges that the relevant injured or deceased individual was exposed to talc or the product or material containing talc, as applicable, in Canada or resided in Canada at the time such Direct Talc Personal Injury Claim is filed or (II) was brought, threatened, or pursued in any court in Canada; (C) any claim or demand asserted or assertable by or on behalf of any governmental unit under any federal, state, international, or foreign consumer or employee protection rule, statute, or regulation; or (D) any claim or demand that alleges that the relevant injured or deceased individual developed Mesothelioma or Lung Cancer (and not Ovarian Cancer, Gynecological Cancer, or any other disease) in connection with such individual's use of talc or a product or material containing talc; in each case, other than any such claim that is an Indirect Talc Personal Injury Claim of an Imerys/Cyprus Party. In addition, notwithstanding the foregoing, Talc Personal Injury Claims do not include any claim or demand that a Settling Talc Insurance Company may have against its reinsurers and/or retrocessionaires in their capacities as such, and nothing in the Plan, the Plan Documents, or the Confirmation Order shall impair or otherwise affect the ability of a Settling Talc Insurance Company to assert any such claim or demand against its reinsurers and/or retrocessionaires in their capacities as such.

1.1.153 **"Talc Personal Injury Demand"** means a demand for payment, present or future, against the Debtor or any other Protected Party that: (a) is in respect of an injury that manifests after the Effective Date; and (b) would have otherwise been a Claim that is a Talc Personal Injury Claim if such injury had manifested on or before the Effective Date.

1.1.154 **"Talc Personal Injury Trust"** means the Red River Talc Personal Injury Trust established pursuant to the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement.

1.1.155 “**Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement**” means that certain trust agreement, substantially in the form of Exhibit H.

1.1.156 “**Talc Personal Injury Trust Defenses**” means all defenses, cross-claims, offsets, and recoupments regarding Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims that the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J has (or would have had absent the assumption by the Talc Personal Injury Trust of liabilities, obligations, and responsibilities for the Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims as contemplated by Section 4.7.1) against any Person under applicable law; *provided, however*, that the Talc Personal Injury Trust Defenses shall not include: (a) any defenses, cross-claims, offsets, or recoupments against any Protected Party or any Talc Insurance Company; (b) any Retained Rights of Action, or (c) if the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 are applicable, any Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights.

1.1.157 “**Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents**” means the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement, the Trust Distribution Procedures, and all other agreements, instruments, and documents governing the establishment, administration, and operation of the Talc Personal Injury Trust, which shall be substantially in the form set forth as exhibits hereto or in a Plan Supplement, as they may be amended or modified from time to time in accordance with their terms and the Plan.

1.1.158 “**Talc Personal Injury Trust Expenses**” means any liabilities, costs, or expenses incurred by, imposed upon, or in respect of the Channeled Talc Personal Injury Trust once established (except for payments to holders of Talc Personal Injury Claims on account of such Claims). Talc Personal Injury Trust Expenses shall also expressly include the reasonable documented costs and expenses incurred by the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or any Debtor Corporate Party in taking any action on behalf of or at the direction of the Talc Personal Injury Trust, if any.

1.1.159 “**Talc PI Note**” means the note to be executed and delivered by the Reorganized Debtor in favor of the Talc Personal Injury Trust, in substantially the form of Exhibit I, in the principal amount of \$388,000,000.00.

1.1.160 “**Talc PI Pledge**” means the pledge by New Holdco of all of the membership interests of the Reorganized Debtor pursuant to the Talc PI Pledge Agreement.

1.1.161 “**Talc PI Pledge Agreement**” means the Pledge Agreement, substantially in the form of Exhibit J, to be executed and delivered by New Holdco pursuant to which the Talc PI Pledge will be granted as security for payment of the Talc PI Note.

1.1.162 “**Talc Trust Advisory Committee**” means the committee appointed and serving in accordance with Section 4.4, and having the powers, duties, and obligations set forth in the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement.

1.1.163 “**Talc Trust Advisory Committee Member**” means any member of the Talc Trust Advisory Committee.

1.1.164 “**Talc Trust Claims Administrator**” means: (a) the Person who, pursuant to Section 4.5.1, is appointed by the Bankruptcy Court to serve as the initial claims administrator of the Talc Personal Injury Trust; or (b) any Person who is subsequently appointed to serve in such capacity pursuant to the terms of the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement.

1.1.165 “**Talc Trust Liens Resolution Administrator**” means: (a) the Person who, pursuant to Section 4.5.2, is appointed by the Bankruptcy Court to serve as the initial liens resolution administrator of the Talc Personal Injury Trust; or (b) any Person who is subsequently appointed to serve in such capacity pursuant to the terms of the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement.

1.1.166 “**Talc Trustee**” means: (a) the individual who, pursuant to Section 4.3, is appointed by the Bankruptcy Court to serve as the initial trustee of the Talc Personal Injury Trust; or (b) any individual who is subsequently appointed to serve in such capacity pursuant to the terms of the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement.

1.1.167 “**TCC**” means the Official Committee of Talc Claimants appointed in the Chapter 11 Case.

1.1.168 “**Trust Distribution Procedures**” means the Talc Personal Injury Trust Distribution Procedures, substantially in the form of Exhibit K.

1.1.169 “**Trust Expense Advancement Order**” means any order of the Bankruptcy Court, which may include the Confirmation Order, authorizing the Debtor, prior to the Effective Date, to advance Cash that would otherwise be delivered to the Talc Personal Injury Trust on the Effective Date pursuant to Section 4.9.1(a) in order to enable set-up and claims processing work to be undertaken in advance of the Effective Date, so as to allow the Talc Personal Injury Trust to make payments in respect of compensable Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims as soon as possible after the Effective Date, which order shall be in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Debtor, J&J, the AHC of Supporting Counsel, the SLF, the TCC, and the FCR. For the avoidance of doubt, the *Order (A) Authorizing the Debtors to (I) Establish and Fund Certain Limited Claims Processing Services and (II) Commence the Lien Resolution Process, (B) Authorizing it to Retain ARCHER Systems, LLC in Connection therewith and (C) Granting Related Relief* entered by the Bankruptcy Court on [●], 2024 (Docket No. [●]), is a Trust Expense Advancement Order.

1.1.170 “**Unexpired Lease**” means a lease to which the Debtor is a party that is subject to assumption or rejection under section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.1.171 “**Unimpaired**” means, as to any Claim or Class of Claims, that such Claim or Class of Claims is not Impaired under the Plan.

1.1.172 “**United States Trustee**” means the United States Trustee appointed under section 581 of title 28 of the United States Code to serve in the Southern District of Texas.

1.1.173 “**Unsecured Claim**” means a Claim against the Debtor that is not an Administrative Claim, a Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim, a Cure Amount Claim, an Intercompany Claim, a Priority Non-Tax Claim, a Priority Tax Claim, or a Secured Claim. For the avoidance of doubt, Unsecured Claims include Defense Cost Claims.

1.2 Interpretation; Application of Definitions; Rules of Construction; and Computation of Time. The headings in the Plan are for convenience of reference only and shall not limit or otherwise affect the provisions hereof. Wherever from the context it appears appropriate, each term stated in either the singular or the plural will include both the singular and the plural, and pronouns stated in the masculine, feminine, or neuter gender will include the masculine, feminine, and neuter. Unless otherwise specified, all Article, Section, Exhibit, or Schedule references in the Plan are to the respective article or section of, or schedule or exhibit to, the Plan. The words “herein,” “hereof,” “hereto,” “hereunder,” and other words of similar meaning refer to the Plan as a whole and not to any particular article, section, subsection, or clause contained in the Plan. The rules of construction contained in section 102 of the Bankruptcy Code will apply to the construction of the Plan. Unless otherwise stated herein, all references to dollars mean U.S. dollars. In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by the Plan, unless otherwise expressly provided, the provisions of Bankruptcy Rule 9006(a) will apply. The words “including” or “includes” shall be without limitation.

1.3 Availability of Plan and Exhibits. The plan and all exhibits and schedules to the Plan will be available following their filing with the Bankruptcy Court on (a) the Court’s website: www.ecf.txsb.uscourts.gov, and (b) the website maintained by the Claims Agent at <https://dm.epiq11.com/case/redrivertalc>.

1.4 Ancillary Documents. Each of the exhibits and schedules to the Plan (including the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement, the Trust Distribution Procedures, and the Cooperation Agreement), the Disclosure Statement and supplements thereto, and the exhibits and schedules to the Disclosure Statement and the supplements thereto are an integral part of the Plan, and are hereby incorporated by reference and made a part of the Plan.

ARTICLE II TREATMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE CLAIMS AND PRIORITY TAX CLAIMS

2.1 Administrative Claims.

2.1.1 Allowed Administrative Claims. Holders of Allowed Administrative Claims (other than Fee Claims, which are governed by Section 2.2, and Cure Amount Claims, which are governed by Section 5.4), shall receive Cash equal to the unpaid portion of such Allowed Administrative Claims on the Distribution Date, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for such Claims, or such other amounts and on such other terms as may be agreed to by the holders of such Claims and the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, as the case may be; *provided, however*, that: (a) Allowed Administrative Claims representing liabilities incurred on or after the Petition Date in the ordinary course of business by the Debtor shall be paid by the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, as the case may be, in accordance with the terms and conditions of the particular transactions and agreements relating to such liabilities without any further

action by the holders of such Claims or further approval of the Bankruptcy Court; and (b) holders of such Administrative Claims shall not be required to comply with the requirements set forth in Section 2.1.2.

2.1.2 Administrative Claims Bar Date. Except as otherwise provided in this Article II, requests for payment of Administrative Claims (other than Fee Claims and Cure Amount Claims) must be filed and served on the Reorganized Debtor pursuant to the procedures specified in the Confirmation Order no later than sixty (60) days after the Effective Date. Holders of Administrative Claims that are required to, but do not, file and serve a request for payment of such Administrative Claims by the Administrative Claims Bar Date shall be forever barred, estopped, and enjoined from asserting such Administrative Claims against, as applicable, the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, or their property, and such Administrative Claims shall be deemed discharged as of the Effective Date. Objections to such requests, if any, must be filed and served on the Reorganized Debtor and the requesting party, as applicable, no later than ninety (90) days after the Effective Date, unless otherwise authorized by the Bankruptcy Rules or Bankruptcy Court. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no request for payment of an Administrative Claim need be filed with respect to an Administrative Claim previously Allowed by Final Order, including all Administrative Claims expressly Allowed under the Plan.

2.1.3 Disputed Administrative Claims. If and to the extent that there are Disputed Administrative Claims, any such Disputed Administrative Claims, other than Fee Claims and Cure Amount Claims which shall be resolved pursuant to the provisions of Section 2.2 and Article V, as applicable, shall be resolved pursuant to the provisions set forth in Article VII. Distributions on account of any such Disputed Administrative Claims other than Fee Claims and Cure Amount Claims shall be made pursuant to the provisions set forth in Article VI.

2.2 Fee Claims.

2.2.1 All (a) final fee requests for compensation or reimbursement of Fee Claims pursuant to section 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 363(b), 503(b), or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code for services rendered to the Debtor, the TCC, or the FCR, (b) Fee Claims of members of the TCC for reimbursement of expenses, and (c) requests or Claims under section 503(b)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code, must be filed and served on the Reorganized Debtor and other parties required to be served by the Compensation Procedures Order no later than forty-five (45) days after the Effective Date, unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court. Any objections to a final Fee Claim or any requests or claims under section 503(b)(4) of the Bankruptcy Code must be filed no later than twenty (20) days after the filing of such Claim. The terms of the Compensation Procedures Order shall govern the allowance and payment of any final Fee Claims submitted in accordance with this Section 2.2.

2.2.2 The amount of the Fee Claims owing to the Professionals on and after the Effective Date shall be paid by the Reorganized Debtor in Cash to such Professionals as soon as reasonably practicable after such Claims are Allowed by a Bankruptcy Court

order. Upon the Effective Date, any requirement that Professionals and Ordinary Course Professionals of the Reorganized Debtor comply with sections 327 through 331 and 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Compensation Procedures Order, or the Ordinary Course Professionals Order in seeking retention or compensation for services rendered after such date will terminate, and the Reorganized Debtor may employ and pay any Professional or Ordinary Course Professional in the ordinary course of business without any further notice to or action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

2.3 Payment of Statutory Fees. All fees payable under section 1930 of title 28 of the United States Code, as determined at the Confirmation Hearing by the Bankruptcy Court or the District Court, as applicable, shall be paid on or before the Effective Date. The Reorganized Debtor shall pay all such fees that arise after the Effective Date, but before the closing of the Chapter 11 Case, and shall comply with all applicable statutory reporting requirements.

2.4 Allowed Priority Tax Claims. On the Distribution Date, holders of Allowed Priority Tax Claims shall receive Cash equal to the amount of such Allowed Priority Tax Claims, plus Postpetition Interest, if any, in full satisfaction, settlement, release, and discharge of and in exchange for such Claims unless the holder of such Claim agrees to an alternative treatment. Notwithstanding the provisions of this Section 2.4, any Claim on account of any penalty arising with respect to or in connection with an Allowed Priority Tax Claim that does not compensate the holder for actual pecuniary loss shall be treated as a Class 3 Claim, and the holder (other than as the holder of a Class 3 Claim) may not assess or attempt to collect such penalty from the Reorganized Debtor or its property.

ARTICLE III TREATMENT OF CLASSIFIED CLAIMS AND INTERESTS

3.1 Claims and Interests Classified. For purposes of organization, voting, and all Plan confirmation matters, all Claims (other than Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims) against and Equity Interests in the Debtor are classified as set forth in this Article III. In accordance with section 1123(a)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims, as described in Article II, have not been classified and are excluded from the following Classes. A Claim or Interest is classified in a particular Class only to the extent that the Claim or Interest falls within the description of such Class, and is classified in another Class or Classes to the extent that any remainder of the Claim or Interest falls within the description of such other Class or Classes. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Plan, no Distribution shall be made on account of any Non-Talc Claim that is not an Allowed Claim for distribution purposes.

3.2 Treatment and Classification of Claims and Interests. For purposes of all Plan confirmation matters, including voting on, Confirmation of, and Distributions under, the Plan, all Claims (other than Administrative Claims and Priority Tax Claims, which are not classified) against and Equity Interests in the Debtor shall be classified and treated in the manner set forth below.

<u>Class</u>	<u>Designation</u>	<u>Treatment</u>	<u>Entitlement to Vote</u>	<u>Estimated Recovery</u>
1	Priority Non-Tax Claims	Unimpaired	Not Entitled to Vote (Presumed to Accept)	100%
2	Secured Claims	Unimpaired	Not Entitled to Vote (Presumed to Accept)	Reinstated
3	Unsecured Claims	Unimpaired	Not Entitled to Vote (Presumed to Accept)	Reinstated
4	Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims	Impaired	Entitled to Vote to Accept or Reject	100%
5	Intercompany Claims	Unimpaired	Not Entitled to Vote (Presumed to Accept)	Reinstated
6	Equity Interests in the Debtor	Impaired	Entitled to Vote to Accept or Reject	Reinstated Subject to Talc PI Pledge

3.2.1 **Class 1 – Priority Non-Tax Claims**

(a) Classification: Class 1 consists of all Priority Non-Tax Claims against the Debtor.

(b) Treatment: On the Distribution Date, each holder of an Allowed Class 1 Priority Non-Tax Claim shall receive Cash equal to the Allowed Amount of such Priority Non-Tax Claim plus Postpetition Interest thereon, unless the holder of such Claim, agrees to less favorable treatment.

(c) Voting: Class 1 is Unimpaired, and each holder of a Claim in Class 1 is presumed to accept the Plan pursuant to section 1126(f) of the Bankruptcy Code. No holder of a Claim in Class 1 is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

3.2.2 **Class 2 – Secured Claims**

(a) Classification: Class 2 consists of all Secured Claims against the Debtor.

(b) Treatment: On the Effective Date, each Claim in Class 2 shall be Reinstated.

(c) Voting: Class 2 is Unimpaired, and each holder of a Claim in Class 2 is presumed to accept the Plan pursuant to section 1126(f) of the Bankruptcy Code. No holder of a Claim in Class 2 is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

3.2.3 **Class 3 – Unsecured Claims**

(a) Classification: Class 3 consists of all Unsecured Claims, including Defense Cost Claims, against the Debtor.

(b) Treatment: On the Effective Date, each Claim in Class 3 shall be Reinstated.

(c) Voting: Class 3 is Unimpaired, and each holder of a Claim in Class 3 is presumed to accept the Plan pursuant to section 1126(f) of the Bankruptcy Code. No holder of a Claim in Class 3 is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

3.2.4 **Class 4 – Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims**

(a) Classification: Class 4 consists of all Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims, including Channeled Indirect Talc Personal Injury Claims.

(b) Treatment: On the Effective Date, liability for all Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims, including Channeled Indirect Talc Personal Injury Claims, shall be channeled to and assumed by the Talc Personal Injury Trust without further act or deed and shall be resolved in accordance with the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents. Pursuant to the Plan and Trust Distribution Procedures, each holder of a Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim shall have its Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim permanently channeled to the Talc Personal Injury Trust, and such Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim shall thereafter be resolved in accordance with the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents.

(c) Voting: Class 4 is Impaired, and holders of Claims in Class 4 are entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan in accordance with the voting procedures described in the Disclosure Statement.

3.2.5 **Class 5 – Intercompany Claims**

(a) Classification: Class 5 consists of all Intercompany Claims.

(b) Treatment: On the Effective Date, each Claim in Class 5 shall be Reinstated.

(c) Voting: Class 5 is Unimpaired, and each holder of a Claim in Class 5 is conclusively deemed to have accepted the Plan pursuant to section 1126(f) of the Bankruptcy Code. No holder of a Claim in Class 5 is entitled to accept or reject the Plan.

3.2.6 **Class 6 – Equity Interests in the Debtor**

- (a) Classification: Class 6 consists of all Equity Interests in the Debtor.
- (b) Treatment: On the Effective Date, Equity Interests in the Debtor shall be Reinstated, and the holder of such Interests shall retain such Interests, subject to the Talc PI Pledge.
- (c) Voting: Class 6 is Impaired, and each holder of an Equity Interest in the Debtor in Class 6 is entitled to vote to accept or reject the Plan.

3.3 **Debtor's Rights with Respect to Unimpaired Claims.** Nothing under the Plan shall affect the rights of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor with respect to any Unimpaired Claims, including all rights with respect to legal and equitable defenses to, or setoffs or recoupments against, any such Unimpaired Claims.

3.4 **Elimination of Vacant Classes.** Any Class of Claims against or Interests in the Debtor that, as of the commencement of the Confirmation Hearing, do not have at least one holder of a Claim or Interest that is Allowed in an amount greater than \$0.00 for voting purposes shall be considered vacant, deemed eliminated from the Plan for purposes of voting to accept or reject the Plan, and disregarded for purposes of determining whether the Plan satisfies section 1129(a)(8) of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to such Class.

**ARTICLE IV
THE TALC PERSONAL INJURY TRUST**

4.1 **Establishment.** On the first Business Day after the Confirmation Date, the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall be created in accordance with the Plan Documents. The Talc Personal Injury Trust shall be a “qualified settlement fund” within the meaning of the treasury regulations issued under Section 468B of the Internal Revenue Code.

4.2 **Purpose.** The purposes of the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall be to assume all Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims and, among other things, to: (a) preserve, hold, manage, and maximize the assets of the Talc Personal Injury Trust; and (b) direct the processing, liquidation, and, if appropriate, payment of all compensable Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims in accordance with the Plan, the Confirmation Order, and the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents. The Talc Personal Injury Trust will resolve Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims in accordance with the Plan, the Confirmation Order, and the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents in such a way that holders of Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims are treated fairly and equitably, and otherwise comply in all respects with the requirements of a trust set forth in section 524(g)(2)(B)(i) of the Bankruptcy Code. In the event of a conflict between the terms or provisions of the Plan and the Confirmation Order, on the one hand, and the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents, on the other hand, the terms or provisions of the Plan and the Confirmation Order shall control. In the event of a conflict between the terms and provisions of the Plan, on the one hand, and the Confirmation Order, on the other hand, the terms or provisions of the Confirmation Order shall control.

4.3 Initial Talc Trustee. There shall be one Talc Trustee. The initial Talc Trustee of the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall be Fouad Kurdi. All successor Talc Trustees shall be appointed in accordance with the terms of the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement. For purposes of performing his or her duties and fulfilling his or her obligations under the Plan, the Confirmation Order, and the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement, each Talc Trustee shall be deemed to be (and the Confirmation Order shall provide that he or she is) a “party in interest” within the meaning of section 1109(b) of the Bankruptcy Code. The Talc Trustee shall be designated as the “administrator” of the Talc Personal Injury Trust as such term is used in Treasury Regulation Section 1.468B-2(k)(3).

4.4 Initial Talc Trust Advisory Committee and FCR.

4.4.1 Initial Talc Trust Advisory Committee. The Talc Trust Advisory Committee shall be established pursuant to the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement. The initial Talc Trust Advisory Committee Members shall be the individuals identified as such in Exhibit H. Each of the Talc Trust Advisory Committee Members shall serve in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement. Successor Talc Trust Advisory Committee Members shall be appointed in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement. For purposes of performing his or her duties and fulfilling his or her obligations under the Plan, the Confirmation Order, and the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement, each Talc Trust Advisory Committee Member shall be deemed to be (and the Confirmation Order shall provide that he or she is) a “party in interest” within the meaning of section 1109(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

4.4.2 Initial FCR. The Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement shall provide for the continuation of an FCR to represent any and all persons who may assert Talc Personal Injury Demands in the future, but who are currently unknown. The initial FCR under the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement shall be Randi S. Ellis. The FCR under the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall serve in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement. Any successor FCR under the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall be appointed in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement. For purposes of performing his or her duties and fulfilling his or her obligations under the Plan, the Confirmation Order, and the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement, the FCR under the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall be deemed to be (and the Confirmation Order shall provide that he or she is) a “party in interest” within the meaning of section 1109(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

4.5 Initial Talc Trust Administrators.

4.5.1 Initial Talc Trust Claims Administrator. The initial Talc Trust Claims Administrator of the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall be the Person identified as such in Exhibit H. All successor Talc Trust Claims Administrators shall be appointed in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement. For purposes of performing its duties and fulfilling its obligations under the Plan, the Confirmation Order, and the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement, the Talc Trust Claims

Administrator shall be deemed to be (and the Confirmation Order shall provide that it is) a “party in interest” within the meaning of section 1109(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

4.5.2 Initial Talc Trust Liens Resolution Administrator. The initial Talc Trust Liens Resolution Administrator of the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall be the Person identified as such in Exhibit H. All successor Talc Trust Liens Resolution Administrators shall be appointed in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement. For purposes of performing its duties and fulfilling its obligations under the Plan, the Confirmation Order, and the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement, the Talc Trust Lien Resolution Administrator shall be deemed to be (and the Confirmation Order shall provide that it is) a “party in interest” within the meaning of section 1109(b) of the Bankruptcy Code.

4.6 Advancement of Expenses Prior to the Effective Date. The Debtor will seek entry of the Trust Expense Advancement Order on or prior to the Confirmation Date. Subject to, and in accordance with, the Trust Expense Advancement Order, prior to the Effective Date, the Debtor will advance Cash otherwise to be delivered to the Talc Personal Injury Trust on the Effective Date pursuant to Section 4.9.1(a) in order to enable set-up and claims processing work to be undertaken in advance of the Effective Date, so as to allow the Talc Personal Injury Trust to make payments in respect of compensable Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims as soon as possible after the Effective Date.

4.7 Trust Distribution Procedures.

4.7.1 General. Upon its creation pursuant to Section 4.1, the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall promptly implement the Trust Distribution Procedures in accordance with the terms of the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement. From and after the Effective Date, the Talc Trustee shall have the authority to modify or amend the Trust Distribution Procedures solely in accordance with the terms and provisions thereof and of the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement.

4.7.2 Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims. The Trust Distribution Procedures shall include procedures for processing, evaluating, valuing, resolving, and paying (as appropriate) Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims, including Channeled Indirect Talc Personal Injury Claims.

4.8 Assumption of Liability for Talc Personal Injury Claims.

4.8.1 Assumption of Liability Generally. In consideration for the assets delivered, transferred, and assigned to the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to this Article IV, and in furtherance of the purposes of the Plan, the Confirmation Order, and the Talc Personal Injury Trust, on the Effective Date, subject to Section 4.8.4(a), the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall assume all liabilities, obligations, and responsibilities, financial or otherwise, of the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, and the other Protected Parties for all Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims, including Channeled Indirect Talc Personal Injury Claims. This assumption shall not affect: (a) the application of the Discharge Injunction and the Channeling Injunction to the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, and the other Protected

Parties; (b) any Talc Insurance Company's obligation under any Talc Insurance Policy; or (c) if the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 are applicable, the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights. From and after the Effective Date, other than with respect to obligations to fund the Trust as set forth in the Plan, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, and the other Protected Parties shall have no liability, obligation, or responsibility, financial or otherwise, for any Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim, including any Channeled Indirect Talc Personal Injury Claim.

4.8.2 Defenses. Upon the assumption by the Talc Personal Injury Trust of liabilities, obligations, and responsibilities for Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims as contemplated by Section 4.8.1, subject to Section 4.8.4(b), the Reorganized Debtor and J&J shall transfer and assign the Talc Personal Injury Trust Defenses to the Talc Personal Injury Trust. The transfer and assignment of the Talc Personal Injury Trust Defenses to the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to this Section 4.8.2 shall not impair, affect, alter, or modify the right of any Person against whom the Talc Personal Injury Trust may exercise Talc Personal Injury Trust Defenses to assert each and every defense or basis for claim reduction such Person could have asserted against the Debtor or J&J prior to the Effective Date; *provided, however*, for the avoidance of doubt, that no such Person may assert, as a defense or basis for claim reduction, that the Plan or any of the other Plan Documents does not comply with the Bankruptcy Code or that the transfer and assignment of the Talc Personal Injury Trust Defenses to the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to this Section 4.8.2, or any other action contemplated by this Section 4.8.2, is prohibited by applicable non-bankruptcy law.

4.8.3 Enforcement of Defenses and Other Related Rights. From and after the Effective Date: (a) the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall have control over the Talc Personal Injury Trust Defenses and the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall thereby become the estate representative pursuant to section 1123(b)(3)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code with the exclusive right to enforce each of the Talc Personal Injury Trust Defenses; (b) subject to Section 4.8.4(b), the proceeds of the recoveries on any of the Talc Personal Injury Trust Defenses shall be delivered to and become the property of the Talc Personal Injury Trust; and (c) the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall have the right to enforce the Plan and any of the other Plan Documents (including the Cooperation Agreement) according to their respective terms. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 4.8.2 and this Section 4.8.3: (i) the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall have no rights against the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or the other Protected Parties except to enforce the Plan and the other Plan Documents; (ii) the Talc Personal Injury Trust Defenses transferred and assigned to the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall not include any claims fully and finally released, enjoined, compromised, or settled pursuant to the Plan; and (iii) for the avoidance of doubt, the Talc Personal Injury Trust Defenses transferred and assigned to the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall not include any rights of the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or the other Protected Parties arising under the Channeling Injunction or any of the other Injunctions.

4.8.4 Common Benefit Fund.

(a) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Plan, neither the Debtor nor the Reorganized Debtor shall have any right or obligation under

Case Management Order No. 7(A) entered by the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey in the multidistrict litigation *In re: Johnson & Johnson Talcum Powder Products Marketing, Sales Practices and Products Liability Litigation*, Civil Action No. 3:16-md-02738, to withhold any amounts from payments made by it under the Plan or any other Plan Document to or for the benefit of the Talc Personal Injury Trust to account for any common benefit assessments thereunder or to make any payment to the common benefit fund account established pursuant thereto.

(b) The Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement and the Trust Distribution Procedures shall provide that the Talc Trustee is not authorized to pay, and shall not pay, any common benefit fees or expenses from the Talc Personal Injury Trust, and shall take no action with respect to the common benefit fund established pursuant to that certain Case Management Order No. 7(A) entered by the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey in the multidistrict litigation *In re: Johnson & Johnson Talcum Powder Products Marketing, Sales Practices and Products Liability Litigation*, Civil Action No. 3:16-md-02738, in each case without the written consent of the FCR and a supermajority of the Talc Trust Advisory Committee (consisting of not less than 66% of all Talc Trust Advisory Committee Members).

4.9 Contribution of Certain Assets.

4.9.1 Cash Contributions.

(a) The Reorganized Debtor shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the Talc Personal Injury Trust Cash Contributions in accordance with Exhibit C.

(b) All Cash Contributions to be made by the Reorganized Debtor pursuant to the Plan and the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents shall be funded by the Reorganized Debtor. All Cash necessary for the Reorganized Debtor to fund such Cash Contributions pursuant to the Plan and the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents shall be obtained through: (a) the Reorganized Debtor's Cash balances; (b) the Indemnity Funding Agreement; or (c) such other means of financing or funding as determined by the board of managers of the Reorganized Debtor.

(c) On the Effective Date, J&J and New Holdco shall execute and deliver to the Talc Personal Injury Trust the Cash Contributions Guarantee. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing contained in this Section 4.9.1 shall in any way affect the obligations of J&J and New Holdco under the Cash Contributions Guarantee.

4.9.2 Talc PI Note and Related Talc PI Pledge.

(a) On the Effective Date: (i) the Reorganized Debtor shall execute and deliver to the Talc Personal Injury Trust the Talc PI Note; and (ii) New Holdco shall execute and deliver to the Talc Personal Injury Trust the Talc PI Pledge Agreement.

(b) The Talc PI Note shall: (i) bear no interest; (ii) mature on the later of (A) the seventh anniversary of the Petition Date and (B) the first anniversary of the

Effective Date; (iii) be secured by the Talc PI Pledge; and (iv) provide for payment in full of the principal amount of the PI Talc Note on or before its maturity date.

(c) A Reorganized Debtor Payment Event of Default shall not provide a basis for the Talc Personal Injury Trust or any other Person to contend that a material breach of the Plan has occurred or that any Protected Party is no longer entitled to the protections provided to such Protected Party pursuant to the Plan, including the protections of the Channeling Injunction and related indemnification by the Talc Personal Injury Trust. If a Reorganized Debtor Payment Event of Default occurs, the Talc Personal Injury Trust may, upon five (5) days' written notice to the Reorganized Debtor and New Holdco, foreclose upon the Talc PI Pledge.

4.9.3 Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights. The following provisions shall apply if the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Termination Date occurs, whether prior to, on, or following the Effective Date:

(a) On the Effective Date or, if later, the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Termination Date, the Reorganized Debtor and J&J shall transfer and assign to the Talc Personal Injury Trust the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights. The transfer and assignment of the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights to the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to this Section 4.9.3 shall not impair, alter, or modify the right of any Imerys/Cyprus Party against whom the Talc Personal Injury Trust may exercise the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights to assert each and every defense or basis for claim reduction such Person could have asserted against the Debtor and J&J prior to the Effective Date or, if later, the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Termination Date; *provided, however*, for the avoidance of doubt, that no such Person may assert, as a defense or basis for claim reduction, that the Plan or any of the other Plan Documents does not comply with the Bankruptcy Code or that the transfer and assignment of the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights to the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to this Section 4.9.3, or any other action contemplated by this Section 4.9.3, is prohibited by applicable non-bankruptcy law.

(b) From and after the Effective Date or, if later, the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Termination Date: (a) the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall have control over the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights and the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall be the estate representative pursuant to section 1123(b)(3)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code with the exclusive right to enforce the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights; and (b) the proceeds of the recoveries on any Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights shall be delivered to and become the property of the Talc Personal Injury Trust.

(c) From and after the Effective Date or, if later, the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Termination Date: (i) the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, and the Talc Trustee shall cooperate and use his, her or its respective commercially reasonable efforts to take, or cause to be taken, all actions and to do, or cause to be done, all things that are reasonably necessary or appropriate to effectuate the transfer and assignment of the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights to the Talc Personal Injury Trust in accordance with this Section 4.9.3; and (ii) without limiting the generality of the foregoing clause (i), the Reorganized Debtor and J&J shall provide, or make available to, the Talc Personal Injury Trust copies of the

Imerys/Cyprus Agreements and other information within the possession and control of the Reorganized Debtor and J&J in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Cooperation Agreement. Pursuant to the Plan and the Confirmation Order, to the extent the Reorganized Debtor or J&J provides to the Talc Personal Injury Trust privileged information pursuant to the terms and provisions of this Section 4.9.3 or the Cooperation Agreement, such provision of information shall not result in the destruction or waiver of any applicable privileges pertaining to such information.

4.9.4 Talc Insurance Assets.

(a) Subject to the provisions of this Section 4.9.4 and the Cooperation Agreement, on the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor shall transfer and assign to the Talc Personal Injury Trust the Talc Insurance Assets; *provided, however*, that, for the avoidance of doubt, the Reorganized Debtor shall not transfer and assign to the Talc Personal Injury Trust, and shall retain, (i) all proceeds of Talc In-Place Insurance Coverage received by the Debtor on or prior to the Effective Date and all rights to Talc-In-Place Insurance Coverage for amounts expended prior to the Effective Date, (ii) all proceeds or benefits of any Talc Insurance Action received by the Debtor on or prior to the Effective Date and all rights to proceeds or benefits of any Talc Insurance Action for amounts expended prior to the Effective Date, and (iii) all amounts payable pursuant to any Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement received by the Debtor on or prior to the Effective Date and all amounts payable pursuant to any Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement for amounts expended prior to the Effective Date.

(b) From and after the Effective Date, in consideration of the Reorganized Debtor's obligations under Section 4.9.1, Section 4.9.2, and, if applicable, Section 4.9.3: (i) the Reorganized Debtor, as the subrogee of the Talc Personal Injury Trust, shall have the exclusive right (A) to pursue and resolve any Talc In-Place Insurance Coverage, (B) to pursue and resolve any Talc Insurance Action, (C) to pursue and obtain any Talc Insurance Recoveries, and (D) to negotiate and enter into any Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement; and (ii) any of the following received by the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall be delivered to, and retained by, the Reorganized Debtor, and may thereafter be used by the Reorganized Debtor as it may determine in its sole discretion: (A) all proceeds of Talc In-Place Insurance Coverage; (B) all proceeds or benefits of any Talc Insurance Action; and (C) all amounts payable pursuant to any Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement. Subject to the provisions of the Cooperation Agreement, the Reorganized Debtor shall pay, and bear sole responsibility with respect to the payment of, all costs and expenses, including attorneys' fees and expenses and other out-of-pocket fees and expenses, incurred by the Reorganized Debtor acting as subrogee of the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to this Section 4.9.4(b). For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in the Plan, the Plan Documents, or the Confirmation Order shall impair or otherwise affect any rights that any Debtor Corporate Party may have under any Talc Insurance Policy or Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement.

(c) From and after the Effective Date: (i) the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, and the Talc Trustee shall cooperate and use their respective commercially reasonable efforts to take, or cause to be taken, all actions and to do, or cause to be done, all things

that are reasonably necessary or appropriate to effectuate the transfer and assignment of the Talc Insurance Assets to the Talc Personal Injury Trust in accordance with, and subject to the terms and provisions of, this Section 4.9.4; and (ii) the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall provide, or make available to, the Reorganized Debtor and J&J information within the possession and control of the Talc Personal Injury Trust in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Cooperation Agreement and shall cooperate with the Reorganized Debtor and J&J and use commercially reasonable efforts to effectuate the terms and provisions of this Section 4.9.4. Pursuant to the Plan and the Confirmation Order, to the extent the Reorganized Debtor or J&J provides to the Talc Personal Injury Trust privileged information pursuant to the terms and provisions of this Section 4.9.4 or the Cooperation Agreement, such provision of information shall not result in the destruction or waiver of any applicable privileges pertaining to such information.

(d) If, notwithstanding the provisions of the Plan and Confirmation Order, the transfer and assignment of any Talc Insurance Asset is determined by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid under, or to violate the provisions of, any Talc Insurance Policy, then, notwithstanding anything to the contrary in the Plan, solely with respect to such Talc Insurance Asset: (i) the Reorganized Debtor will be deemed to have retained such Talc Insurance Asset; and (ii) each provision of the Plan that provides or contemplates that the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall act through the Reorganized Debtor, or that the Reorganized Debtor shall act, as the subrogee of the Talc Personal Injury Trust with respect to such Talc Insurance Asset shall be deemed to instead provide or contemplate that the Reorganized Debtor will act for the benefit of the Talc Personal Injury Trust with respect to such Talc Insurance Asset. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this Section 4.9.4(d) shall affect clause (ii) of Section 4.9.4(b).

4.10 Payment of Talc Personal Injury Trust Expenses. Subject to Section 4.6, Section 4.9.4(b), and the terms and provisions of the Cooperation Agreement, (a) the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall pay all Talc Personal Injury Trust Expenses from the assets of the Talc Personal Injury Trust and (b) the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall bear sole responsibility with respect to the payment of the Talc Personal Injury Trust Expenses. Subject to Section 4.6, Section 4.9.4(b), and the terms and provisions of the Cooperation Agreement, the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall promptly pay all reasonable and documented Talc Personal Injury Trust Expenses incurred by the Reorganized Debtor or any Debtor Corporate Party for any and all liabilities, costs, or expenses as a result of taking action on behalf of or at the direction of the Talc Personal Injury Trust.

4.11 Treatment of Remainder Assets. To the extent there are any assets remaining in the Talc Personal Injury Trust at such time as the Talc Personal Injury Trust is dissolved in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement, such remaining assets shall be transferred to a charity or charities selected by the Talc Trustee in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement.

4.12 Dissolution. The Talc Personal Injury Trust shall be dissolved upon satisfaction of the purposes of the Talc Personal Injury Trust in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement. Upon dissolution of the Talc Personal Injury Trust, the Talc Trustees, the Talc Trust Advisory Committee Members, the FCR under the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement, the Talc Trust Claims Administrator, and the Talc Trust Liens Resolution

Administrator shall be released and discharged from all further authority, duties, responsibilities, and obligations relating to and arising from and in connection with the Chapter 11 Case.

4.13 Funds and Investment Guidelines. All monies held in the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall be invested, subject to the investment limitations and provisions enumerated in the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement.

4.14 Compliance with QSF Regulations. The Debtor and the Reorganized Debtor shall take all actions required of them as “transferor,” and the designated Talc Trustee shall take all actions required of him or her as “administrator,” with respect to the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to treasury regulations promulgated under section 468B of the Internal Revenue Code. Pursuant to such treasury regulations, the Talc Trustee designated as “administrator” shall be responsible for all tax reporting and withholding requirements in respect of distributions made from the Talc Personal Injury Trust. Any issue of interpretation of the Plan, the Confirmation Order, the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement, or any other Talc Personal Injury Trust Document shall be resolved in favor of an interpretation that conforms to the requirements of section 468B of the Internal Revenue Code and the treasury regulations promulgated thereunder.

4.15 Cooperation Agreement. Upon the creation of the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to Section 4.1, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, the Custodians, and the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall enter into the Cooperation Agreement. The provision of information by the Reorganized Debtor or J&J to the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to the Cooperation Agreement shall not result in the destruction or waiver of any applicable privileges pertaining to such information.

4.16 Indemnification and Reimbursement of the Protected Parties. From and after the Effective Date, the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, each of the Reorganized Debtor and the other Protected Parties (other than, if the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 are applicable, the Imerys/Cyprus Parties for claims based on, arising out of, or in any way relating to the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights) from and against any and all claims, demands, disputes, suits, damages, remedies, losses, awards, judgments, settlements, liabilities, expenses, costs, fees (including attorneys’ fees), and other charges whatsoever suffered or incurred by it subsequent to the Effective Date arising out of or in any way relating to any Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, from and after the Effective Date, the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall promptly reimburse each Protected Party (other than, if the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 are applicable, the Imerys/Cyprus Parties for claims based on, arising out of, or in any way relating to the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights) for any and all out-of-pocket damages, remedies, losses, awards, judgments, liabilities, expenses, costs, fees (including attorneys’ fees), and other charges whatsoever actually incurred by such Protected Party subsequent to the Effective Date attributable to the defense of any Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim in the event that the holder of such Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim seeks to hold such Protected Party liable for such Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim in violation of the Plan and the Channeling Injunction. For the avoidance of doubt, notwithstanding the foregoing, the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall have no obligation to indemnify, defend, or hold harmless, or reimburse any out-of-pocket liabilities, expenses, costs, fees (including attorneys’ fees), or other

charges incurred by, the Reorganized Debtor or J&J in connection with the performance of their obligations under the Master Settlement Agreements.

4.17 Exculpation of the Protected Parties. None of the Protected Parties shall have or incur any liability to any Person for any act or omission taken or to be taken in connection with, arising out of, or in any way relating to the administration or operation of the Talc Personal Injury Trust, including: (a) the management of the assets of the Talc Personal Injury Trust; and (b) the processing, liquidation, and payment of Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims in accordance with the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents.

ARTICLE V TREATMENT OF EXECUTORY CONTRACTS AND UNEXPIRED LEASES

5.1 General Treatment. Except as otherwise provided in the Plan or in any contract, instrument, release, or other agreement or document entered into in connection with the Plan, on the Effective Date, pursuant to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor shall assume each of its Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases other than those listed on Exhibit L; *provided, however*, that the Debtor reserves the right, at any time prior to the Effective Date, to amend Exhibit L to: (a) delete any Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease listed therein, thus providing for its assumption pursuant hereto; or (b) add any Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease to Exhibit L, thus providing for its rejection pursuant to Section 5.5. The Debtor shall provide notice of any amendments to Exhibit L to the parties to the Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases affected thereby and to the parties on the then-applicable service list in the Chapter 11 Case. Nothing herein shall constitute an admission by the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor that any contract or lease is an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease or that the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor has any liability thereunder.

5.2 Assumption and Assignment.

5.2.1 Assumption. Unless otherwise provided in the Plan, each Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease that is assumed shall include all modifications, amendments, supplements, restatements, or other agreements that in any manner affect such Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease, and all Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases related thereto, if any, including all easements, licenses, permits, rights, privileges, immunities, options, rights of first refusal, and any other interests, unless any of the foregoing agreements has been previously rejected or repudiated, or is rejected or repudiated under the Plan.

5.2.2 Postpetition Amendments. Modifications, amendments, supplements, and restatements to prepetition Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases that have been executed by the Debtor during the Chapter 11 Case shall not be deemed to alter the prepetition nature of the Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease, or the validity, priority, or amount of any Claims that may arise in connection therewith.

5.2.3 Assignment. Each assumed Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease shall be a contract or lease of the Reorganized Debtor unless an assignee is identified in accordance with the procedures in Section 5.3.

5.3 Approval of Assumptions and Assignments and Related Procedures.

5.3.1 Effect of Assumption. Assumption of any Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease pursuant to the Plan or otherwise shall result in the full release and satisfaction of any Claims or defaults, whether monetary or nonmonetary, including defaults of provisions restricting the change in control or ownership interest composition or other bankruptcy-related defaults, arising under any assumed Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease at any time before the effective date of the assumption.

5.3.2 Approval and Related Procedures. The Confirmation Order shall constitute an order of the Bankruptcy Court approving the assumptions described in Section 5.1, pursuant to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, as of the Effective Date. The procedures for assumption or assumption and assignment of an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease are as follows:

(a) After the entry of the Confirmation Order, the Debtor shall serve upon each party to an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease being assumed pursuant to the Plan notice of: (i) the contract or lease being assumed or assumed and assigned and, if applicable, any assignee; (ii) the Cure Amount Claim, if any, that the Debtor believes would be payable in connection with such assumption; and (iii) the procedures for such party to object to the assumption or assumption and assignment of the applicable contract or lease or the amount of the proposed Cure Amount Claim.

(b) Any Person wishing to object to (i) the proposed assumption or assumption and assignment of an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease under the Plan or (ii) the proposed amount of the related Cure Amount Claim must file and serve on counsel to the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor a written objection setting forth the basis for the objection within twenty (20) days of service of the notice described in Section 5.3.2(a).

(c) If no objection to the proposed assumption or assumption and assignment or the proposed amount of the Cure Amount Claim is properly filed and served prior to the objection deadline with respect to an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease: (i) the proposed assumption or assumption and assignment of the Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease shall be approved in accordance with the Plan and the Confirmation Order, effective as of the Effective Date, without further action of the Bankruptcy Court; and (ii) the Cure Amount Claim identified by the Debtor in the notice shall be fixed and shall be paid in accordance with the Plan on or after the Effective Date, without further action of the Bankruptcy Court, to the appropriate contract or lease party identified on the notice.

(d) If an objection to the proposed assumption or assumption and assignment or the proposed amount of the Cure Amount Claim is properly filed and served prior to the objection deadline with respect to an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease, the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, as applicable, and the objecting party may resolve such objection by stipulation, without further action of the Bankruptcy Court.

(e) If an objection to the proposed assumption or assumption and assignment or the proposed amount of the Cure Amount Claim is properly filed and served prior to the objection deadline with respect to an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease and the parties are unable to resolve such objection: (i) the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, as applicable, may file a reply to such objection no later than thirty (30) days after the filing and service of such objection and ask the Bankruptcy Court to schedule a hearing on the particular objection and the related reply at an appropriate time; or (ii) the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, as applicable, may designate the Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease underlying such objection for rejection pursuant to Section 5.5 and amend Exhibit L accordingly.

5.4 Payments Related to Assumption.

5.4.1 Payment Options. To the extent that such Claims constitute monetary defaults, the Cure Amount Claims associated with each Executory Contract and Unexpired Lease to be assumed pursuant to the Plan shall be satisfied, pursuant to section 365(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code, at the option of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor assuming such contract or lease, or the assignee of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, if any: (a) by payment of the Cure Amount Claim in Cash on the Effective Date or as promptly as reasonably practicable after the Cure Amount Claim is allowed; or (b) on such other terms as are agreed to by the parties to such Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease.

5.4.2 Disputes. Pursuant to section 365(b)(2)(D) of the Bankruptcy Code, no Cure Amount Claim shall be allowed for a penalty rate or other form of default rate of interest. If there is a dispute regarding (a) the amount of any Cure Amount Claim, (b) the ability of the Reorganized Debtor or any assignee to provide “adequate assurance of future performance” (within the meaning of section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code) under the contract or lease to be assumed, or (c) any other matter pertaining to assumption of such contract or lease, the payment of any Cure Amount Claim required by section 365(b)(1) of the Bankruptcy Code shall be made following the entry of a Final Order resolving the dispute and approving the assumption.

5.5 Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases to Be Rejected and Rejection Procedures.

5.5.1 Rejection Generally. On the Effective Date, each Executory Contract and Unexpired Lease listed on Exhibit L shall be rejected pursuant to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code. Each contract and lease listed on Exhibit L shall be rejected only to the extent that any such contract or lease constitutes an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease. Listing a contract or lease on Exhibit L shall not constitute an admission by the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor that such contract or lease is an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease or that the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor has any liability thereunder. The Confirmation Order shall constitute an order of the Bankruptcy Court approving such rejections, pursuant to section 365 of the Bankruptcy Code, as of the Effective Date.

5.5.2 Rejection Procedures. The procedures for rejection of an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease are as follows:

(a) After the entry of the Confirmation Order, the Debtor shall serve upon each party to an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease being rejected pursuant to the Plan notice of such proposed rejection. For the avoidance of doubt, additional notices may be served upon any amendment to Exhibit L (including pursuant to Section 5.3.2(e)).

(b) Any Person wishing to object to the proposed rejection of an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease under the Plan must file and serve on counsel to the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor a written objection setting forth the basis for the objection within twenty (20) days of service of the notice described in Section 5.5.2(a).

(c) If no objection to the proposed rejection is properly filed and served prior to the objection deadline with respect to an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease, the proposed rejection of the applicable Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease shall be approved in accordance with the Plan and the Confirmation Order, effective as of the Effective Date, without further action of the Bankruptcy Court.

(d) If an objection to the proposed rejection is properly filed and served prior to the objection deadline with respect to an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease, the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, as applicable, and the objecting party may resolve such objection by stipulation, without further action of the Bankruptcy Court.

(e) If an objection to the proposed rejection is properly filed and served prior to the objection deadline with respect to an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease and the parties are unable to resolve such objection, the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, as applicable, may file a reply to such objection no later than thirty (30) days after the filing and service of such objection and ask the Bankruptcy Court to schedule a hearing on the particular objection and the related reply at an appropriate time.

5.6 Claims Based on Rejection.

5.6.1 Proof of Claim Required. If the rejection or deemed rejection of an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease by the Debtor results in damages to the other party or parties to such Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease, a Claim for such damages shall be automatically disallowed and forever barred from assertion, and unenforceable, against the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, any assignee, or their properties, whether by way of setoff, recoupment, or otherwise, without the need for any objection, any further notice, or any action, order, or approval of the Bankruptcy Court, unless a Proof of Claim is filed with the Claims Agent and served upon counsel for the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor by the later of (a) thirty (30) days after service of the notice described in Section 5.5.2(a) and (b) thirty (30) days after service of notice of entry of a Final Order rejecting such Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease, which notice, in each case, will set forth such deadline. If a Proof of Claim is filed in accordance with this Section 5.6.1, any objections to such Proof of Claim shall be filed with the Bankruptcy Court and served upon the holder of such Non-Talc Claim no later than thirty (30) days after the filing of such Proof of Claim, unless extended by order of the Bankruptcy Court prior to the expiration of such period.

5.6.2 Classification of Claims. Claims arising from the rejection of an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease shall be classified as Class 3 Unsecured Claims and shall be treated in accordance with Section 3.2.3; *provided, however*, that all Claims arising from rejection or deemed rejection of an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease shall be deemed Disputed.

5.7 Contracts and Leases Entered Into After the Petition Date. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, contracts and leases entered into after the Petition Date by the Debtor, including any Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases assumed by the Debtor, shall be performed by the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor in accordance with the terms and conditions of such contracts and leases in the ordinary course of its business. Accordingly, such contracts and leases and other obligations (including any assumed Executory Contracts and Unexpired Leases) shall survive and remain unaffected by entry of the Confirmation Order.

5.8 Reservation of Rights. Neither the exclusion nor inclusion of any Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease on Exhibit L, or anything contained in the Plan or any Plan Supplement, shall constitute an admission by the Debtor that any such contract or lease is in fact an Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease or that the Reorganized Debtor, or any assignee has any liability thereunder. If there is a dispute regarding whether a contract or lease is or was executory or unexpired at the time of assumption or rejection, the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or any assignee, as applicable, shall have thirty (30) days following entry of a Final Order resolving such dispute to alter their treatment of such contract or lease.

5.9 Imerys/Cyprus Matters.

5.9.1 Imerys/Cyprus Agreements. If the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Termination Date occurs, whether prior to, on, or following the Effective Date, the foregoing provisions of this Article V shall not apply to the Imerys/Cyprus Agreements and instead the following provisions shall apply thereto:

(a) To the extent that the Imerys/Cyprus Agreements are considered to be executory contracts, the Plan shall constitute a motion to assume and assign the Imerys/Cyprus Agreements to the Talc Personal Injury Trust (in order to effect the transfer and assignment of the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights thereunder in accordance with Section 4.9.3) and, subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date and the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Termination Date, the entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute approval of such assumption and assignment pursuant to section 365(a) of the Bankruptcy Code and a finding by the Bankruptcy Court that such assumption and assignment is in the best interest of the Debtor, the Debtor's Estate, and all parties in interest in the Chapter 11 Case.

(b) Unless otherwise determined by a Final Order entered by the Bankruptcy Court prior to the Effective Date or, if later, the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Termination Date, no payments are required to cure any defaults of the Debtor existing as of the Effective Date with respect to any Imerys/Cyprus Agreements and the Cash Contributions delivered to the Talc Personal Injury Trust by or on behalf of the Reorganized Debtor shall be deemed to satisfy in full any Claim arising out of any alleged breach, default, or violation under the Imerys/Cyprus Agreements.

(c) The Imerys/Cyprus Agreements shall be transferred by the Reorganized Debtor and J&J to the Talc Personal Injury Trust as of the Effective Date or, if later, the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Termination Date to effect the transfer and assignment of the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights under such agreements in accordance with Section 4.9.3.

5.9.2 Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Agreement. If the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Closing Date occurs, whether prior to, on, or following the Effective Date, the following provisions shall apply:

(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan, the Plan shall constitute a motion to assume the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Agreement, and, subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, the entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute: (i) approval of such assumption pursuant to Section 365(a) of the Bankruptcy Code; and (ii) a finding by the Bankruptcy Court that such assumption is in the best interest of the Debtor, the Debtor's Estate, and all parties in interest in the Chapter 11 Case.

(b) Unless otherwise determined by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to a Final Order or agreed by the parties thereto prior to the Effective Date, no payments are required to cure any defaults of the Debtor with respect to the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Agreement.

5.10 Talc Insurance Assets. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan, this Article V shall not apply to the Talc Insurance Assets. To the extent that the Talc Insurance Assets are considered to be executory contracts, the Plan shall constitute a motion to assume and assign the Talc Insurance Assets to the Talc Personal Injury Trust in accordance with Section 4.9.4, and, subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, the entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute approval of such assumption and assignment pursuant to section 365(a) of the Bankruptcy Code and a finding by the Bankruptcy Court that such assumption and assignment is in the best interest of the Debtor, the Debtor's Estate, and all parties in interest in the Chapter 11 Case. Unless otherwise determined by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to a Final Order or agreed by the parties thereto prior to the Effective Date, no payments are required to cure any defaults of the Debtor existing as of the Effective Date with respect to any Talc Insurance Asset. The Talc Insurance Assets shall be assigned by the Reorganized Debtor to the Talc Personal Injury Trust in accordance with Section 4.9.4 as of the Effective Date.

5.11 Master Settlement Agreements. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan, the Plan shall constitute a motion to assume the Master Settlement Agreements and any settlement or other agreements entered into in accordance with the terms thereof, and, subject to the occurrence of the Effective Date, the entry of the Confirmation Order shall constitute: (a) approval of such assumption pursuant to Section 365(a) of the Bankruptcy Code; and (b) a finding by the Bankruptcy Court that such assumption is in the best interest of the Debtor, the Debtor's Estate, and all parties in interest in the Chapter 11 Case. Unless otherwise determined by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to a Final Order or agreed by the parties thereto prior to the Effective Date, no payments are required to cure any defaults of the Debtor existing as of the Effective Date with respect to any Master Settlement Agreement or any settlement or other agreement entered into in accordance with the terms of any Master Settlement Agreement.

ARTICLE VI

DISTRIBUTIONS UNDER THE PLAN ON ACCOUNT OF NON-TALC CLAIMS

6.1 Distributions. Distributions on account of Allowed Non-Talc Claims (other than Reinstated Non-Talc Claims) shall be made on or after the Distribution Date as provided in this Article VI. This Article VI shall not apply to Talc Personal Injury Claims or Reinstated Non-Talc Claims. All Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims shall be liquidated and, as appropriate, paid, or otherwise resolved, by the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to and in accordance with the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents. All Reinstated Non-Talc Claims shall be Reinstated.

6.2 Timing and Calculation of Amounts to be Distributed.

6.2.1 General. On the Effective Date or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter (or if a Claim is not an Allowed Claim on the Effective Date, on the date that such a Claim becomes an Allowed Claim, or as soon as reasonably practicable thereafter), each holder of an Allowed Non-Talc Claim shall receive the full amount of the Distribution that the Plan provides for such Allowed Claim in the manner provided herein. In the event that any payment or act under the Plan is required to be made or performed on a date that is not a Business Day, then the making of such payment or the performance of such act may be completed on the next succeeding Business Day, but shall be deemed to have been completed as of the required date. Any Distribution to be made pursuant to the Plan shall be deemed to have been timely made if made within sixty (60) days after the time therefor specified in the Plan. No interest shall accrue or be paid with respect to any Distribution as a consequence of such Distribution not having been made on the Effective Date.

6.2.2 Disputed Non-Talc Claims. If and to the extent that there are Disputed Non-Talc Claims, Distributions on account of any such Disputed Non-Talc Claims shall be made pursuant to the provisions set forth in this Article VI.

6.3 Designation of Disbursing Agent. All Distributions under the Plan shall be made by the Disbursing Agent.

6.4 Rights and Powers of Disbursing Agent.

6.4.1 General. The Disbursing Agent shall be empowered to: (a) effect all actions and execute all agreements, instruments, and other documents necessary to perform its duties under the Plan; (b) make all Distributions contemplated hereby; (c) employ professionals to represent it with respect to its responsibilities; and (d) exercise such other powers as may be vested in the Disbursing Agent by order of the Bankruptcy Court, pursuant to the Plan, or as deemed by the Disbursing Agent to be necessary and proper to implement the provisions of the Plan.

6.4.2 Fees and Expenses. Except as otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court, the amount of any reasonable fees and expenses incurred by the Disbursing Agent on or after the Effective Date (including taxes) and any reasonable compensation and expense reimbursement claims (including reasonable attorney fees and expenses) made by the Disbursing Agent shall be paid in Cash by the Reorganized Debtor.

6.5 Distributions on Account of Claims Allowed After the Effective Date. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, no Distributions shall be made under the Plan on account of any Disputed Non-Talc Claim, unless and until such Disputed Non-Talc Claim becomes an Allowed Non-Talc Claim. Distributions made after the Effective Date to holders of Disputed Non-Talc Claims that are not Allowed Non-Talc Claims as of the Effective Date but which later become Allowed Non-Talc Claims shall be made as if such Claim had been an Allowed Claim on the Effective Date. Except as otherwise may be agreed to by the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, on the one hand, and the holder of a Disputed Non-Talc Claim, on the other hand, and notwithstanding any provision otherwise in the Plan, no partial payments and no partial Distributions shall be made with respect to any Disputed Non-Talc Claim until all Disputed Non-Talc Claims held by the holder of such Disputed Non-Talc Claim have become Allowed Non-Talc Claims or have otherwise been resolved by settlement or Final Order.

6.6 Delivery of Distributions and Undeliverable or Unclaimed Distributions.

6.6.1 Delivery of Distributions to Holders of Non-Talc Claims. Distributions to holders of Allowed Non-Talc Claims shall be made to holders of record as of the Distribution Record Date by the Disbursing Agent: (a) to the signatory set forth on any of the Proof of Claim filed by such holder or other representative identified therein (or at the last known addresses of such holder if no Proof of Claim is filed or if the Debtor has been notified in writing of a change of address); (b) at the addresses set forth in any written notices of address changes delivered to the Disbursing Agent after the date of any related Proof of Claim; or (c) at the addresses reflected in the Schedules if no Proof of Claim has been filed and the Disbursing Agent has not received a written notice of a change of address.

6.6.2 Full Benefit of Distributions. Distributions under the Plan on account of Non-Talc Claims shall not be subject to levy, garnishment, attachment, or similar legal process, so that each holder of an Allowed Non-Talc Claim shall have and receive the benefit of the Distributions in the manner set forth in the Plan. None of the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or the applicable Disbursing Agent shall incur any liability whatsoever on account of any Distributions under the Plan except where such Distributions are found by Final Order to have been made with gross negligence, willful misconduct, or fraud.

6.6.3 Undeliverable Distributions and Unclaimed Property. In the event that any Distribution to any holder of an Allowed Non-Talc Claim is returned as undeliverable, no further Distribution to such holder shall be made unless and until the Disbursing Agent has determined the then current address of such holder, at which time such Distribution shall be made as soon as practicable after such Distribution has become deliverable to such holder without interest; *provided, however*, that such Distributions shall be deemed unclaimed property under section 347(b) of the Bankruptcy Code and forfeited at the expiration of three (3) months from the applicable Distribution Date. After such date, all “unclaimed property” or interests in property in respect of the Reorganized Debtor shall revert to the Reorganized Debtor, notwithstanding any applicable federal or state escheat, abandoned, or unclaimed property laws to the contrary. The claim of any holder to such property or interest in property shall be discharged and forever barred. Nothing contained

in the Plan shall require the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or the Disbursing Agent to attempt to locate any holder of an Allowed Claim.

6.7 Time Bar to Cash Payments. Checks issued by the Disbursing Agent in respect of Allowed Non-Talc Claims shall be null and void if not cashed within one hundred and eighty (180) days of the date of issuance thereof. The holder of the Allowed Non-Talc Claim with respect to which such check originally was issued may make a request for re-issuance of any check directly to the Disbursing Agent; *provided, however*, that any such request for re-issuance of a check shall be made on or before the twelve (12)-month anniversary of the Distribution Date. After such date, all Non-Talc Claims in respect of void checks shall be discharged and forever barred.

6.8 Record Date for Holders of Claims. Except as otherwise provided in an order of the Bankruptcy Court that is not subject to any stay, the transferees of Claims that are transferred pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 3001, on or prior to the Distribution Record Date, shall be treated as the holders of such Claims for all purposes, notwithstanding that any period provided by Bankruptcy Rule 3001 for objecting to such transfer has not expired by the Distribution Record Date. If there is any dispute regarding the identity of the Person entitled to receive a Distribution in respect of a Claim under the Plan, no Distribution need be made in respect of such Claim until such dispute has been resolved.

6.9 Compliance with Tax Requirements and Allocations.

6.9.1 General. In connection with the Plan and all Distributions hereunder, the Disbursing Agent shall comply with all tax withholding and reporting requirements imposed on them by any federal, state, or local taxing authority, and all Distributions pursuant to the Plan shall be subject to such withholding and reporting requirements. Notwithstanding any provision in the Plan to the contrary, the Disbursing Agent shall be authorized to take all actions necessary or appropriate to comply with such withholding and reporting requirements, including liquidating a portion of the Distribution to be made under the Plan if necessary to generate sufficient funds to pay applicable withholding taxes, withholding Distributions pending receipt of information necessary to facilitate such Distributions including tax certification forms, or establishing any other reasonable mechanisms it believes are necessary or appropriate. To the extent that any Claim holder fails to submit appropriate tax certification forms required by a Disbursing Agent or to comply with any other mechanism established by a Disbursing Agent to comply with such withholding and reporting requirements, such Claim holder's Distribution may, in such Disbursing Agent's reasonable discretion, be deemed "unclaimed property" subject to Section 6.6.3.

6.9.2 Tax Withholding. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code's backup withholding rules, a holder of a Claim may be subject to backup withholding with respect to Distributions made pursuant to the Plan, unless the holder: (a) comes within certain exempt categories (which generally include corporations) and, when required, demonstrates this fact; or (b) provides at the applicable Disbursing Agent's request a completed IRS Form W-9 (or substitute therefor) on which the holder includes a correct taxpayer identification number and certifies under penalty of perjury that the taxpayer identification number is correct and that the taxpayer

is not subject to backup withholding because of a failure to report all dividend and interest income. Among other things, to receive any Postpetition Interest, if requested by a Disbursing Agent, a holder of an Allowed Claim shall be required to establish an exemption from backup withholding or to make arrangements with respect to the payment of backup withholding. Non-U.S. Allowed Claim holders may be required by the applicable Disbursing Agent to provide a completed IRS Form W-8BEN or W-8BEN-E, as applicable (or other applicable Form W-8 or successor form) to establish an exemption from or a treaty-reduced rate of withholding on interest distributed pursuant to the Plan. Unless a Disbursing Agent, in its discretion, determines otherwise, no Distributions on account of Postpetition Interest shall be made to a holder of an Allowed Claim until such time as the holder of such Claim establishes exemption from withholding or provides the applicable IRS Form.

6.9.3 Obligations of Distribution Recipients. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, each Person receiving a Distribution pursuant to the Plan shall have sole and exclusive responsibility for the satisfaction and payment of any tax obligations imposed on it by any governmental unit on account of such Distribution, including income, withholding, and other tax obligations.

6.9.4 Tax Allocations. For tax purposes, Distributions in full or partial satisfaction of Allowed Claims shall be allocated first to the principal amount of Allowed Claims, with any excess allocated to unpaid interest that accrued on such Claims.

6.10 Transfers of Claims. In the event that the holder of any Non-Talc Claim shall transfer such Claim after the Distribution Record Date, it shall immediately advise the Reorganized Debtor in writing of such transfer and file a notice of the transfer with the Bankruptcy Court. The Reorganized Debtor shall be entitled to assume that no transfer of any Claim has been made by any holder unless and until written notice of a transfer has been actually received by the Reorganized Debtor. Each transferee of any Non-Talc Claim shall take such Claim subject to the provisions of the Plan, and, except as provided in a notice of transfer, the Reorganized Debtor shall be entitled to assume conclusively that the transferee named in any notice of transfer shall thereafter be vested with all rights and powers of the transferor of such Claim.

6.11 Setoffs. The Debtor and the Reorganized Debtor may, pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Bankruptcy Code, or applicable non-bankruptcy law, set off against any applicable Allowed Claim (before any Distribution is made on account of such Claim) any and all claims, rights, causes of action, debts, or liabilities of any nature that the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor may hold against the holder of such Allowed Claim; *provided, however*, that the failure to effect such a setoff shall not constitute a waiver or release of any such claims, rights, causes of action, debts, or liabilities.

ARTICLE VII RESOLUTION OF DISPUTED NON-TALC CLAIMS

7.1 Disputed Non-Talc Claims. This Article VII shall apply to all Disputed Non-Talc Claims. This Article VII shall not apply to Talc Personal Injury Claims. All Channeled Talc

Personal Injury Claims shall be resolved by the Talc Personal Injury Trust in accordance with the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents.

7.2 Rights of Debtor and Reorganized Debtor.

7.2.1 Right to Litigate. Prior to the Effective Date, the Debtor, and on and after the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor, shall have the right to: (i) file objections to Non-Talc Claims that have not already been Allowed by Final Order, agreement, or the Plan; and (ii) litigate any Disputed Non-Talc Claim either in the Bankruptcy Court or in any court of competent jurisdiction.

7.2.2 No Approval or Notice Required Generally. Notwithstanding any prior order of the Bankruptcy Court, other than with respect to Fee Claims, prior to the Effective Date, the Debtor, and on and after the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor, shall have the authority to compromise, settle, otherwise resolve, or withdraw any objections to Disputed Claims and to compromise, settle, or otherwise resolve any Disputed Claims without approval of the Bankruptcy Court.

7.3 Proofs of Claim Not Required.

7.3.1 Resolution of Claims. Notwithstanding section 502(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, and except as otherwise set forth in the Plan, holders of Non-Talc Claims (other than Administrative Expense Claims and Claims arising from the rejection of Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases) need not file Proofs of Claim with the Bankruptcy Court and shall not be subject to any claims-resolution process in the Bankruptcy Court in connection with their Claims. The Reorganized Debtor and the holders of such Claims shall determine, adjudicate, and resolve any disputes over the validity and amounts of such Claims as if the Chapter 11 Case had not been commenced.

7.3.2 Deemed Withdrawal of Claims. Except for Proofs of Claim in respect of Administrative Claims and Claims arising from the rejection of Executory Contracts or Unexpired Leases, upon the Effective Date, any filed Non-Talc Claim, regardless of the time of filing, and including Claims filed after the Effective Date, shall be deemed withdrawn without prejudice to (i) the treatment of such Claim in the Plan; and (ii) each holder's rights under this Section 7.3.2 to assert their Claims in any proper forum as though the Chapter 11 Case had not been commenced.

7.4 No Distributions Pending Allowance. No Distributions or other consideration shall be paid with respect to any Claim that is a Disputed Claim unless and until all objections to such Disputed Claim are resolved by agreement or Final Order and such Disputed Claim becomes an Allowed Claim.

7.5 Distributions on Account of Disputed Claims. At such time as determined to be practicable by the Reorganized Debtor, the Disbursing Agent will make Distributions on account of any Disputed Claim that has become Allowed. Such Distributions will be made pursuant to the applicable provisions of Article VI; *provided, however*, that Distributions on account of Allowed Fee Claims shall be made as provided in Article II.

ARTICLE VIII
CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO CONFIRMATION
AND CONSUMMATION OF THE PLAN

8.1 Conditions Precedent to the Confirmation of the Plan. Confirmation of the Plan shall not occur unless each of the following conditions has been satisfied or waived pursuant to Section 8.3:

(a) The Bankruptcy Court shall have entered an order, in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Debtor, J&J, the AHC of Supporting Counsel, the SLF, the TCC, and the FCR approving the Disclosure Statement as containing adequate information within the meaning of section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code.

(b) Class 4 shall have voted in requisite numbers and amounts in favor of the Plan as required by sections 524(g), 1126, and 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code.

(c) The Plan and, if applicable, any Plan Supplements, including any schedules, documents, supplements, and exhibits thereto, shall be (i) in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Debtor, J&J, the AHC of Supporting Counsel, the SLF, the TCC, and the FCR and (ii) consistent with section 524(g) of the Bankruptcy Code, as applicable.

(d) The Confirmation Order shall:

(i) have been entered;

(ii) be in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Debtor, J&J, the AHC of Supporting Counsel, the SLF, the TCC, and the FCR; and

(iii) provide for the Injunctions in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Debtor, J&J, the AHC of Supporting Counsel, the SLF, the TCC, and the FCR.

(e) The Bankruptcy Court and the District Court acting jointly or the Bankruptcy Court acting separately but affirmed by the District Court shall have made the following findings, each of which shall be contained in the Confirmation Order:

(i) The Channeling Injunction and the Insurance Entity Injunction are to be implemented in connection with the Plan and the Talc Personal Injury Trust.

(ii) (A) As of the Effective Date, the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall assume all liability and responsibility, financial and otherwise, for all Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims and (B) subject to the delivery, transfer, or assignment, as applicable, to the Talc Personal Injury Trust of the Cash Contributions, Talc PI Note, Talc Pledge Agreement, Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights (if the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and

Section 5.9.1 are applicable), and Talc Insurance Assets pursuant to Section 4.9, from and after the Effective Date, no Protected Party (other than, if the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 are applicable, any Imerys/Cyprus Party for claims based on, arising out of, or in any way relating to the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights, as applicable) shall have any liability or responsibility, financial or otherwise, for any Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims.

(iii) As of the Petition Date, the Debtor (as a successor to LLT and Old JJCI) had been named as a defendant in personal injury or wrongful death actions seeking recovery for damages allegedly caused by the presence of, or exposure to, asbestos or asbestos-containing products.

(iv) The Talc Personal Injury Trust shall be funded in whole or in part by securities of the Reorganized Debtor and by the obligation of the Reorganized Debtor to make future payments.

(v) The Talc Personal Injury Trust, by the exercise of rights granted under the Plan, would be entitled to own, if specified contingencies occur, a majority of the voting shares of the Reorganized Debtor.

(vi) The Talc Personal Injury Trust shall use its assets or income to pay Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims, including Talc Personal Injury Demands.

(vii) As to Talc Personal Injury Demands:

(A) The Debtor is likely to be subject to substantial future Talc Personal Injury Demands for payment arising out of the same or similar conduct or events that gave rise to the Talc Personal Injury Claims that are addressed by the Channeling Injunction and the Insurance Entity Injunction.

(B) The actual amounts, numbers, and timing of future Talc Personal Injury Demands cannot be determined.

(C) Pursuit of Talc Personal Injury Demands outside the procedures prescribed by the Plan and the Plan Documents, including the Trust Distribution Procedures, is likely to threaten the Plan's purpose to deal equitably with Talc Personal Injury Claims and Talc Personal Injury Demands.

(viii) The terms of the Channeling Injunction and the Insurance Entity Injunction, including any provisions barring actions against third parties pursuant to section 524(g)(4)(A) of the Bankruptcy Code, are set out in the Plan and in the Disclosure Statement.

(ix) The Plan establishes a separate class of the claimants whose claims are to be addressed by the Talc Personal Injury Trust which class has voted, by at least 75% of those voting, to accept the Plan.

(x) Pursuant to court orders or otherwise, the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall operate through mechanisms, such as structured, periodic, or supplemental payments, pro rata distributions, matrices, or periodic review of estimates of the numbers and values of Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims, or other comparable mechanisms, that provide reasonable assurance that the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall value, and be in a financial position to pay, Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims, including Talc Personal Injury Demands, that involve similar claims in substantially the same manner.

(xi) Each Protected Party is:

(A) identifiable from the terms of the Channeling Injunction and the Insurance Entity Injunction by name or as part of an identifiable group and is or may be alleged to be directly or indirectly liable for the conduct of, claims against, or demands on the Debtor to the extent that such alleged liability arises by reason of one or more of the following:

(I) such Person's ownership of a financial interest in the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, a past or present affiliate of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, or a predecessor in interest of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor (including Old JJCI);

(II) such Person's involvement in the management of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor or a predecessor in interest of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor (including Old JJCI);

(III) such Person's service as an officer, director, manager, or employee of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, a past or present affiliate of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, a predecessor in interest of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor (including Old JJCI), or a Person that owns or at any time has owned a financial interest in the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, a past or present affiliate of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor or a predecessor in interest of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor (including Old JJCI);

(IV) such Person's provision of insurance to the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, a past or present affiliate

of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, a predecessor in interest of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor (including Old JJCI), or a Person that owns or at any time has owned a financial interest in the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, a past or present affiliate of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, or a predecessor in interest of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor (including Old JJCI); or

(V) such Person's involvement in a transaction changing the corporate structure (including the 2021 Corporate Restructuring and the Prepetition Corporate Restructuring), or in a loan or other financial transaction affecting the financial condition, of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, a past or present affiliate of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, a predecessor in interest of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor (including Old JJCI), or any Person that owns or at any time has owned a financial interest in the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, a past or present affiliate of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, or a predecessor in interest of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor (including Old JJCI), including (1) involvement in providing financing (debt or equity) or advice to a Person involved in such a transaction or (2) acquiring or selling a financial interest in any Person as part of such transaction; and/or

(B) otherwise entitled to the Channeling Injunction pursuant to section 1123(b)(6) and/or section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code.

(xii) The FCR was appointed as part of the proceedings leading to issuance of the Channeling Injunction and the Insurance Entity Injunction for the purpose of protecting the rights of all Persons, whether known or unknown, that might subsequently assert, directly or indirectly, against the Debtor a Talc Personal Injury Demand that is addressed in the Channeling Injunction and the Insurance Entity Injunction and channeled to the Talc Personal Injury Trust.

(xiii) Identifying each Protected Party (by name or as part of an identifiable group, as applicable) in the Channeling Injunction and the Insurance Entity Injunction is fair and equitable with respect to individuals that might assert Talc Personal Injury Demands against each such Protected Party, in light of the benefits provided, or to be provided, to the Talc Personal Injury Trust by or on behalf of any such Protected Party.

(xiv) The Plan and the Plan Documents comply with section 524(g) of the Bankruptcy Code in all respects, and the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents are fully consistent with the Plan.

(xv) The Plan, including the Channeling Injunction and the Insurance Entity Injunction, and the other Plan Documents are a fair, equitable, and reasonable resolution of the liability of the Debtor for the Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims, including Talc Personal Injury Demands that are Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims.

(xvi) The FCR has adequately and completely fulfilled her duties, responsibilities, and obligations as the representative for any and all persons who may assert Talc Personal Injury Demands in the future, but who are currently unknown, in accordance with section 524(g) of the Bankruptcy Code.

(xvii) Adequate and sufficient notice of the Plan and the Confirmation Hearing, as well as all deadlines for objecting to the Plan, has been given to: (A) all known creditors and holders of Interests; (B) parties that requested notice in accordance with Bankruptcy Rule 2002 (including the TCC and the FCR); (C) all parties to Unexpired Leases and Executory Contracts with the Debtor; (D) all taxing authorities listed on the Debtor's Schedules or in the Debtor's Claims database; (E) the Department of the Treasury by service upon the District Director of the IRS; (F) state attorneys general and state departments of revenue for states in which the Debtor has conducted business; and (G) the Securities and Exchange Commission; in each case, (I) in accordance with the solicitation procedures governing such service and (II) in substantial compliance with Bankruptcy Rules 2002(b), 3017, and 3020(b). Such transmittal and service were adequate and sufficient to bind, among other parties, each holder of a Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim, and each party represented by the FCR, and no other or further notice is or shall be required.

(xviii) Each holder of a Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim and each party represented by the TCC or the FCR has been afforded due process based on the notice referenced in clause (xvii) above, the appointment of the TCC and the FCR, and the Plan's compliance with section 524(g) of the Bankruptcy Code.

(xix) If the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 are applicable, the Bankruptcy Code authorizes the transfer and assignment of the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights by the Reorganized Debtor to the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to Section 4.9.3, and from and after the transfer and assignment of the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights by the Reorganized Debtor to the Talc Personal Injury Trust, no Imerys/Cyprus Party may assert under any Imerys/Cyprus Agreement or otherwise (i) any defense that the Plan or any other Plan Document does not comply with the

Bankruptcy Code or (ii) any defense that the transfer and assignment of the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights by the Reorganized Debtor to the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to Section 4.9.3, or any other action contemplated by Section 4.9.3, is prohibited by any Imerys/Cyprus Agreement or by applicable non-bankruptcy law.

(xx) The Bankruptcy Code authorizes the transfer and assignment of the Talc Insurance Assets by the Reorganized Debtor to the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to Section 4.9.4, and from and after the transfer and assignment of the Talc Insurance Assets to the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to Section 4.9.4, no Talc Insurance Company may assert under any Talc Insurance Policy or Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement (i) any defense that the Plan or any other Plan Document does not comply with the Bankruptcy Code or (ii) any defense that the transfer and assignment of the Talc Insurance Assets by the Reorganized Debtor to the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to Section 4.9.4, or any other action contemplated by Section 4.9.4, is prohibited by any Talc Insurance Policy or Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement or by applicable non-bankruptcy law.

(xxi) Neither the Plan nor any other Plan Document, including the Trust Distribution Procedures, creates any right or obligation under Case Management Order No. 7(A) entered by the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey in the multidistrict litigation *In re: Johnson & Johnson Talcum Powder Products Marketing, Sales Practices and Products Liability Litigation*, Civil Action No. 3:16-md-02738, that would permit or require the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor to withhold any amounts from payments made by it under the Plan or any other Plan Document to or for the benefit of the Talc Personal Injury Trust to account for any common benefit assessments thereunder or to make any payment to the common benefit fund account established pursuant thereto.

(f) The Bankruptcy Court and the District Court, as required, shall have entered an order approving the Channeling Injunction and the Insurance Entity Injunction, which order may be included in the Confirmation Order and which order shall be in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Debtor, J&J, the AHC of Supporting Counsel, the SLF, the TCC, and the FCR.

(g) Each of (i) the Private Resolution Process MSA and (ii) the Common Benefit Fund MSA shall have been executed and delivered by all parties thereto.

8.2 Conditions Precedent to the Effective Date of the Plan. Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan or the Confirmation Order, the Effective Date of the Plan shall not occur unless and until each of the following conditions has been satisfied or waived pursuant to Section 8.3:

(a) The Confirmation Order in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Debtor, J&J, the AHC of Supporting Counsel, the SLF, the TCC, and the FCR shall have been entered, and shall have become a Final Confirmation Order.

(b) The Confirmation Order shall approve the Channeling Injunction and the Insurance Entity Injunction and authorize the Debtor and the Reorganized Debtor to implement the Plan, in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Debtor, J&J, the AHC of Supporting Counsel, the SLF, the TCC, and the FCR, and shall have become a Final Confirmation Order.

(c) The Confirmation Order, the Channeling Injunction, and the Insurance Entity Injunction shall be in full force and effect, and no order shall be in effect staying or enjoining the implementation or enforcement of the Plan, the Confirmation Order, the Channeling Injunction, or the Insurance Entity Injunction.

(d) The Talc Personal Injury Trust Defenses, Cash Contribution (to the extent payable on the Effective Date), Talc PI Note, Talc PI Pledge Agreement, Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights (if the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 are applicable), and Trust Insurance Assets shall, simultaneously with the occurrence of the Effective Date or as otherwise provided herein, be delivered, transferred, and assigned, as applicable, to the Talc Personal Injury Trust in accordance with Article IV.

(e) The Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement (and related documents) and the other applicable Plan Documents (including those attached to any Plan Supplement) necessary or appropriate to implement the Plan shall have been executed, delivered, and, where applicable, filed with the appropriate governmental units in form and substance reasonably acceptable to the Debtor, J&J, the AHC of Supporting Counsel, the SLF, the TCC, and the FCR, and shall be fully enforceable in accordance with their terms.

(f) The fees of the United States Trustee then owed by the Debtor shall have been paid in full.

(g) One of the following shall have occurred: (i) the Confirmation Order shall have become a Final Order; (ii) the Confirmation Order shall have been fully affirmed by the Fifth Circuit; or (iii) the Claims Submission Report (as such term is defined in the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement) shall have been delivered to the Debtor and J&J within one hundred forty (140) days of the Confirmation Date, the Claims Submission Report so delivered shall indicate that at least ninety five percent (95%) of all holders of Existing Direct Claims who submitted their respective Existing Direct Claims to the Talc Personal Injury Trust within one hundred twenty (120) of the Confirmation Date included a properly completed and executed Acceptance and Release as part of their submissions, and one hundred seventy (170) days shall have elapsed following the Confirmation Date.

The Effective Date shall occur as of 12:01 a.m., prevailing Central Time, on the date that the Debtor or Reorganized Debtor files a notice with the Bankruptcy Court stating that the Effective Date has occurred because each of the conditions to the Effective Date has been satisfied or waived pursuant to Section 8.3.

8.3 Waiver of Conditions Precedent. To the greatest extent permitted by law, each of the conditions precedent in this Article VIII may be waived or modified, in whole or in part, by the Debtor (with the consent of (a) in the event such waiver or modification affects the rights of J&J expressly contained herein, J&J, (b) in the event such waiver or modification affects the rights of the AHC of Supporting Counsel expressly contained herein, the AHC of Supporting Counsel, (c) in the event such waiver or modification affects the rights of the SLF expressly contained herein, the SLF, (d) in the event such waiver or modification affects the rights of the TCC expressly contained herein, the TCC, and (e) in the event such waiver or modification affects the rights of the FCR expressly contained herein, the FCR). Any waiver or modification of a condition precedent under this Section 8.3 may be effected at any time, without notice, without leave or order of the Bankruptcy Court or District Court, and without any other formal action. Confirmation and the Effective Date shall occur irrespective of whether any Claims allowance process or related litigation has been completed.

8.4 Notice of Effective Date. The Debtor shall file with the Bankruptcy Court the notice contemplated by Section 8.2 within five (5) Business Days after each of the conditions precedent to the Effective Date of the Plan set forth therein has been satisfied or waived pursuant to Section 8.3.

8.5 Effect of Nonoccurrence of Conditions Precedent to the Effective Date of the Plan. If any of the conditions precedent to the Effective Date of the Plan set forth in Section 8.2 has not been satisfied or duly waived in accordance with Section 8.3, then, upon motion by the Debtor made before the time that each of such conditions precedent has been satisfied or duly waived and upon notice to such parties in interest as the Bankruptcy Court may direct, the Confirmation Order shall be vacated by the Bankruptcy Court; *provided, however*, that, notwithstanding the filing of such motion, the Confirmation Order may not be vacated if each of the conditions precedent set forth in Section 8.2 is either satisfied or duly waived before the Bankruptcy Court enters an order granting such motion. If at any time after the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor (with the consent of J&J) elects to revoke or withdraw the Plan as contemplated by Section 9.12, then, upon notice by the Reorganized Debtor to the Bankruptcy Court, the Confirmation Order shall be vacated by the Bankruptcy Court. If the Confirmation Order is vacated pursuant to this Section 8.5: (a) the Plan shall be null and void in all respects, including with respect to the discharge of Claims; and (b) nothing contained in the Plan shall (i) constitute a waiver or release of any Claims by or against, or any Interest in, the Debtor or (ii) prejudice in any manner the rights, including any claims or defenses, of the Debtor or any other Person; *provided, however*, that any completed and executed Acceptance and Release that is then binding on a holder of a Talc Personal Injury Claim in accordance with its terms shall continue to be binding thereon in accordance with its terms.

ARTICLE IX MEANS FOR IMPLEMENTATION OF THE PLAN

9.1 General. On or after the Confirmation Date, the Debtor shall be empowered and authorized to take or cause to be taken, prior to the Effective Date, all actions necessary or appropriate to achieve the Effective Date and enable the Reorganized Debtor to implement effectively the provisions of the Plan, the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents, and the Confirmation Order, including the creation of the Talc Personal Injury Trust and the preparations

for the delivery, transfer, and assignment of assets to the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to Article IV.

9.2 Operations of the Debtor Prior to the Effective Date. The Debtor shall continue to operate as debtor and debtor-in-possession through and until the Effective Date.

9.3 Articles of Organization and Operating Agreement. From and after the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor shall be governed pursuant to the Amended Charter Documents. The Amended Articles of Organization and the Amended Operating Agreement shall contain such provisions as are necessary to satisfy the provisions of the Plan and, to the extent necessary to prohibit the issuance of non-voting equity securities as required by section 1123(a)(6) of the Bankruptcy Code, subject to further amendment of the Amended Charter Documents after the Effective Date, as permitted by applicable law.

9.4 Corporate Action. On the Effective Date, the matters under the Plan involving or requiring corporate action of the Debtor or Reorganized Debtor, including actions requiring a vote of the board of managers and execution of all documentation incident to the Plan, shall be deemed to have been authorized by the Confirmation Order and to have occurred and be in effect from and after the Effective Date without any further action by the Bankruptcy Court or the officers or managers of the Debtor or Reorganized Debtor.

9.5 Authority of Officers. Each officer of the Debtor and the Reorganized Debtor shall be authorized and empowered to execute, deliver, file, or record such contracts, instruments, releases, and other agreements and documents and take such other actions as may be necessary or appropriate to effect and implement the provisions of the Plan. The secretary or any assistant secretary of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor shall be authorized to certify or attest to any of the actions taken pursuant to this Section 9.5.

9.6 Post-Effective Date Governance; Continued Existence of the Reorganized Debtor.

9.6.1 General. The Reorganized Debtor shall continue its existence as a separate entity after the Effective Date, with all the powers thereof, pursuant to the applicable law in the jurisdiction in which the Reorganized Debtor is formed and pursuant to the Amended Charter Documents and any other formation documents in effect following the Effective Date, and such documents are deemed to be adopted pursuant to the Plan and require no further action or approval.

9.6.2 Officers and Managers. On the Effective Date, the officers and managers of the Reorganized Debtor then in office shall continue to serve in such capacities, subject to the terms of the Amended Charter Documents and any other formation document in effect following the Effective Date.

9.6.3 Property and Operations. On the Effective Date, all property of the Debtor's Estate other than the assets delivered, transferred, or assigned to the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to Article IV, including any property acquired by the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor pursuant to the Plan, shall vest in the Reorganized Debtor, free and clear of all Claims, interests, liens, other Encumbrances, and liabilities of any kind except as otherwise expressly provided herein. On and after the Effective Date, the Reorganized

Debtor may operate its business and may use, acquire, or dispose of property and compromise or settle any claims, interests, or Retained Rights of Action, without supervision or approval by the Bankruptcy Court, or notice to any other Person, and free of any restrictions of the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rules.

9.7 Arrangements of the Reorganized Debtor with Managers, Officers, and Employees. As of the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor shall be authorized to: (a) maintain, amend, or revise existing indemnification and other arrangements with its active and retired managers and officers, subject to the terms and conditions of any such agreement, or enter into new indemnification and other arrangements with its active and retired managers and officers; and (b) maintain, amend, cancel, or revise the Secondment Agreement or enter into new employee secondment arrangements with its Affiliates; all as determined by the board of managers of the Reorganized Debtor.

9.8 Good Faith Compromise and Settlement. The Plan, the other Plan Documents, and the Confirmation Order constitute a good faith compromise and settlement of claims and controversies based on the unique circumstances of this Chapter 11 Case, and none of the foregoing documents, the Disclosure Statement, or any other papers filed in furtherance of Plan Confirmation, nor any drafts of such documents, may be offered into evidence or deemed as an admission in any context whatsoever beyond the purposes of the Plan, in any other litigation or proceeding, except as necessary, and as admissible in such context, to enforce their terms before the Bankruptcy Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction.

9.9 Resolution of Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims. Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims shall be channeled to and resolved by the Talc Personal Injury Trust in accordance with the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents, subject to: (a) the right of any Talc Insurance Company to raise any valid Talc Insurer Coverage Defense in response to any claim, cause of action, or right asserted by the Talc Personal Injury Trust (acting through the Reorganized Debtor, as its subrogee having the exclusive right (i) to pursue and resolve any Talc In-Place Insurance Coverage, (ii) to pursue and resolve any Talc Insurance Action, (iii) to pursue and obtain any Talc Insurance Recoveries, and (iv) to negotiate and enter into any Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement) in respect of any Talc Insurance Assets; and (b) if the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 are applicable, the right of any Imerys/Cyprus Party to raise any valid Imerys/Cyprus Defense in response to any claim, cause of action, or right asserted by the Talc Personal Injury Trust in respect of any Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights.

9.10 Cash for Cash Contributions, Distributions, and Other Payments Pursuant to the Plan. All Cash for the payment of Cash Contributions, Distributions, and other Cash payments to be made by the Reorganized Debtor pursuant to the Plan and the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents shall be funded by the Reorganized Debtor. All Cash necessary for the Reorganized Debtor to fund the payment of such Cash Contributions, Distributions, and other Cash payments pursuant to the Plan and the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents shall be obtained through: (a) the Reorganized Debtor's Cash balances; (b) the Funding Agreements; or (c) such other means of financing or funding as determined by the board of managers of the Reorganized Debtor. On the Effective Date, J&J and Holdco shall execute and deliver to the Talc Personal Injury Trust the Cash Contributions Guarantee as provided in Section 4.9.1(c). For the avoidance of doubt, nothing

contained in this Section 9.10 shall in any way affect the obligations of J&J and Holdco under the Cash Contributions Guarantee.

9.11 Modification of the Plan.

(a) To the extent permissible under section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code, at any time prior to substantial consummation of the Plan, any proposed amendments to or modifications of the Plan under section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code or as otherwise permitted by law may be submitted by the Debtor (with the consent of (a) J&J, (b) solely to the extent that any proposed amendments to or modifications of the Plan materially negatively affect the rights of the AHC of Supporting Counsel expressly contained herein, the AHC of Supporting Counsel, (c) solely to the extent that any proposed amendments to or modifications of the Plan materially negatively affect the rights of the SLF expressly contained herein, the SLF, (d) solely to the extent that any proposed amendments to or modifications of the Plan materially negatively affect the rights of the TCC expressly contained herein, the TCC, and (e) solely to the extent that any proposed amendments to or modifications of the Plan materially negatively affect the rights of the FCR expressly contained herein, the FCR), without additional disclosure pursuant to section 1125 of the Bankruptcy Code, unless section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code requires additional disclosure. In addition, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, prior to the Effective Date, the Debtor may make appropriate technical adjustments and modifications to the Plan without further order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court, to the extent permissible under section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code; *provided, however*, that such technical adjustments and modifications do not adversely affect in a material way the rights or protections of the Protected Parties or the treatment of holders of Claims or Interests under the Plan.

(b) To the extent permissible under section 1127(b) of the Bankruptcy Code, following substantial consummation of the Plan, the Reorganized Debtor may remedy any defects or omissions or reconcile any inconsistencies in the Plan Documents for the purpose of implementing the Plan in such manner as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes and intent of the Plan.

(c) From and after the Effective Date, any holder of a Claim or Interest that has accepted the Plan shall be deemed to have accepted the Plan as amended, modified, or supplemented pursuant to this Section 9.11, unless the Bankruptcy Court rules otherwise.

9.12 Revocation or Withdrawal of the Plan. Without the prior order of the Bankruptcy Court, at any time prior to the earlier to occur of (a) the date that is one hundred seventy (170) days after the Confirmation Date and (b) the Effective Date, the Debtor (with the consent of J&J) may revoke and withdraw the Plan for either of the following reasons: (i) the Claims Submission Report (as such term is defined in the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement) shows that fewer than ninety-five percent (95%) of all holders of Existing Direct Claims who submitted their respective Existing Direct Claims to the Talc Personal Injury Trust within one hundred twenty (120) of the Confirmation Date included a properly completed and executed Acceptance and Release as part of their submission or (ii) the United States Trustee or any association or organization advocating on behalf of attorneys who regularly represent personal injury claimants appeals the Confirmation Order to the Fifth Circuit. Without the prior order of the Bankruptcy Court, the Debtor (with the consent of J&J) may revoke and withdraw the Plan at any time

following the Effective Date if there is an Adverse Appellate Ruling. If the Debtor revokes or withdraws the Plan, the Plan shall be deemed null and void and nothing contained herein shall be deemed to constitute a waiver or release of any claims by or against the Debtor, or any other Person, or to prejudice in any manner the rights of the Debtor, or any other Person, in any further proceedings involving the Debtor; *provided, however*, that any completed and executed Acceptance and Release then binding on a holder of a Talc Personal Injury Claim in accordance with its terms shall continue to be binding thereon in accordance with its terms. For the avoidance of doubt, unless and until the Plan is confirmed and the Effective Date occurs, the Plan will have no force or effect.

9.13 Certain Technical Modifications. Prior to the Effective Date, the Debtor may make appropriate technical adjustments and modifications to the Plan without further order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court, to the extent permissible under section 1127 of the Bankruptcy Code; *provided, however*, that such technical adjustments and modifications do not adversely affect in a material way the rights or protections of the Protected Parties or the treatment of holders of Claims or Interests under the Plan.

ARTICLE X EFFECT OF CONFIRMATION

10.1 Preservation of Rights of Action by the Debtor and the Reorganized Debtor.

10.1.1 Retained Rights of Action. The Reorganized Debtor shall retain and may enforce, prosecute or settle, and shall have the sole right to enforce, prosecute or settle, the Retained Rights of Action. The Reorganized Debtor or its successors may pursue or resolve such Retained Rights of Action, as appropriate in accordance with the best interests of the Reorganized Debtor or its successors holding such Retained Rights of Action. The Reorganized Debtor's rights under this Section 10.1.1 shall be preserved notwithstanding the occurrence of the Effective Date.

10.1.2 Reservation of Rights. No Person may rely on the absence of a specific reference in the Plan, any Plan Supplement, or the Disclosure Statement to any Retained Rights of Action against them as any indication that the Reorganized Debtor will not pursue the Retained Rights of Action. The Reorganized Debtor expressly reserves all rights to prosecute any and all Retained Rights of Action. Unless any of the Retained Rights of Action against a Person are expressly waived, relinquished, exculpated, released, compromised, or settled in the Plan or a Bankruptcy Court order, the Reorganized Debtor expressly reserves all such Retained Rights of Action for later adjudication, and, therefore, no preclusion doctrine, including the doctrines of *res judicata*, collateral estoppel, issue preclusion, claim preclusion, estoppel (judicial, equitable, or otherwise), or laches, shall apply to such Retained Rights of Action as a consequence of the Confirmation of the Plan.

10.1.3 Retained Defenses. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, upon the Effective Date, except as expressly provided in Article IV with respect to Talc Personal Injury Trust Defenses, Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights (if the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 are applicable), and Talc Insurance Assets, the Reorganized Debtor shall retain and enforce all defenses and counterclaims to all Claims that were or

could have been asserted against the Debtor or its Estate, including setoff, recoupment, and any rights under section 502(d) of the Bankruptcy Code.

10.1.4 No Approval Required. On or after the Effective Date, subject to Article IV with respect to Talc Personal Injury Trust Defenses, Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights (if the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 are applicable), and Talc Insurance Assets, the Reorganized Debtor may pursue, settle, or withdraw, without Bankruptcy Court approval, claims, rights, or causes of action as it determines in accordance with its best interests.

10.2 Imerys/Cyprus Matters.

10.2.1 Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights. If the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 are applicable, the provisions of this Section 10.2.1 shall apply to all Persons (including the Imerys/Cyprus Parties):

(a) Preservation of Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights. All Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights, and all claims, causes of action, and rights in respect thereof, shall be preserved notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Plan or the Confirmation Order. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in the Plan or the Confirmation Order shall discharge, settle, release, enjoin, or otherwise impair any claim against any Imerys/Cyprus Party based on, arising out of, or in any way relating to the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights.

(b) Actions in Respect of Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights From and After the Effective Date.

(i) Upon the transfer and assignment of the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights by the Reorganized Debtor to the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to Section 4.9.3 on the Effective Date or, if later, the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Termination Date, the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights shall exclusively vest in the Talc Personal Injury Trust in accordance with section 1123(a)(5)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code.

(ii) From and after the transfer and assignment of the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights by the Reorganized Debtor to the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to Section 4.9.3 on the Effective Date or, if later, the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Termination Date, the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall retain the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights, and all claims, causes of action, and rights in respect thereof, as the appointed estate representative in accordance with section 1123(b)(3)(B) of the Bankruptcy Court.

(iii) From and after the transfer and assignment of the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights by the Reorganized Debtor to the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to Section 4.9.3 on the Effective Date or, if later, the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Termination Date, the Talc Personal

Injury Trust shall have the exclusive right to pursue and resolve the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights.

(c) No Impairment of Rights or Obligations of Imerys/Cyprus Parties.

(i) Nothing contained in the Plan, the Plan Documents, or the Confirmation Order, including any provision that purports to be preemptory or supervening, shall in any way operate to, or have the effect of, impairing, altering, supplementing, changing, expanding, decreasing, or modifying the rights or obligations of any Imerys/Cyprus Party or the Debtor or any Debtor Corporate Party arising out of or under any Imerys/Cyprus Agreement. For all issues relating to indemnity rights of the Debtor, including the venue and choice-of-law rules for resolving disputes relating thereto, the provisions, terms, conditions, and limitations of the Imerys/Cyprus Agreements shall control. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing contained in the Plan, the Plan Documents, or the Confirmation Order shall operate to require any Imerys/Cyprus Party to indemnify or pay the liability of any other Protected Party that it would not have been required to pay in the absence of the Plan, or to impose any requirement for an Imerys/Cyprus Party to mount the defense of any claim, indemnify any claim, or otherwise undertake any action that an Imerys/Cyprus Party would not have been required to take in the absence of the Plan.

(ii) The Plan, the Plan Documents, the Confirmation Order, and all proceedings, determinations, and findings in, of, or by the Bankruptcy Court are neutral with respect to, and have no effect on, the rights, defenses, and obligations of the Debtor, the Debtor Corporate Parties, the Imerys/Cyprus Parties, and the Talc Personal Injury Trust under the Imerys/Cyprus Agreements. Nothing in the Chapter 11 Case shall be construed otherwise or be used as evidence to support or suggest a construction to the contrary.

(d) Plan Binding on Imerys/Cyprus Parties. The Plan, the Plan Documents, and the Confirmation Order shall be binding on the Imerys/Cyprus Parties; *provided, however*, that, except as provided in Section 10.2.1(e), none of (a) the Bankruptcy Court's approval of the Plan or the Plan Documents, (b) the Confirmation Order or any findings and conclusions entered with respect to Confirmation, nor (c) any estimation or valuation of Talc Personal Injury Claims, either individually or in the aggregate (including any agreement as to the valuation of Talc Personal Injury Claims) in the Chapter 11 Case shall, with respect to the Imerys/Cyprus Parties, constitute a trial or hearing on the merits or an adjudication, judgment, finding, conclusion, or other determination, or be used as evidence of or suggestion regarding the rights and obligations of any Imerys/Cyprus Party under any Imerys/Cyprus Agreement.

(e) Issues Actually Litigated by Imerys/Cyprus Parties. Nothing in this Section 10.2.1 is intended or shall be construed to preclude otherwise applicable principles of *res judicata* or collateral estoppel from being applied against the Imerys/Cyprus Parties

with respect to any issue that is actually litigated by any of them as part of its objections, if any, to Confirmation of the Plan or as part of any contested matter or adversary proceeding filed by any Imerys/Cyprus Party in connection with or related to Confirmation of the Plan; *provided, however*, that any Plan objection that an Imerys/Cyprus Party withdraws prior to the conclusion of the Confirmation Hearing (or a finding that an Imerys/Cyprus Party lacks standing to litigate or is otherwise unable to or chooses not to litigate at or before the Confirmation Hearing) shall be deemed not to have been actually litigated. The resolution of any related objection raised by other parties and any related findings or determinations (other than those contemplated by Section 8.1(e)(xix)) shall not be offered for evidentiary purposes nor be binding on any Imerys/Cyprus Party in any way or otherwise prejudice, impair, or affect (under principles of preclusion, waiver, estoppel, or otherwise) an Imerys/Cyprus Party's legal, equitable, or contractual rights or obligations. No Imerys/Cyprus Party shall be bound, prejudiced, impaired, or affected (under principles of preclusion, waiver, estoppel, or otherwise) by the fact that an Imerys/Cyprus Party withdrew, chose to withdraw, or did not press any objection or argument before or after Confirmation.

10.2.2 Imerys/Cyprus Settlement. If the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Closing Date occurs, whether prior to, on, or following the Effective Date, nothing in the Plan or any other Plan Document will prevent a holder of a Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim from recovering from both (a) the Talc Personal Injury Trust in respect of his, her, or its Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim and (b) any trust established pursuant to any plan of reorganization that becomes effective in any chapter 11 case of Imerys, Cyprus, or any of their respective Affiliates (or the estates thereof) in respect of talc-related personal injury claims against Imerys, Cyprus, and/or any of their respective Affiliates, so long as the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement (including the releases contemplated thereby) is effective and, in the case of recovery from a trust established pursuant to any such plan of reorganization, such plan of reorganization is consistent with the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement (including the releases contemplated thereby).

10.3 Talc Insurance Assets. The provisions of this Section 10.3 shall apply to all Persons (including all Talc Insurance Companies).

10.3.1 Preservation of Talc Insurance Assets. All Talc Insurance Assets, and all claims, causes of action, and rights in respect thereof, shall be preserved notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Plan or the Confirmation Order. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in the Plan or the Confirmation Order shall discharge, settle, release, enjoin, or otherwise impair any claim against any Talc Insurance Company based on, arising out of, or in any way relating to the Talc Insurance Assets.

10.3.2 Actions in Respect of Talc Insurance Assets From and After the Effective Date.

(a) Upon the transfer and assignment of the Talc Insurance Assets by the Reorganized Debtor to the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to Section 4.9.4 on the Effective Date, subject to the provisions of Section 4.9.4 and the Cooperation Agreement,

the Talc Insurance Assets shall exclusively vest in the Talc Personal Injury Trust in accordance with section 1123(a)(5)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code;

(b) From and after the transfer and assignment of the Talc Insurance Assets by the Reorganized Debtor to the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to Section 4.9.4 on the Effective Date, subject to the provisions of Section 4.9.4 and the Cooperation Agreement, the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall retain the Talc Insurance Assets, and all claims, causes of action, and rights in respect thereof, as the appointed estate representative in accordance with section 1123(b)(3)(B) of the Bankruptcy Court; and

(c) From and after the transfer and assignment of the Talc Insurance Assets by the Reorganized Debtor to the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to Section 4.9.4 on the Effective Date, pursuant to the provisions of Section 4.9.4 and the Cooperation Agreement: (i) the Reorganized Debtor, as the subrogee of the Talc Personal Injury Trust, shall have the exclusive right (A) to pursue and resolve any Talc In-Place Insurance Coverage, (B) to pursue and resolve any Talc Insurance Action, (C) to pursue and obtain any Talc Insurance Recoveries, and (D) to negotiate and enter into any Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement; and (ii) any of the following received by the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall be delivered to, and retained by, the Reorganized Debtor: (A) all proceeds of Talc In-Place Insurance Coverage; (B) all proceeds or benefits of any Talc Insurance Action; and (C) all amounts payable pursuant to any Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in the Plan, the Plan Documents, or the Confirmation Order shall impair or otherwise affect any rights that any Debtor Corporate Party may have under any Talc Insurance Policy or Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement.

10.3.3 No Impairment of Rights or Obligations of Talc Insurance Companies.

(a) Except as provided in any Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement or in Section 11.2.1, nothing contained in the Plan, the Plan Documents, or the Confirmation Order, including any provision that purports to be preemptory or supervening, shall in any way operate to, or have the effect of, impairing, altering, supplementing, changing, expanding, decreasing, or modifying the rights or obligations of any Talc Insurance Company or the Debtor arising out of or under any Talc Insurance Policy. For all issues relating to insurance coverage, the provisions, terms, conditions, and limitations of the Talc Insurance Policies or Talc Insurance Settlement Agreements shall control. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing contained in the Plan, the Plan Documents, or the Confirmation Order shall operate to require any Talc Insurance Company to indemnify or pay the liability of any Protected Party that it would not have been required to pay in the absence of the Plan.

(b) The Plan, the Plan Documents, the Confirmation Order, and all proceedings, determinations, and findings in, of, or by the Bankruptcy Court are neutral with respect to, and have no effect on, the rights, defenses, and obligations of the Debtor, the Talc Insurance Companies, and the Talc Personal Injury Trust under the Talc Insurance Policies. Nothing in the Chapter 11 Case shall be construed otherwise or be used as evidence to support or suggest a construction to the contrary.

10.3.4 Plan Binding on Talc Insurance Companies. The Plan, the Plan Documents, and the Confirmation Order shall be binding on the Talc Insurance Companies; *provided, however*, that, except as provided in Section 10.3.6, none of (a) the Bankruptcy Court's approval of the Plan or the Plan Documents, (b) the Confirmation Order or any findings and conclusions entered with respect to Confirmation, nor (c) any estimation or valuation of Talc Personal Injury Claims, either individually or in the aggregate (including any agreement as to the valuation of Talc Personal Injury Claims) in the Chapter 11 Case shall, with respect to any Talc Insurance Company, constitute a trial or hearing on the merits or an adjudication, judgment, finding, conclusion, or other determination, or be used as evidence of or suggestion regarding the rights and obligations of any Talc Insurance Company under any Talc Insurance Policy.

10.3.5 Plan Protections of Settling Talc Insurance Companies. No provision of the Plan, other than those provisions contained in the applicable Injunctions set forth in Article XI, shall be interpreted to affect or limit the protections afforded to any Settling Talc Insurance Company by the Channeling Injunction or the Insurance Entity Injunction.

10.3.6 Issues Actually Litigated by the Talc Insurance Companies. Nothing in this Section 10.3 is intended or shall be construed to preclude otherwise applicable principles of *res judicata* or collateral estoppel from being applied against any Talc Insurance Company with respect to any issue that is actually litigated by such Talc Insurance Company as part of its objections, if any, to Confirmation of the Plan or as part of any contested matter or adversary proceeding filed by such Talc Insurance Company in conjunction with or related to Confirmation of the Plan; *provided, however*, that any Plan objection that a Talc Insurance Company withdraws prior to the conclusion of the Confirmation Hearing (or a finding that a Talc Insurance Company lacks standing to litigate or is otherwise unable to or chooses not to litigate at or before the Confirmation Hearing) shall be deemed not to have been actually litigated. The resolution of any related objection raised by other parties and any related findings or determinations (other than those contemplated by Section 8.1(e)(xx)) shall not be offered for evidentiary purposes nor be binding on any Talc Insurance Company in any way or otherwise prejudice, impair, or affect (under principles of preclusion, waiver, estoppel, or otherwise) a Talc Insurance Company's legal, equitable, or contractual rights or obligations. No Talc Insurance Company shall be bound, prejudiced, impaired, or affected (under principles of preclusion, waiver, estoppel, or otherwise) by the fact that a Talc Insurance Company withdrew, chose to withdraw, or did not press any objection or argument before or after Confirmation.

10.4 Preservation of Rights of Action by the Talc Personal Injury Trust. As of the Effective Date, the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall be empowered to initiate, prosecute, defend, settle, maintain, administer, preserve, pursue, and resolve all legal actions and other proceedings related to any asset, liability, or responsibility of the Talc Personal Injury Trust, including Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims and Talc Personal Injury Trust Defenses. Without limiting the foregoing, on and after the Effective Date, the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall be empowered to initiate, prosecute, defend, settle, maintain, administer, preserve, pursue, and resolve all such actions in the name of either the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, if deemed necessary or appropriate by the Talc Personal Injury Trust. The Talc Personal Injury Trust shall be responsible for the payment of all damages, awards, judgments, settlements, expenses, costs, fees, and other

charges incurred subsequent to the Effective Date arising out of or in any way relating to any such legal action or other proceeding. This Section 10.4 shall not apply to legal actions and other proceedings related to (a) if the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 are applicable, the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights, which shall be pursued, resolved, and settled in accordance with the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 10.2.1, or (b) the Talc Insurance Assets, which shall be pursued, resolved, and settled in accordance with the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 10.3.

10.5 Terms of Injunctions and Automatic Stay.

10.5.1 General. Any and all injunctions and/or automatic stays provided for in or in connection with the Chapter 11 Case, whether pursuant to sections 105, 362, or any other provision of the Bankruptcy Code, Bankruptcy Rules, or other applicable law in existence immediately prior to the Confirmation Date, shall remain in full force and effect until the Injunctions become effective pursuant to a Final Order, and shall continue to remain in full force and effect thereafter as and to the extent provided by the Plan, the Confirmation Order, or by their own terms. In addition, on and after Confirmation, the Debtor may seek such further orders as the Debtor deems necessary or appropriate to preserve the status quo during the time between the Confirmation Date and the Effective Date.

10.5.2 Effectiveness. Each of the Injunctions contained in the Plan or the Confirmation Order shall become effective on the Effective Date and shall continue in effect at all times thereafter unless otherwise provided by the Plan or the Confirmation Order.

10.6 The FCR and the TCC.

10.6.1 General. The FCR and the TCC shall continue in their official capacities until the Effective Date. The Debtor shall pay the reasonable fees and expenses incurred by the FCR and the TCC through the Effective Date, in accordance with the Compensation Procedures Order and the terms of the Plan, including Section 2.2.

10.6.2 Dissolution. On the Effective Date, the TCC shall dissolve, and the members of such committee shall be released and discharged from all duties and obligations arising from or related to the Chapter 11 Case. Similarly, on the Effective Date, the FCR shall be deemed released and discharged from all duties and obligations from or related to the Chapter 11 Case. The Professionals retained by the TCC and the members thereof or by the FCR shall not be entitled to assert any Fee Claim for any services rendered or expenses incurred after the Effective Date, except for services rendered and expenses incurred in connection with any applications for allowance of compensation and reimbursement of expenses pending on the Effective Date or filed and served after the Effective Date pursuant to Section 2.2.

10.7 No Effect on United States Trustee. Nothing in this Section 10 shall limit or otherwise affect the rights of the United States Trustee under section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code

or otherwise to object to Claims or requests for allowance of Fee Claims and other Administrative Claims.

10.8 Binding Effect. Subject to Section 10.2 and Section 10.3, as of the Effective Date, the Plan, the Plan Documents, and the Confirmation Order shall be binding on the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, the Talc Personal Injury Trust, any and all holders of Claims against or Interests in the Debtor (regardless of whether such Claim or Interest is Impaired and regardless of whether such holder voted to accept the Plan), and any and all other Persons that are affected in any manner by the Plan.

ARTICLE XI DISCHARGE, RELEASES, INJUNCTIONS, AND EXCULPATION

11.1 Discharge and Injunctions.

11.1.1 Discharge of Claims Against the Debtor. As of the Effective Date, Confirmation of the Plan shall afford the Debtor a discharge to the fullest extent permitted by Bankruptcy Code sections 524 and 1141(d)(1).

11.1.2 Discharge Injunction. From and after the Effective Date, to the maximum extent permitted under applicable law, all Persons that hold, have held, or may hold a Claim, demand, or other debt or liability that is discharged are permanently enjoined from taking any of the following actions on account of, or on the basis of, such discharged Claims, demands, debts, or liabilities: (i) commencing or continuing any action or other proceeding of any kind against the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or their respective property; (ii) enforcing, attaching, collecting, or recovering by any manner or means of any judgment, award, decree, or order against the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or their respective property; (iii) creating, perfecting, or enforcing any lien or other Encumbrance of any kind against the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or their respective property; and (iv) commencing or continuing any judicial or administrative proceeding, in any forum and in any place in the world, that does not comply with or is inconsistent with the provisions of the Plan or the Confirmation Order. The foregoing injunction shall extend to the successors of the Debtor (including the Reorganized Debtor) and their respective properties and interests in property. The discharge provided in this Section 11.1 shall void any judgment obtained against the Debtor or any successor of the Debtor (including the Reorganized Debtor) at any time, to the extent that such judgment relates to a discharged Claim or demand. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in this Section 11.1 shall impair the rights of holders of Judgment Claims to seek to enforce and collect on the judgments on which such Judgment Claims are based, including through the defense or prosecution of appellate litigation related thereto.

11.2 Releases.

11.2.1 Releases by the Debtor and Its Estate. As of the Effective Date, for good and valuable consideration (including services provided before and during the

Chapter 11 Case to facilitate the implementation of the Talc Personal Injury Trust), the adequacy of which is hereby confirmed, the Reorganized Debtor, the Debtor Corporate Parties, and the respective Representatives of the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, and the Debtor Corporate Parties shall be deemed conclusively, absolutely, unconditionally, irrevocably, and forever released, to the maximum extent permitted by law, as such law may be extended subsequent to the Effective Date, by the Debtor and the Estate from any and all claims, counterclaims, disputes, obligations, suits, judgments, damages, demands, debts, rights, causes of action, liens, remedies, losses, contributions, indemnities, costs, liabilities, fees (including attorneys' fees) and expenses whatsoever, including any indirect claims asserted or assertable on behalf of the Debtor or the Estate (including any Recovery Actions), whether liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, asserted or unasserted, accrued or unaccrued, existing or hereinafter arising, whether in law or equity, whether sounding in tort or contract, whether arising under federal or state statutory or common law, or any other applicable international, foreign, or domestic law, rule, statute, regulation, treaty, right, duty, requirement, or otherwise, that the Debtor or the Estate would have been legally entitled to assert in its own right, or on behalf of the holder of any Claim or Interest or other Person, based on, arising out of, or in any way relating to, in whole or in part, the Debtor (as it existed prior to or after the Petition Date), the 2021 Corporate Restructuring, the 2021 Chapter 11 Case, the 2023 Chapter 11 Case, the 2023 Conversion, the 2023 Funding Agreement Modifications, the Prepetition Corporate Restructuring, the Estate, the Chapter 11 Case, the purchase, sale, or rescission of the purchase or sale of any security of the Debtor, the subject matter of, or the transactions or events giving rise to, any Claim or Interest that is treated in the Plan, the business or contractual arrangements or interactions (including the exercise of any common law or contractual rights of setoff or recoupment at any time on or prior to the Effective Date) between the Debtor, on the one hand, and the Reorganized Debtor, any Debtor Corporate Party, or any Representative of the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or any Debtor Corporate Party, on the other hand, the sale or distribution of assets by Holdco in connection with the separation of J&J's consumer health business into a new company named Kenvue, Inc., the Love Proceeding, the Bynum Proceeding, the restructuring of any Claim or Interest before or during the Chapter 11 Case, the negotiation, formulation, preparation, or implementation of, or the solicitation of votes with respect to, the Plan, or any other act or omission related to the Disclosure Statement, the Plan, or any related agreement, instrument, or document or any of the foregoing. Notwithstanding the foregoing, claims or causes of action against the Reorganized Debtor, any Debtor Corporate Party, or any Representative of the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or any Debtor Corporate Party arising out of or relating to any act or omission of such Person prior to the Effective Date that is determined by Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction to have constituted a criminal act, actual fraud, gross negligence, or willful misconduct, including findings after the Effective Date, are not released pursuant to this Section 11.2.1; *provided, however*, that (i) no Person may commence or pursue any such claim or cause of action without the Bankruptcy Court (A) first determining, after notice and a hearing, that such claim or cause of

action represents a colorable claim and (B) specifically authorizing such Person to bring such claim or cause of action and (ii) to the fullest extent permitted by law, the Bankruptcy Court shall have sole and exclusive jurisdiction to adjudicate the underlying colorable claim or cause of action. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing contained in this Section 11.2.1 shall release or otherwise affect the obligations of any Person to be performed from and after the Effective Date under any Funding Agreement, the Cash Contributions Guarantee, or any other Plan Document to which it is a party. The Reorganized Debtor, and any other entity that continues the Debtor's business after the Effective Date, shall be bound, to the same extent the Debtor and the Estate are bound, by the releases set forth in this Section 11.2.1.

11.2.2 Releases by Holders of Claims. As of the Effective Date, for good and valuable consideration, the adequacy of which is hereby confirmed, including the service of the Released Parties before and during the Chapter 11 Case to facilitate the implementation of the Talc Personal Injury Trust, the Released Parties shall be deemed conclusively, absolutely, unconditionally, irrevocably, and forever released, to the maximum extent permitted by law, as such law may be extended subsequent to the Effective Date, by the Releasing Claim Holders from any and all claims, counterclaims, disputes, obligations, suits, judgments, damages, demands, debts, rights, causes of action, liens, remedies, losses, contributions, indemnities, costs, liabilities, fees (including attorneys' fees), and expenses whatsoever, including any indirect claims asserted or assertable on behalf of the Debtor or the Estate (including any Recovery Actions), whether liquidated or unliquidated, fixed or contingent, matured or unmatured, known or unknown, foreseen or unforeseen, asserted or unasserted, accrued or unaccrued, existing or hereinafter arising, whether in law or equity, whether sounding in tort or contract, whether arising under federal or state statutory or common law, or any other applicable international, foreign, or domestic law, rule, statute, regulation, treaty, right, duty, requirement or otherwise, that such holders or their estates, Affiliates, heirs, executors, administrators, successors, assigns, managers, accountants, attorneys, representatives, consultants, agents, and any other Persons or parties claiming under or through them would have been legally entitled to assert in their own right (whether individually or collectively), or on behalf of the holder of any Claim or Interest or other Person, based on, arising out of, or in any way relating to, in whole or in part, the Debtor (as it existed prior to or after the Petition Date), the 2021 Corporate Restructuring, the 2021 Chapter 11 Case, the 2023 Chapter 11 Case, the 2023 Conversion, the 2023 Funding Agreement Modifications, the Prepetition Corporate Restructuring, the Estate, the Chapter 11 Case, the purchase, sale, or rescission of the purchase or sale of any security of the Debtor, the subject matter of, or the transactions or events giving rise to, any Claim or Interest that is treated in the Plan, the business or contractual arrangements or interactions (including the exercise of any common law or contractual rights of setoff or recoupment at any time on or prior to the Effective Date) between the Debtor, on the one hand, and any other Released Party, on the other hand, the restructuring of any Claim or Interest before or during the Chapter 11 Case, the sale or distribution of assets by Holdco in connection with the separation of J&J's consumer health business into a new company named Kenvue, Inc., the Love Proceeding, the Bynum Proceeding, the negotiation, formulation, preparation, or implementation of, or the

solicitation of votes with respect to, the Plan, or any other act or omission related to the Disclosure Statement, the Plan, or any related agreement, instrument, or document or any of the foregoing. Notwithstanding the foregoing: (a) claims or causes of action against a Released Party arising out of or relating to any act or omission of such Released Party prior to the Effective Date that is determined by Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court or any other court of competent jurisdiction to have constituted a criminal act, actual fraud, gross negligence, or willful misconduct, including findings after the Effective Date, are not released pursuant to this Section 11.2.2; *provided, however*, that (i) no Person, without regard to whether such Person is a Releasing Claim Holder, may commence or pursue any such claim or cause of action without the Bankruptcy Court (A) first determining, after notice and a hearing, that such claim or cause of action represents a colorable claim and (B) specifically authorizing such Person to bring such claim or cause of action and (ii) to the fullest extent permitted by law, the Bankruptcy Court shall have sole and exclusive jurisdiction to adjudicate the underlying colorable claim or cause of action; (b) holders of Master Settlement Agreement Claims shall not release their rights to have such Master Settlement Agreement Claims considered for settlement and, if such Master Settlement Agreement Claims qualify for settlement, settled under the Master Settlement Agreements; and (c) holders of Judgment Claims shall not release their rights to seek to enforce and collect on the judgments on which such Judgment Claims are based, including through the defense or prosecution of appellate litigation related thereto. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing contained in this Section 11.2.2 shall release or otherwise affect the obligations of any Person to be performed from and after the Effective Date under any Funding Agreement, the Cash Contributions Guarantee, or any other Plan Document to which it is a party.

11.2.3 Injunction Related to Releases. The Confirmation Order shall permanently enjoin the commencement or prosecution by any Person, whether directly, indirectly, or otherwise, of any claims, commitments, obligations, suits, judgments, damages, demands, debts, causes of action, and liabilities released pursuant to this Section 11.2.

11.3 Channeling Injunction and Insurance Entity Injunction. In order to supplement the injunctive effect of the Discharge Injunction, and pursuant to section 524(g), section 1123(b)(6), and/or section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, the Confirmation Order shall provide for the following permanent injunctions to take effect as of the Effective Date.

11.3.1 Channeling Injunction.

(a) To preserve and promote the settlements contemplated by and provided for in the Plan and pursuant to the exercise of the equitable jurisdiction and power of the Bankruptcy Court and the District Court under section 524(g), section 1123(b)(6), and/or section 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Plan, (i) the sole recourse of any holder of a Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim against a Protected Party (on account of such Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim) shall be to and against the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents and (ii) such

holder shall have no right whatsoever at any time to assert its Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim against any Protected Party or any property or interest in property of any Protected Party. On and after the Effective Date, all holders of Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims shall be permanently and forever stayed, restrained, barred, and enjoined from taking any action for the purpose of, directly or indirectly, collecting, recovering, or receiving payment, satisfaction, or recovery of, on, or with respect to any Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim against a Protected Party other than from the Talc Personal Injury Trust pursuant to the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents, including:

(i) commencing, conducting, or continuing in any manner, directly or indirectly, any suit, action, or other proceeding of any kind (including a judicial, arbitration, administrative, or other proceeding) in any forum in any jurisdiction around the world against or affecting any Protected Party or any property or interests in property of any Protected Party;

(ii) enforcing, levying, attaching (including any prejudgment attachment), collecting, or otherwise recovering, by any manner or means, whether directly or indirectly, any judgment, award, decree, or order against any Protected Party or any property or interests in property of any Protected Party;

(iii) creating, perfecting, or otherwise enforcing in any manner, directly or indirectly, any lien of any kind against any Protected Party or any property or interests in property of any Protected Party;

(iv) asserting, implementing, or effectuating any setoff, recoupment, right of contribution, reimbursement, subrogation, or indemnification, or similar right of any kind, in any manner, directly or indirectly, against any obligation due to any Protected Party or against any property or interests in property of any Protected Party; and

(v) taking any act in any manner, and in any place whatsoever, that does not conform to, or comply with, the provisions of the Plan, the Plan Documents, or the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents or with regard to any matter that is within the scope of the matters designated by the Plan to be subject to resolution by the Talc Personal Injury Trust, except in conformity and compliance with the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents.

(b) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 11.3.1(a), this Channeling Injunction shall not impair:

(i) the rights of holders of Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims to assert such Talc Personal Injury Claims solely against the Talc Personal Injury Trust in accordance with the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents;

(ii) the rights of holders of Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims to assert such claims against anyone other than a Protected Party;

(iii) the rights of holders of Master Settlement Agreement Claims to have such Master Settlement Agreement Claims considered for settlement and, if such Master Settlement Agreement Claims qualify for settlement, settled under the Master Settlement Agreements, so long as such holder has not (A) previously received payment in respect of such Master Settlement Agreement Claim from the Talc Personal Injury Trust or (B) submitted such Master Settlement Agreement Claim to the Talc Personal Injury Trust under the Trust Distribution Procedures (unless such Master Settlement Agreement Claim has been properly withdrawn in accordance with the Trust Distribution Procedures and has not thereafter been resubmitted to the Talc Personal Injury Trust under the Trust Distribution Procedures);

(iv) the rights of holders of Judgment Claims to seek to enforce and collect on the judgments on which such Judgment Claims are based, including through the defense or prosecution of appellate litigation related thereto;

(v) the rights of all Persons to assert any claim, debt, obligation, cause of action, or liability for payment of Talc Personal Injury Trust Expenses solely against the Talc Personal Injury Trust; or

(vi) the Talc Personal Injury Trust from enforcing its rights explicitly provided to it under the Plan and the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents, including, if the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 are applicable, the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights.

(c) There shall be no modification, dissolution, or termination of the Channeling Injunction, which shall be a permanent injunction.

(d) Nothing in the Plan or the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement shall be construed in any way to limit the scope, enforceability, or effectiveness of the Channeling Injunction issued in connection with the Plan or the Talc Personal Injury Trust's assumption of all liability with respect to Talc Personal Injury Claims.

(e) The Debtor's compliance with the formal requirements of Bankruptcy Rule 3016(c) shall not constitute an admission that the Plan provides for an injunction against conduct not otherwise enjoined under the Bankruptcy Code.

(f) Any Protected Party may enforce the Channeling Injunction as a defense to any Claim brought against such Protected Party that is enjoined under the Plan as to such Protected Party and may seek to enforce such injunction in a court of competent jurisdiction.

(g) If a Talc Insurance Company that is not a Settling Talc Insurance Company asserts that it has Contribution Claims against a Settling Talc Insurance Company: (i) such Contribution Claims may be asserted as a defense or counterclaim against the Talc Personal Injury Trust in any Talc Insurance Action involving such Talc Insurance Company, and the Talc Personal Injury Trust (acting through the Reorganized Debtor, as its subrogee having the exclusive right to pursue and resolve any Talc Insurance Action) may assert the legal or equitable rights (if any) of the Settling Talc Insurance Company; and (ii) to the extent such Contribution Claims are determined to be valid, the liability (if any) of such Talc Insurance Company to the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall be reduced by the amount of such Contribution Claims.

11.3.2 **Insurance Entity Injunction.**

(a) In order to protect and preserve the Talc Insurance Assets, pursuant to the equitable jurisdiction and power of the Bankruptcy Court, the Bankruptcy Court shall issue the Insurance Entity Injunction; *provided, however*, that the Insurance Entity Injunction is not issued for the benefit of any Talc Insurance Company, and no Talc Insurance Company is a third-party beneficiary of the Insurance Entity Injunction, except as otherwise specifically provided in any Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement.

(b) Subject to the provisions of Section 11.3.1 and this Section 11.3.2, all Persons that have held or asserted, that hold or assert, or that may in the future hold or assert any claim, demand, or cause of action against any Talc Insurance Company based on, arising out of, or in any way relating to any Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim, whenever and wherever arising or asserted, whether in the United States of America or anywhere else in the world, whether sounding in tort, contract, warranty, or any other theory of law, equity, or admiralty, shall be stayed, restrained, and enjoined from taking any action for the purpose of directly or indirectly collecting, recovering, or receiving payments, satisfaction, or recovery with respect to any such claim, demand, or cause of action including:

(i) commencing, conducting, or continuing, in any manner, directly or indirectly, any suit, action, or other proceeding of any kind (including a judicial, arbitration, administrative, or other proceeding) in any forum with respect to any such claim, demand, or cause of action against any Talc Insurance Company, or against the property of any

Talc Insurance Company, with respect to any such claim, demand, or cause of action;

(ii) enforcing, levying, attaching, collecting, or otherwise recovering, by any means or in any manner, whether directly or indirectly, any judgment, award, decree, or other order against any Talc Insurance Company, or against the property of any Talc Insurance Company, with respect to any such claim, demand, or cause of action;

(iii) creating, perfecting, or enforcing in any manner, directly or indirectly, any Encumbrance against any Talc Insurance Company, or the property of any Talc Insurance Company, with respect to any such claim, demand, or cause of action; and

(iv) asserting or accomplishing any setoff, right of subrogation, indemnity, contribution, or recoupment of any kind, directly or indirectly, against any obligation of any Talc Insurance Company, or against the property of any Talc Insurance Company, with respect to any such claim, demand, or cause of action;

provided, however, that: (A) the injunction set forth in this Section 11.3.2(b) shall not impair in any way (I) any actions pursued by the Talc Personal Injury Trust (acting through the Reorganized Debtor, as its subrogee) against any Talc Insurance Company, (II) the rights of the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor against any Talc Insurance Company with respect to amounts expended prior to the Effective Date, or (III) the rights of any co-insured of the Debtor (1) with respect to any Talc Insurance Policy or Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement against any Talc Insurance Company or (2) as specified under any Final Order of the Bankruptcy Court approving a Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement; and (B) the Talc Personal Injury Trust (acting through the Reorganized Debtor, as its subrogee) shall have the sole and exclusive authority at any time to terminate, or reduce or limit the scope of, the injunction set forth in this Section 11.3.2(b) with respect to any Talc Insurance Company upon express written notice to such Talc Insurance Company, except that the Talc Personal Injury Trust (acting through the Reorganized Debtor, as its subrogee) shall not have any authority to terminate, reduce, or limit the scope of the injunction herein with respect to any Settling Talc Insurance Company so long as, but only to the extent that, such Settling Talc Insurance Company complies fully with its obligations under any applicable Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement.

(c) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary above, this Insurance Entity Injunction shall not enjoin:

(i) the rights of all Persons to the treatment accorded them under the Plan, as applicable, including the rights of holders of Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims to assert such Claims, as

applicable, in accordance with the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents;

(ii) the rights of all Persons to assert any claim, debt, obligation, cause of action, or liability for payment of Talc Personal Injury Trust Expenses solely against the Talc Personal Injury Trust;

(iii) the rights of the Talc Personal Injury Trust (acting through the Reorganized Debtor, as its subrogee) (A) to pursue and resolve any Talc In-Place Insurance Coverage, (B) to pursue and resolve any Talc Insurance Action, (C) to pursue and obtain any Talc Insurance Recoveries, and (D) to negotiate and enter into any Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement; or

(iv) the rights of any Talc Insurance Company to assert any claim, debt, obligation, cause of action, or liability for payment against any other Talc Insurance Company that is not a Settling Talc Insurance Company, or as otherwise specifically provided in any Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement.

(d) For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in the Plan, the Plan Documents, or the Confirmation Order shall impair or otherwise affect any rights that any Debtor Corporate Party may have under any Talc Insurance Policy or Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement.

11.4 Exculpation.

11.4.1 Exculpation of Certain Parties. None of the Exculpated Parties shall have or incur any liability to any Person for any act or omission taken or to be taken, whether before, on, or after the Petition Date through and including the Effective Date in connection with, arising out of, or in any way relating to: (a) the Prepetition Corporate Restructuring or the Chapter 11 Case; (b) the negotiation, formulation, and preparation of the Plan and the other Plan Documents (including the Disclosure Statement), and any of the terms and/or settlements and compromises reflected in the Plan and the other Plan Documents, and the releases and Injunctions contained in the Plan; (c) the pursuit of Confirmation of the Plan (including the solicitation of votes with respect to the Plan); (d) the administration, consummation, and implementation of the Plan or the property to be distributed under the Plan or the Trust Distribution Procedures; or (e) the management or operation of the Debtor (except for any liability that results primarily from such Exculpated Party's criminal acts, actual fraud, willful misconduct, or gross negligence as determined by a Final Order). No Person may commence or pursue any claim or cause of action seeking to impose on any Exculpated Party liability for any such act or omission that results primarily from such Exculpated Party's criminal acts, actual fraud, willful misconduct, or gross negligence without the Bankruptcy Court (i) first determining, after notice and hearing, that such claim or cause of action represents a colorable claim and (ii) specifically authorizing such Person to bring such claim or cause of

action, and to the fullest extent permitted by law, the Bankruptcy Court shall have sole and exclusive jurisdiction to adjudicate the underlying colorable claim or cause of action. In all respects, each Exculpated Party shall be entitled to rely upon the advice of counsel with respect to their duties and responsibilities under, or in connection with, the Chapter 11 Case, the Plan, the Plan Documents, and the administration of each of them. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Exculpated Parties shall be entitled to and granted the protections and benefits of section 1125(e) of the Bankruptcy Code.

11.4.2 **Injunction Related to Exculpation.** The Confirmation Order shall permanently enjoin all Persons from taking any action against any Exculpated Party for the purpose of, directly or indirectly, receiving payment of, on, or with respect to any liability from which the Exculpated Parties are exculpated pursuant to this **Section 11.4.**

11.5 **Disallowed Claims.** On and after the Effective Date, the Debtor and the Reorganized Debtor shall have no liability or obligation on a Disallowed Claim, and any order disallowing a Claim which is not a Final Order as of the Effective Date solely because of a Person's right to move for reconsideration of such Final Order pursuant to section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rule 3008 shall, nevertheless, become and be deemed to be a Final Order on the Effective Date. The Confirmation Order shall constitute a Final Order: (a) disallowing all Claims (other than Talc Personal Injury Claims) to the extent such Claims are not allowable under any provision of Section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code, including time-barred Claims and Claims for unmatured interest; and (b) disallowing or subordinating to all other Claims, as the case may be, any Claims for penalties, punitive damages, or any other damages not constituting compensatory damages.

11.6 **No Successor Liability.** The Reorganized Debtor does not, pursuant to the Plan or otherwise, assume, agree to perform, pay, or indemnify any Person, or otherwise have any responsibility for any liabilities or obligations of the Debtor arising out of or in any way relating to the operations of or assets of the Debtor, whether arising prior to, on, or after the Effective Date. None of the Reorganized Debtor, the other Protected Parties, and the Talc Personal Injury Trust is, or shall be deemed to be, a successor to the Debtor by reason of any theory of law or equity (except as otherwise provided in Article IV), and none shall have any successor or transferee liability of any kind or character; *provided, however*, the Reorganized Debtor and the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall assume and remain liable for their respective obligations specified in the Plan and the Confirmation Order.

11.7 **Corporate Indemnities.**

11.7.1 **Prepetition Indemnification and Reimbursement Obligations.** The obligations of the Debtor to indemnify and reimburse Persons who are or were managers, officers, or employees of the Debtor on the Petition Date or at any time thereafter through the Effective Date, against and for any obligations pursuant to the articles of organization or operating agreement of the Debtor, applicable state or non-bankruptcy law, or specific agreement, or any combination of the foregoing, (a) shall survive Confirmation of the Plan and remain unaffected thereby, (b) are assumed by the Debtor, and (c) shall not be

discharged under Section 1141 of the Bankruptcy Code, irrespective of whether indemnification or reimbursement is owed in connection with any event occurring before, on, or after the Petition Date.

11.7.2 Plan Indemnity. In addition to the matters set forth above and not by way of limitation thereof, the Debtor shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless all Persons who are or were managers or officers of the Debtor on the Petition Date or at any time thereafter through the Effective Date on account of and with respect to any claim, cause of action, liability, judgment, settlement, cost, or expense (including attorney's fees) on account of claims or causes of action threatened or asserted by any third party against such managers or officers that seek contribution, indemnity, equitable indemnity, or any similar claim, based upon or as the result of the assertion of primary claims against such third party by any representative of the Debtor's Estate.

11.7.3 Limitation on Indemnification. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary set forth in the Plan or elsewhere, the Debtor and the Reorganized Debtor, as applicable, shall not be obligated to indemnify, defend, or hold harmless any Person for any claim, cause of action, liability, judgment, settlement, cost, or expense that results primarily from: (a) such Person's bad faith, gross negligence, or willful misconduct; or (b) a Talc Personal Injury Claim.

11.8 Independent Legal Significance of Individual Provisions. For the avoidance of doubt, each of Sections 11.1 through 11.8 is legally independent from the other such Sections and the validity and effect of any such Section is not dependent upon, will not be affected in any manner by, and will not be interpreted or construed by reference to any other such Section. By way of illustration and not limitation, the releases set forth in Section 11.2 are independent from, will not be affected in any manner by, and will not be interpreted or construed by reference to the Channeling Injunction set forth in Section 11.4.

ARTICLE XII JURISDICTION OF BANKRUPTCY COURT

12.1 Jurisdiction. Subject to Section 12.3, the Bankruptcy Court shall retain the fullest and most extensive exclusive jurisdiction that is permissible (and to the extent not permitted, non-exclusive jurisdiction), including the jurisdiction necessary to ensure that the purposes and intent of the Plan are carried out. The Bankruptcy Court shall retain exclusive jurisdiction (and to the extent not permitted, non-exclusive jurisdiction) to hear and determine all Claims against the Debtor and all other causes of action which may exist on behalf of the Debtor; *provided, however*, that this Section 12.1 shall not apply to adjudication or enforcement of any Talc Insurance Action.

12.2 Specific Purposes. Subject to Section 12.3, in furtherance to the foregoing, the Bankruptcy Court shall retain exclusive jurisdiction (and to the extent not permitted, non-exclusive jurisdiction) for each of the following specific purposes after Confirmation of the Plan:

- (a) to modify the Plan after Confirmation, pursuant to the provisions of the Bankruptcy Code and the Bankruptcy Rules;

(b) to correct any defect, cure any omission, reconcile any inconsistency, or make any other necessary changes or modifications in or to the Plan, the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement, or the Confirmation Order as may be necessary to carry out the purposes and intent of the Plan;

(c) to assure the performance by the Talc Personal Injury Trust and the Disbursing Agent of their respective obligations under the Plan including hearing and determining any motions or contested matters that may arise between or among the Talc Trustee, the Talc Trust Advisory Committee, and/or the FCR in connection with the administration of the Talc Personal Injury Trust and/or the Trust Distribution Procedures;

(d) to enforce and interpret the terms and conditions of the Plan, the other Plan Documents, and the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement; to enter such orders or judgments, including injunctions (i) as are necessary to enforce the title, rights, and powers of the Reorganized Debtor and the Talc Personal Injury Trust and (ii) as are necessary to enable holders of Claims to pursue their rights against any Person that may be liable therefor pursuant to applicable law or otherwise;

(e) to hear and determine any motions or contested matters involving taxes, tax refunds, tax attributes, tax benefits, and similar or related matters, including contested matters arising on account of transactions contemplated by the Plan, or relating to the period of administration of the Chapter 11 Case;

(f) to hear and determine all applications for compensation of Professionals and reimbursement of expenses under sections 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 503(b), or 1103 of the Bankruptcy Code;

(g) to hear and determine any causes of action arising during the period from the Petition Date through the Effective Date, or in any way related to the Plan or the transactions contemplated hereby;

(h) to adjudicate any Retained Rights of Action that are retained by the Reorganized Debtor hereunder, including any Recovery Actions and the causes of action listed or described on Exhibit F;

(i) to resolve any matters related to the assumption, assumption and assignment, or rejection of any Executory Contract or Unexpired Lease to which the Debtor is a party or with respect to which the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor may be liable and to hear, determine and, if necessary, liquidate any Claims arising therefrom, including any Cure Amount Claims;

(j) to determine such other matters and for such other purposes as may be provided in the Confirmation Order;

(k) to determine the allowance and/or disallowance of any Non-Talc Claims, including Administrative Claims, against the Debtor or the Estate, including any objections to any such Non-Talc Claims, and the compromise and settlement of any Non-Talc Claim, including Administrative Claims, against the Debtor or the Estate;

(l) to determine all questions and disputes regarding title to the assets of the Debtor or the Estate, or the Talc Personal Injury Trust;

(m) to issue such orders as may be necessary for the addition of any Settling Talc Insurance Company as a Protected Party;

(n) to hear and determine any other matters related hereto, including the implementation and enforcement of all orders entered by the Bankruptcy Court in the Chapter 11 Case;

(o) to resolve any disputes concerning whether a Person had sufficient notice of the Chapter 11 Case, the Disclosure Statement, any solicitation conducted in connection with the Chapter 11 Case, any bar date established in the Chapter 11 Case, in each case, for the purpose of determining whether a Claim is discharged hereunder or for any other purpose;

(p) to enter in aid of implementation of the Plan such orders as are necessary, including the implementation and enforcement of the releases and the Injunctions described herein; and

(q) to enter and implement such orders as may be necessary or appropriate if any aspect of the Plan, the Talc Personal Injury Trust, or the Confirmation Order is, for any reason or in any respect, determined by a court to be inconsistent with, violative of, or insufficient to satisfy any of the terms, conditions, or other duties associated with any Talc Insurance Policy; *provided, however*, that: (i) such orders shall not impair any Talc Insurer Coverage Defense or the rights, claims, or defenses, if any, of any Talc Insurance Company that are set forth or provided for in the Plan, the Plan Documents, the Confirmation Order, or any other Final Orders entered in the Chapter 11 Case; (ii) this provision does not, in and of itself, grant the Bankruptcy Court jurisdiction to hear and decide disputes arising out of or relating to any Talc Insurance Policy; and (iii) all interested parties, including any Talc Insurance Company, reserve the right to oppose or object to any such motion or order seeking such relief.

To the extent that the Bankruptcy Court is not permitted under applicable law to preside over any of the foregoing matters, the reference to the “Bankruptcy Court” in this Article shall be deemed to be replaced by the “District Court.” Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Article 12, the resolution of Talc Personal Injury Claims, and the forum in which such resolution will occur, shall be governed by and in accordance with the provisions of Section 3.2.4 and Article IV and the Talc Personal Injury Trust Documents.

12.3 District Court Jurisdiction. The District Court shall, without regard to the amount in controversy, retain exclusive jurisdiction after entry of the Confirmation Order to hear and determine any motion to enforce the Channeling Injunction, and shall be deemed to have withdrawn the reference to the Bankruptcy Court for such purpose.

12.4 Reservation of Rights. Nothing contained in the Plan shall (i) constitute a waiver of any claim, right, or cause of action that the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or the Talc Personal Injury Trust, as the case may be, may hold against the insurer under any policy of insurance or

insurance agreement, except to the extent the insurer is a Settling Insurance Company; or (ii) limit the assertion, applicability, or effect of any Talc Insurer Coverage Defense.

12.5 Compromises of Controversies. From and after the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor and/or the Talc Personal Injury Trust, as appropriate based on assets and liabilities retained or owed by each respectively, shall be authorized to compromise controversies in their discretion in a manner not inconsistent with the terms of the Plan, without notice to any other party or approval of or notice to the Bankruptcy Court.

ARTICLE XIII MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

13.1 Closing of Chapter 11 Case. The Reorganized Debtor shall, promptly after the full administration of the Chapter 11 Case, file with the Bankruptcy Court all documents required by Bankruptcy Rule 3022 and any applicable order of the Bankruptcy Court to close the Chapter 11 Case.

13.2 Timing of Distributions or Actions. If any payment or act under the Plan is required to be made or performed on a date that is not a Business Day, then the making of such payment or the performance of such act may be completed on the next succeeding Business Day, but shall be deemed to have been completed as of the required date.

13.3 Governing Law. Unless a rule of law or procedure is supplied by federal law (including the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rules), or an instrument, agreement, or other document executed under the Plan provides otherwise, the rights, duties, and obligations arising under the Plan, and the instruments, agreements, and other documents executed in connection with the Plan, shall be governed by, and construed and enforced in accordance with, the internal laws of the State of Texas without giving effect to the principles of conflicts of law thereof.

13.4 Entire Agreement. The Plan Documents set forth the entire agreement and undertakings relating to the subject matter thereof and supersede all prior discussions, negotiations, understandings, and documents. No Person shall be bound by any terms, conditions, definitions, warranties, understandings, or representations with respect to the subject matter hereof, other than as expressly provided for in the Plan or the other Plan Documents or as may hereafter be agreed to by the affected parties in writing.

13.5 Notices to the Debtor and Reorganized Debtor. All notices, requests, and demands required or permitted to be provided to the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor under the Plan, in order to be effective, shall be in writing, and unless otherwise expressly provided herein, shall be deemed to have been duly given or made when actually delivered or, in the case of notice by facsimile transmission, when received and telephonically confirmed, to the addresses set forth below:

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13.6 Post-Effective Date Notices by the Reorganized Debtor. After the occurrence of the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor has authority to send a notice to any Person providing that to continue to receive documents pursuant to the Bankruptcy Rule 2002, such Person must file a renewed request to receive documents pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2002; *provided, however*, that the United States Trustee need not file such a renewed request and shall continue to receive documents without any further actions being necessary. After the occurrence of the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor is authorized to limit the list of Persons receiving documents pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 2002 to the United States Trustee and those Persons that have filed such renewed requests.

13.7 Inconsistencies. To the extent the Plan is inconsistent with the Disclosure Statement or other Plan Documents, the provisions of the Plan shall be controlling. To the extent the Plan is inconsistent with the Confirmation Order, the provisions of the Confirmation Order shall be controlling.

13.8 Withholding of Taxes. The Disbursing Agent, the Talc Personal Injury Trust, or any other applicable withholding agent, as applicable, shall withhold from any assets or property distributed under the Plan any assets or property which must be withheld for foreign, federal, state, and local taxes payable with respect thereto or payable by the Person entitled to such assets to the extent required by applicable law.

13.9 Transfer Taxes. Pursuant to Section 1146 of the Bankruptcy Code, and to the fullest extent permitted by law, no stamp tax, transfer tax, filing fee, sales or use tax, or other similar tax shall be imposed or assessed by any taxing authority on account of (a) the transfer of any assets or property pursuant to the Plan; or (b) the making or delivery of an instrument of transfer under the Plan. The appropriate state or local government officials or agents shall be directed to forego the collection of any such tax and to accept for filing or recordation of any of the foregoing instruments or other documents without the payment of any such tax.

13.10 Successors and Assigns. The rights, duties, and obligations of any Person under the Plan, the Plan Documents, and the Confirmation Order shall be binding upon, and shall inure to the benefit of, the successors, assigns, heirs, executors, legal representatives, and estates of such Person.

13.11 Duty to Cooperate. Nothing in the Plan, the other Plan Documents, or the Confirmation Order shall relieve (by way of injunction or otherwise) any Person that is or claims to be entitled to indemnity under a Talc Insurance Policy from any duty to cooperate that may be required by any such insurance policy or under applicable law with respect to the defense and/or settlement of any Claim for which coverage is sought under such Talc Insurance Policy.

13.12 Effective Date Actions Simultaneous. Unless the Plan or the Confirmation Order provides otherwise, actions required to be taken on the Effective Date shall take place and be deemed to have occurred simultaneously, and no such action shall be deemed to have occurred prior to the taking of any other such action.

13.13 Plan Supplements. Any and all exhibits, lists, or schedules referred to herein but not attached to the Plan shall be contained in a Plan Supplement, and each Plan Supplement is incorporated into and is part of the Plan as if set forth in full herein. Each Plan Supplement will be distributed to the same parties and in the same manner as the Disclosure Statement at least twenty-eight (28) days prior to the deadline for the submission of votes on the Plan and will also be available at the website maintained by the Claims Agent (<https://dm.epiq11.com/redrivertalc>).

Dated: December 9, 2024

Respectfully submitted,

RED RIVER TALC LLC

/s/ John Bittner

John Bittner

Chief Restructuring Officer

EXHIBIT C

Cash Contributions

On each date specified in the table below (column (a)), the Reorganized Debtor shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the Talc Personal Injury Trust Cash Contributions in the amount set forth opposite such date (column (b)).

Delivery Date for Cash Contribution* (a)	Total Amount of Cash Contribution to be Delivered to the Talc Personal Injury Trust (b)
Effective Date	\$2,487,500,000, as adjusted**
1st Anniversary of Petition Date	\$2,487,500,000, as adjusted***
2nd Anniversary of Petition Date	\$1,600,000,000, as adjusted***
3rd Anniversary of Petition Date	\$400,000,000, as adjusted***
7th Anniversary of Petition Date****	\$0
12th Anniversary of Petition Date	\$388,000,000
17th Anniversary of Petition Date	\$383,000,000
22nd Anniversary of Petition Date	\$383,000,000
25th Anniversary of Petition Date	\$481,000,000
TOTAL	\$8,610,000,000 as adjusted

* No Cash Contribution shall be delivered prior to the Effective Date. If the delivery date for a Cash Contribution set forth below occurs prior to the Effective Date, such Cash Contribution shall instead be delivered on the Effective Date.

** The amount to be delivered to the Talc Personal Injury Trust on the Effective Date shall be adjusted as follows:

- (a) commencing on the first Business Day after the Confirmation Date, interest shall accrue on such amount at the rate of 4.41% per annum, with interest to be calculated (i) on the basis of a 365/366-day year and paid for the actual number of days elapsed and (ii) taking into account the amounts and dates of any Cash advances made by the Debtor in accordance with any Trust Expense Advancement Order prior to the Effective Date; and

- (b) such amount shall be reduced by the aggregate amount of any Cash advanced by the Debtor in accordance with any Trust Expense Advancement Order prior to the Effective Date.

- *** If the delivery date set forth for such Cash Contribution occurs prior to the Effective Date and, accordingly, such Cash Contribution is to be delivered on the Effective Date, the amount to be delivered to the Talc Personal Injury Trust shall be adjusted as follows: commencing on the first Business Day after the delivery date set forth for such Cash Contribution, interest shall accrue on such amount at the rate of 4.41% per annum, with interest to be calculated on the basis of a 365/366-day year and paid for the actual number of days elapsed.
- **** While No Cash Contribution is due on the seventh anniversary of the Petition Date, the \$388,000,000 principal amount of the Talc PI Note is payable on the later of (1) the seventh anniversary of the Petition Date and (2) the first anniversary of the Effective Date.

EXHIBIT E

COOPERATION AGREEMENT

In connection with the Second Amended Prepackaged Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization of the Debtor, dated as of December 9, 2024, as the same may from time to time be amended or modified and as confirmed by order of the United States Bankruptcy Court for Southern District of Texas and/or the United States District Court for Southern District of Texas (the “**Plan**”),¹ this agreement (this “**Agreement**”) is made, effective as of the first Business Day following the Confirmation Date (such date, the “**Cooperation Agreement Effective Date**”), by and among (1) the Talc Personal Injury Trust (the “**Trust**”), (2) Red River Talc LLC (the “**Debtor**” and, upon the Effective Date of the Plan the “**Reorganized Debtor**”), (3) Johnson & Johnson (“**J&J**”) (with the Trust, the Debtor (and, upon the Effective Date of the Plan, the Reorganized Debtor), and J&J being referred to herein individually as a “**Party**” and collectively as the “**Parties**”), and (4) King & Spalding LLP, Shook, Hardy & Bacon L.L.P., and Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP (together, the “**Custodians**”).

RECITALS

WHEREAS, Section 4.15 of the Plan contemplates that a Cooperation Agreement will be executed among the Parties to provide for the process whereby (1) certain books and records of the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, and the other Debtor Corporate Parties related to the Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims will be made available to the Trust, (2) if the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 of the Plan are applicable, the Reorganized Debtor and J&J will, and J&J will cause the other Debtor Corporate Parties to, reasonably cooperate with the Trust with respect to the Trust’s pursuit and resolution of all claims, causes of action, and rights in respect of any Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights transferred and assigned to the Trust, and (3) the Trust will reasonably cooperate with the Reorganized Debtor, as subrogee of the Trust, in connection with the exercise of the Reorganized Debtor’s exclusive right to (a) pursue and resolve any Talc In-Place Insurance Coverage, (b) pursue and resolve any Talc Insurance Action, (c) pursue and obtain any Talc Insurance Recoveries, and (d) negotiate and enter into any Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement; and

WHEREAS, in consideration of the above-stated premises, the mutual covenants contained herein, and for good and valuable consideration, the Parties and Custodians agree as follows:

ARTICLE I

COOPERATION AS TO CHANNELED TALC PERSONAL INJURY CLAIMS

Section 1.1 Claim Records.

Section 1.1.1 Claim Records to be Produced. The Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, the Custodians, and J&J will, and J&J will cause the other Debtor Corporate Parties to, use commercially reasonable efforts to collect, copy, and provide to the Trust in an agreed upon format, following a reasonable search, the Documents² described in the “Documents to be Produced”

¹ Capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Plan.

² The term “**Document**” shall refer to all documents, data, information, compilations, correspondence, communications, written materials, records and writings of any type or description, however created, reproduced or retrieved, and in every form, including, without limitation, databases, computer/electronic files,

column of Exhibit A hereto (the “**Claim Records**”) on or before the date that is thirty (30) days after the Cooperation Agreement Effective Date (the period ending on such date, the “**Transfer Period**”). The Custodians shall be reimbursed for their reasonable fees and expenses incurred in connection with performing any obligations under this Section 1.1.1 in accordance with Section 1.4 herein. The Parties agree that any work provided by the Custodians in connection with this Agreement shall not serve as a basis for the assertion of a conflict against any Custodian with respect to any other matters in which the Custodians are retained.

Section 1.1.2 Preservation of Records.

(a) Until the production of the Claim Records to the Trust, the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, the Custodians, and J&J shall, and J&J shall cause the other Debtor Corporate Parties to, preserve, or cause to be preserved, the Claim Records. With respect to Claim Records that were in the possession, custody, or control of the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor or its predecessor, or J&J, or the other Debtor Corporate Parties controlled directly or indirectly by J&J, or the Custodians as of the Petition Date, the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtors, J&J, and the Custodians represent and warrant, to the best of their knowledge and information, that they have taken reasonable steps to preserve the Documents in their possession, custody, or control, or in the possession, custody, or control of the other Debtor Corporate Parties controlled, directly or indirectly, by J&J up to and through the Cooperation Agreement Effective Date.

(b) After all Claim Records in the possession, custody, or control, of the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or its predecessor, J&J, the other Debtor Corporate Parties controlled, directly or indirectly, by J&J, or the Custodians are provided or delivered to the Trust in accordance with this Cooperation Agreement, the Parties acknowledge and agree that any records in the possession of the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, the Custodians, J&J, or any other Debtor Corporate Party other than those discussed herein are outside the scope of this Agreement, and that the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, the Custodians, and J&J have no obligation to the Trust, and J&J has no obligation to the Trust to cause the other Debtor Corporate Parties, to arrange for their production to the Trust or otherwise preserve such documents for the benefit of the Trust.

Section 1.1.3 Effect of Privilege and Legal Restrictions. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, and the Custodians shall not be required, and J&J shall not be required to cause any other Debtor Corporate Party, except by order of an appropriate court, to produce or make available for inspection: (a) any information that is subject to a valid privilege or work product protection; or (b) any information that the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or any other Debtor Corporate Party is under a legal obligation, including due to personal privacy issues of an employee or contractual obligation, to refrain from providing to a third party absent subpoena or formal discovery request, whether or not privileged.

Section 1.1.4 Restrictions on Use of Records. The Trust shall use the Claim Records that are provided to the Trust, subject to any third-party confidentiality obligations, solely for the purposes of (a) processing, evaluating, defending, resolving, liquidating, and paying the Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims, (b) responding, at the Talc Trustee’s reasonable discretion and

drafts, and partially completed documents maintained by, or in the possession or control of, the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, and the other Debtor Corporate Parties.

consistent with applicable law, to third-party requests for Documents in connection with pending or anticipated talc litigation, and (c) responding, at the Talc Trustee's reasonable discretion, to requests for Documents made by the FCR, Talc Trust Advisory Committee, or holders of Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims (collectively, the "**Claimants**").

Section 1.2 Cooperation.

Section 1.2.1 Debtor, Reorganized Debtor, Custodian, and J&J Obligations. The Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, the Custodians, and J&J will, and J&J will cause the other Debtor Corporate Parties to, use commercially reasonable efforts to provide the Trust any applicable Claim Records pursuant to this Agreement before the end of the Transfer Period. In addition, upon a reasonable request by the Trust, the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor and J&J will provide the Trust with access to the remaining and currently existing talcum power samples that are part and parcel of the MDL sample protocol.

Section 1.2.2 Trust Obligations. The Trust will use commercially reasonable efforts to cooperate with the other Parties and the Custodians with respect to the matters contemplated by this Agreement. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, to the extent a formal or informal document request, subpoena, or other demand for production of Documents related to a Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim is served upon the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, the Custodians, J&J, or any other Debtor Corporate Party by any party in an action in which the Trust is a named party and the Trust is in possession, custody, or control of all or part of the responsive documents, the Trust shall undertake to produce such documents instead of the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, the Custodians, J&J, or the other Debtor Corporate Party upon written request to the Trust by the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, the Custodians, J&J, or the Debtor Corporate Party (as applicable).

Section 1.3 Reimbursement of Fees and Expenses of the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor or any Debtor Corporate Party. To the extent expressly provided herein, and subject to Section 4.6 and Section 4.9.4(b) of the Plan and Section 3.2 of this Agreement, the Trust shall pay all Talc Personal Injury Trust Expenses from the assets of the Trust and shall bear sole responsibility with respect to Talc Personal Injury Trust Expenses. Subject to Section 4.6 and Section 4.9.4(b) of the Plan and Section 3.2 of this Agreement, the Trust shall promptly pay all reasonable and documented Talc Personal Injury Trust Expenses incurred by the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or any Debtor Corporate Party for any and all liabilities, costs, or expenses as a result of taking action at the direction of the Trust, *provided, however*, that the Trust shall not be liable for, and shall not pay or reimburse, any costs or expenses incurred by the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or any Debtor Corporate Party in connection with the production or transferring of Claim Records to the Trust in accordance with this Agreement.

Section 1.4 Reimbursement of Fees and Expenses of the Custodians. From and after the Cooperation Agreement Effective Date, the Trust shall reimburse the Custodians for their reasonable fees and expenses, solely to the extent incurred as a result of taking action at the direction of the Trust, within thirty (30) days of receipt by the Trust of an invoice containing a reasonably detailed description of such fees and expenses, *provided, however*, that (1) the Trust shall not be liable for, and shall not pay or reimburse, any costs or expenses incurred by the Custodians in connection with the production or transferring of Claim Records to the Trust in

accordance with this Agreement and (2) such costs and expenses incurred by the Custodians in connection with the production or transferring of Claim Records to the Trust in accordance with this Agreement shall be the responsibility of the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or any other Debtor Corporate Party, as applicable. To the extent of any dispute regarding the fees and expenses to be reimbursed pursuant to this Section 1.4, either the Trust or the Custodian seeking reimbursement may seek a remedy from the Bankruptcy Court. All amounts to be paid by the Trust pursuant to this Section 1.4 shall be paid in accordance with Section 3.3(a) of the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement.

ARTICLE II COOPERATION AS TO IMERYS/CYPRUS RELATED RIGHTS

Section 2.1 Assignment of Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights. If the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 of the Plan are applicable, the Instrument of Assignment and Assumption in the form attached as Exhibit 2 to the Trust Agreement that will be executed by the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, and the Trust shall, as contemplated by Section 1.7(a) of the Trust Agreement and pursuant to, and in accordance with, Section 4.9.3 of the Plan, transfer and assign the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights to the Trust. Pursuant to Section 4.9.3(b) of the Plan, from and after the Effective Date or, if later, the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Termination Date: (1) the Trust shall have control over the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights and the Trust shall be the estate representative pursuant to section 1123(b)(3)(B) of the Bankruptcy Code with the exclusive right to enforce the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights; and (2) the proceeds of the recoveries on any Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights shall be delivered to and become the property of the Talc Personal Injury Trust.

Section 2.2 Reorganized Debtor and J&J Obligations. If the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 of the Plan are applicable, the obligations set forth in this Section 2.2 shall apply. From and after the Effective Date, or, if later, the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Termination Date: (1) the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, and the Trust shall cooperate and use their commercially reasonable efforts to take, or cause to be taken, all actions and to do, or cause to be done, all things that are reasonably necessary or appropriate to effectuate the transfer and assignment of the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights to the Trust in accordance with Section 4.9.3 of the Plan; and (2) without limiting the generality of the foregoing clause (1), the Reorganized Debtor and J&J shall provide, or make available, to the Trust copies of the Imerys/Cyprus Agreements. In addition, the Reorganized Debtor and J&J will, and J&J will cause the other Debtor Corporate Parties to, use commercially reasonable efforts to cooperate with the Trust, specifically in connection with, and in anticipation of the Trust's litigation of, any Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights, including without limitation by providing pleadings, Documents, and/or evidence concerning the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights reasonably requested by the Trust. If the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 of the Plan are applicable, the Reorganized Debtor and J&J agree not to enter into any settlement or compromise relating to the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights.

Section 2.3 Trust Obligations. If the provisions of Section 4.9.3 and Section 5.9.1 of the Plan are applicable, the obligations of the Trust set forth in this Section 2.3 shall apply. To the extent a formal or informal document request, subpoena, or other demand for production of Documents related to the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights is served upon the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or any other Debtor Corporate Party by any party in an action in which the Trust is a named party and the Trust is in possession, custody, or control of all or part of the responsive documents, the Trust shall

undertake to produce such responsive documents in the possession, custody, or control of the Trust instead of the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or the other Debtor Corporate Party upon written request to the Trust by the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or the Debtor Corporate Party (as applicable). The Trust shall pay, and bear sole responsibility with respect to the payment of, all costs and expenses, including attorney's fees and expenses and other out-of-pocket fees and expenses, incurred by the Trust after the Effective Date concerning the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights or any analysis or litigation related thereto.

ARTICLE III COOPERATION AS TO INSURANCE

Section 3.1 Assignment of Talc Insurance Assets. The Reorganized Debtor, J&J, and the Trust shall execute the Effective Date Assignment and Assumption Instrument in the form attached as Exhibit 2 to the Trust Agreement, as contemplated by Section 1.8(a) of the Trust Agreement and pursuant to, and in accordance with, Section 4.9.4 of the Plan, to transfer and assign the Talc Insurance Assets to the Trust. For the avoidance of doubt, the Reorganized Debtor shall not transfer and assign to the Trust, and shall retain, (1) all proceeds of the Talc In-Place Insurance Coverage received by the Debtor on or prior to the Effective Date and all rights to Talc-In Place Insurance Coverage for amounts expended prior to the Effective Date, (2) all proceeds or benefits of any Talc Insurance Action received by the Debtor on or prior to the Effective Date and all rights to proceeds or benefits of any Talc Insurance Action for amounts expended prior to the Effective Date, and (3) all amounts payable to any Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement received by the Debtor on or prior to the Effective Date and all amounts payable pursuant to any Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement for amounts expended prior to the Effective Date.

Section 3.2 Reorganized Debtor Rights and Obligations. Pursuant to Section 4.9.4 of the Plan, from and after the Effective Date (1) the Reorganized Debtor, as subrogee of the Trust, shall have the exclusive right: (a) to pursue and resolve any Talc In-Place Insurance Coverage, (b) to pursue and resolve any Talc Insurance Action, (c) to pursue and obtain any Talc Insurance Recoveries, and (d) to negotiate and enter into any Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement and (2) any of the following received by the Trust shall be delivered to, and retained by, the Reorganized Debtor, which may thereafter use the same as it may determine in its sole discretion: (a) all proceeds of Talc In-Place Insurance Coverage; (b) all proceeds or benefits of any Talc Insurance Action; and (c) all amounts payable pursuant to any Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement. The Reorganized Debtor shall pay, and bear sole responsibility with respect to the payment of, all costs and expenses, including attorney's fees and expenses and other out-of-pocket fees and expenses, incurred by the Reorganized Debtor acting as subrogee of the Trust concerning the Talc Insurance Assets or any analysis or litigation related thereto. The Reorganized Debtor shall promptly pay all reasonable and documented expenses incurred by the Trust for any and all liabilities, costs, or expenses as a result of taking actions on behalf of or at the direction of the Reorganized Debtor or J&J in connection with the Trust's obligations set forth in Section 3.3. Neither the Reorganized Debtor nor J&J is obligated to provide information to the Trust concerning pursuit of the Talc Insurance Assets, in particular any Talc Insurance Action.

Section 3.3 Trust Obligations. The Trust shall use commercially reasonable efforts to cooperate with the Reorganized Debtor, specifically in connection with, and in anticipation of the Reorganized Debtor's litigation and efforts to obtain recoveries in connection with the Talc

Insurance Assets. This cooperation shall include, without limitation and if reasonably requested by the Reorganized Debtor, providing documents, information, affidavits, and/or testimony to support pursuit of the Talc Insurance Assets. The Trust further affirmatively covenants and agrees not to impede pursuit of the Talc Insurance Assets. The Trust shall immediately deliver to the Reorganized Debtor: (1) all proceeds of Talc In-Place Insurance Coverage; (2) all proceeds or benefits of any Talc Insurance Action; and (3) all amounts payable pursuant to any Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement. The Trust agrees not to enter into any settlement or compromise relating to the Talc Insurance Assets.

ARTICLE IV TERM OF THIS AGREEMENT

The obligations under this Agreement shall expire, as to J&J, on the date that is one hundred and eighty (180) days after the termination and winding up of the Trust under the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement and, as to the Reorganized Debtor, on the earlier of (1) one hundred and eighty (180) days after the termination and winding up of the Trust under the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement and (2) the date on which the Reorganized Debtor ceases to have any officers or managers (such date, the “**Expiration Date**”).

ARTICLE V MISCELLANEOUS

Section 5.1 Preservation of Privileges and Defenses. To the extent the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, any other Debtor Corporate Party, or any Custodian inadvertently transfers to the Trust any documents to which a privilege or work product protection attaches or which the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, the other Debtor Corporate Party, or the Custodian contends are exempted from being provided pursuant to Article I above (an “**Inadvertently Provided Document**”), the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, the Debtor Corporate Party, or the Custodian may, in writing following actual discovery of such inadvertent production, request the return of any Inadvertently Provided Document. A request for the return of an Inadvertently Provided Document shall identify the document inadvertently provided and the basis for withholding such document from production. If the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, any Debtor Corporate Party, or any Custodian requests the return, pursuant to this Section 5.1, of any Inadvertently Provided Document then in the custody of the Trust, the Trust shall within ten (10) business days (a) return or destroy the Inadvertently Provided Document and all copies thereof, (b) undertake reasonable measures to obtain or confirm the destruction of any copies it produced to other parties, and (c) destroy all notes or other work product reflecting the content of such Inadvertently Provided Document. If a dispute arises under this Section 5.1, such dispute shall be fully and finally resolved by a special discovery master selected by the Trust and either the Custodians or the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or the other Debtor Corporate Party (as applicable). If the Parties cannot agree on the selection of a special discovery master, the Trust shall petition the Bankruptcy Court or other court of competent jurisdiction to have one appointed. Any and all fees, costs, or expenses incurred by the Trust in connection with the return or destruction of Inadvertently Provided Documents shall be promptly reimbursed by the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J, as applicable, upon written request by the Trust reasonably documenting such fees, costs, or expenses.

Section 5.2 Confidentiality.

(a) The Trust shall not provide any third party access to any document that was previously designated Confidential or Highly Confidential or filed under seal pursuant to a protective or confidentiality order (all such orders, “**Protective Orders**,” and all such material, “**Subject Material**”) unless such third party has executed a confidentiality obligation in form and substance acceptable to the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor, as applicable, and J&J and fourteen (14) business days’ notice is given to the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or other Debtor Corporate Party, whichever produced the Subject Material. Such access shall be subject to the terms of this Agreement, including, without limitation, Section 1.1.4 above and Section 5.2(c) below, and the Subject Material shall maintain its Confidential or Highly Confidential designation. In any proceeding to which the Trust is a party in a forum other than the Bankruptcy Court, the Trust shall not provide access to any Subject Material to any party to such proceeding without the express written consent of the producing party, it being understood that the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor and J&J shall, and J&J shall cause the other Debtor Corporate Parties to, reasonably cooperate with the Trust to execute such written consent and not unreasonably withhold such consent. The foregoing is without prejudice to the right of the Trust or any party to seek appropriate relief from a court of competent jurisdiction in the event that such consent is withheld.

(b) The Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or any other Debtor Corporate Party shall have the ability to designate information produced pursuant to this Agreement as “Highly Confidential” if the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or the other Debtor Corporate Party (as applicable) reasonably believe that such information is of the nature, such as trade secrets, sensitive financial or business information, or material prepared by the producing party’s industry advisors, financial advisors, accounting advisors, experts, or its consultants (and their respective staff, that a significant competitive or commercial harm would be created if such information were disclosed.

(c) The terms of the Protective Orders shall apply in full to the Subject Material and any other information provided pursuant to the terms of this Agreement with the following modifications:

(i) notwithstanding the terms of the Protective Orders, information provided pursuant to this Agreement and designated under the Protective Orders may be used by the Trust and provided to third parties, the FCR, the Talc Trust Advisory Committee, and Claimants in accordance with Section 1.1.4 above consistent with confidentiality designations and associated restrictions on use based on such designations;

(ii) if the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or any other Debtor Corporate Party designates information Highly Confidential pursuant to Section 5.2(b) above (the “**Highly Confidential Material**”), then the Trust may share such information solely with the Talc Trustee, the Talc Trust Advisory Committee, the FCR, the respective retained professionals of each of the foregoing, and retained professionals of holders of Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims that agree in writing reasonably satisfactory to the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or the other Debtor Corporate Party (as applicable) to keep such information highly confidential (collectively, the “**Recipients**”);

(iii) to the extent reasonably practical and so long as the information is otherwise discoverable, the Recipient shall provide thirty (30) business days' notice (unless exigent circumstances do not afford time for such notice, in which case the Recipient shall endeavor to provide as much notice as possible) to the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or the other Debtor Corporate Party (as applicable) before disclosing any Highly Confidential Material to the Bankruptcy Court or other court of competent jurisdiction orally or in writing to allow the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or the other Debtor Corporate Party (as applicable) to obtain a protective order or agreement (if they choose to do so), and if the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or the other Debtor Corporate Party (as applicable) does not obtain a protective order or agreement, the Recipient shall make any such disclosure under seal, unless such court orders otherwise;

(iv) in the event that the Recipient is required or requested (A) by a court of competent jurisdiction, (B) in connection with a foreign proceeding or litigation, or (C) by a federal, state, or local governmental or regulatory body, in each case, to disclose any Highly Confidential Material supplied to the Recipient, the Recipient will provide the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or the other Debtor Corporate Party (as applicable) with prompt written notice of such request or requirements so that the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or the Debtor Corporate Party (as applicable) may seek, at its sole cost and expense, an appropriate protective order or agreement and/or seek appropriate approvals from the Bankruptcy Court and/or any other court, tribunal, or governmental or regulatory body having jurisdiction over the relevant action, litigation, proceeding, or hearing, as applicable; and in the absence of a protective order or the receipt of a waiver hereunder, the Recipient may only disclose, without liability hereunder, that portion of the Highly Confidential Material that it is legally compelled to disclose; and

(v) to the extent that the Recipient is subject to examination by a regulatory authority or bank auditor, it shall not be in breach of its obligations hereunder if it permits such authority or bank auditor to review the Highly Confidential Material, without notice to any persons, in connection with a review of the Recipient's files.

Section 5.3 New Documents. Nothing in this Agreement shall require any Party or any third party to create any new documents or to compile or organize any data contained in existing documents into any new documents, except to the extent needed to satisfy the obligations set forth in Section 3.3.

Section 5.4 Notices. All notices, requests, or other communications required or permitted to be made in accordance with this Agreement shall be in writing and shall be effective when either served by hand delivery, email, facsimile transmission, express overnight courier service, or by registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, addressed to the Parties and Custodians at their respective addresses set forth below, or to such other address or addresses as any Party or Custodian may later specify by written notice to the other Parties and Custodian:

(a) To the Trust:

Red River Talc Personal Injury Trust
c/o

Fouad Kurdi
30 Monument Square, Suite 245
Concord, MA 01742

To the Debtor (or, upon the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor): [●]

With a copy to:

Jones Day
2727 N. Harwood Street
Dallas, Texas 75201
Attention: Dan Prieto
Email: dbprieto@jonesday.com

(b) To J&J (or any other Debtor Corporate Party):

c/o Johnson & Johnson
One Johnson & Johnson Plaza
New Brunswick, New Jersey 08933
Attention: [●]
Email: [●]

(c) To the Custodians:

King & Spalding LLP
1185 Avenue of Americas
34th Floor
New York, NY 10036
Attention: Kristen Fournier
Email: kfournier@kslaw.com

Shook, Hardy & Bacon L.L.P.
600 Travis St.
Suite 3400
Houston, TX 77002
Attention: Kat Frazier
Email: kfrazier@shb.com

Skadden, Arps, Slate, Meagher & Flom LLP
One Manhattan West
New York, NY 10001
Attention: Allison M. Brown
Email: allison.brown@skadden.com

Section 5.5 Effectiveness. This Agreement shall become effective on the Cooperation Agreement Effective Date.

Section 5.6 Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in two or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original but all of which shall constitute one and the same agreement.

Section 5.7 Governing Law. This Agreement shall be construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Texas, without regard to any Texas conflict of law principles that would result in the application of laws of any other jurisdiction.

Section 5.8 Consent to Jurisdiction. The Parties and Custodians mutually agree that, as relates to their obligations under this Agreement, the Bankruptcy Court shall retain exclusive jurisdiction (and to the extent not permitted, non-exclusive jurisdiction) over all matters regarding the interpretation, implementation, and enforcement of this Agreement and the Parties and Custodians consent to personal jurisdiction and venue in the Bankruptcy Court. To the extent that the Bankruptcy Court is not permitted under applicable law to preside over any of the foregoing matters, the reference to the “Bankruptcy Court” in this Section 5.8 shall be deemed to be replaced by the “District Court.”

Section 5.9 Severability; Validity. Whenever possible, each provision of this Agreement shall be interpreted in such manner as to be effective and valid under applicable law, but to the extent that any provision of this Agreement or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid or unenforceable, the remainder of this Agreement, and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances, shall not be affected thereby, unless doing so would alter the fundamental agreements expressed in this Agreement, and to such end, the provisions of this Agreement are agreed to be severable.

Section 5.10 No Waiver. The Parties and Custodians agree that no failure or delay by any Party or Custodian in exercising any right, power, or privilege hereunder will operate as a waiver thereof, and that no single or partial exercise thereof will preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any right, power, and privilege hereunder.

Section 5.11 Entire Agreement. This Agreement, the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement, and the Plan contain the entire agreement of the Parties and Custodians concerning the subject matter hereof, and supersede all prior representations and agreements between or among the Parties and Custodians as to such subject matter. No modification of this Agreement or waiver of the terms and conditions hereof will be binding upon the Parties or Custodians unless approved in writing by the Parties and Custodians.

Section 5.12 Authorization. Each Party and Custodian represents and warrants that the individual signing this Agreement for such Party or Custodian below is its duly authorized representative and has the power and authority to execute and deliver this Agreement on behalf of, and to bind, such Party or Custodian.

Section 5.13 Headings. The headings used herein are for convenience only and shall not be considered in construing or interpreting any of the provisions of this Agreement.

Section 5.14 Binding Effect. The Parties and Custodians agree that this Agreement is for the benefit of and shall be binding upon the Parties, the Custodians, and their respective successors.

The Debtor Corporate Parties (other than J&J) are intended third-party beneficiaries of this Agreement and shall be entitled to enforce their express rights hereunder. A Party's rights and obligations under this Agreement may not be assigned or delegated without the prior written consent of the other Parties. Any purported assignment of rights or delegation of obligations under this Agreement other than as permitted by this Section shall be null and void.

[SIGNATURES ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties and the Custodians have caused this Agreement to be duly executed by their respective representatives thereunto duly authorized as of the Effective Date of the Plan.

DEBTOR

RED RIVER TALC LLC

By: _____

Name: _____

Title: _____

J&J

JOHNSON & JOHNSON

By: _____

Name: _____

Title: _____

CUSTODIANS

KING & SPALDING LLP

By: _____

Name: _____

Title: _____

SHOOK, HARDY & BACON L.L.P.

By: _____

Name: _____

Title: _____

SKADDEN, ARPS, SLATE, MEAGHER & FLOM LLP

By: _____

Name: _____

Title: _____

TALC PERSONAL INJURY TRUST

Fouad Kurdi, solely as the Trustee of the
Talc Personal Injury Trust, and not in his
individual capacity

EXHIBIT A - CLAIM RECORDS

Documents to be Produced¹	
a.	All Documents produced by the Reorganized Debtor, ² J&J, or any other Debtor Corporate Party, in any talc litigation related to Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims (also known as the “J&J Global Production”).
b.	All of the written discovery responses of the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or any other Debtor Corporate Party in talc litigation related to the Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims except for responses pertaining solely to jurisdictional issues; <u>provided, however</u> , that any such discovery responses may be redacted with respect to responses that do not concern Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims.
c.	All deposition or trial transcripts, affidavits, or any other sworn statements of employees of the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or any other Debtor Corporate Party offered in the course of talc litigation related to the Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims. For the avoidance of doubt, this category is not intended to include all verifications filed in connection with routine discovery.
d.	A list of all filed and served cases in the talc litigation related to the Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims as of the date of this Agreement, which list shall include a column indicating the status of the case (active, dismissed, settled).

¹ All documents that are produced to the Trust will be produced subject to any third party confidentiality obligations to which the producing party is bound and shall consist solely of non-privileged documents.

² Reference herein to the Reorganized Debtor shall be deemed to include LTL Management LLC, LLT Management LLC, and the former Johnson & Johnson Consumer Inc. (“**Old JJCI**”) unless the context otherwise requires.

Documents Requested
e. A spreadsheet including the date each ballot was submitted with respect to the Plan.
f. Existing indices relating to the Claim Records.
g. A copy of each expert report concerning talc testing that was filed and/or produced by the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or any other Debtor Corporate Party in talc litigation relating to Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims.

EXHIBIT H

RED RIVER TALC PERSONAL INJURY TRUST AGREEMENT

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RED RIVER TALC PERSONAL INJURY TRUST AGREEMENT

This Red River Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement (this “**Trust Agreement**”), dated [•], and effective as of the first Business Day following the Confirmation Date, is entered into pursuant to the Second Amended Prepackaged Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization of the Debtor [Docket No. [•]] (as may be further amended or modified, the “**Plan**”),¹ by:

- (1) Red River Talc LLC (the “**Debtor**” and, on and after the Effective Date, the “**Reorganized Debtor**”), a Texas limited liability company and the debtor and debtor-in-possession whose Chapter 11 Case, known as *In re: Red River Talc LLC*, is administered in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of Texas (“**Bankruptcy Court**”), Case No. 20-90505 (CML) (the “**Bankruptcy Case**”);
- (2) Johnson & Johnson, a New Jersey corporation (“**J&J**”);
- (3) Johnson & Johnson Holdco (NA) Inc., a New Jersey corporation that was previously named J&J Intermediate Holding Corp. (“**Holdco**”);
- (4) the members (“**TAC Members**”) of the Talc Trust Advisory Committee (the “**TAC**”) identified on the signature pages hereto;
- (5) the FCR (the “**FCR**”);
- (6) the Talc Trustee (the “**Trustee**”) identified on the signature pages hereto; and
- (7) [•] (the “**Delaware Trustee**” and, together with the Debtor, J&J, Holdco, the TAC Members, the FCR, and the Trustee, the “**Parties**”).

¹ All capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the definitions set forth in the Plan or the TDP (as defined below), as applicable, and such definitions are incorporated herein by reference. All terms used but not defined herein or in the Plan or the TDP, but defined in the Bankruptcy Code or Bankruptcy Rules, shall have the definitions set forth in the Bankruptcy Code and Bankruptcy Rules, and such definitions are incorporated herein by reference.

RECITALS

WHEREAS, the Debtor expects to reorganize pursuant to the Plan; and

WHEREAS, the Confirmation Order confirming the Plan pursuant to section 1129 of the Bankruptcy Code has been entered by the District Court; and

WHEREAS, the Plan provides for, among other things, the creation of the Talc Personal Injury Trust (the “**Talc Trust**”) pursuant to this Trust Agreement; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Plan, from and after the Effective Date, the Talc Trust is to use its assets and income to resolve all Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims (“**Talc Claims**”); and

WHEREAS, it is the intent of the Debtor, J&J, Holdco, the TAC Members, the FCR, and the Trustee that the Talc Trust will be administered, maintained and operated at all times through mechanisms that provide reasonable assurance that the Trust will value, and be in a financial position to pay, Talc Claims that involve similar Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims in substantially the same manner and in accordance with the terms of the Plan, the Confirmation Order, this Trust Agreement, and the Trust Distribution Procedures in the form attached as Exhibit K to the Plan (the “**TDP**”); and

WHEREAS, all rights of the holders of Talc Claims arising under this Trust Agreement and the TDP shall vest upon the Effective Date; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to the Plan, the Talc Trust is intended to qualify as a “qualified settlement fund” (a “**Qualified Settlement Fund**”) within the meaning of section 1.468B-1 *et seq.* of the Treasury Regulations promulgated under section 468B of the Internal Revenue Code (the “**QSF Regulations**”); and

WHEREAS, the Bankruptcy Court (and the District Court as applicable) have determined that the Talc Trust and the Plan satisfy all the prerequisites for issuance of an injunction pursuant to sections 524(g), 1123(b)(6), and/or 105(a) of the Bankruptcy Code with respect to any and all Talc Claims, and such injunction has been entered in connection with the Confirmation Order.

AGREEMENT

NOW, THEREFORE, the Parties hereby agree as follows:

ARTICLE I

AGREEMENT OF TRUST

1.1 Creation and Name.

(a) The Debtor as settlor (“**Settlor**”) hereby creates the Talc Trust, which is to be known as the “Red River Talc Personal Injury Trust.”

(b) It is the intention of the Parties that the Talc Trust constitute a statutory trust under chapter 38 of title 12 of the Delaware Code, 12 Del. C. § 3801 *et seq.* (the “**Act**”) and that this Trust Agreement constitute the governing instrument of the Talc Trust.

(c) The Trustee and the Delaware Trustee are hereby authorized and directed to execute and file a Certificate of Trust with the Delaware Secretary of State in the form attached hereto as Exhibit 1.

1.2 Purpose.

(a) The purpose of the Talc Trust is to assume all liabilities, obligations, and responsibilities for all Talc Claims and, among other things, to: (i) preserve, hold, manage, and maximize the assets of the Talc Trust; and (ii) direct the processing, liquidation, and, if

appropriate, payment of all compensable Talc Claims in accordance with the Plan, the Confirmation Order, this Trust Agreement, and the TDP.

(b) The Talc Trust will resolve all Talc Claims in accordance with the Plan, the Confirmation Order, this Trust Agreement, and the TDP in such a way that holders of Talc Claims are treated fairly and equitably, and otherwise comply in all respects with the requirements of a trust set forth in section 524(g)(2)(B)(i) of the Bankruptcy Code.

1.3 Assumption of Talc Claims.

(a) In consideration of the assets delivered, transferred, and assigned to the Talc Trust pursuant to, and in accordance with, Article IV of the Plan, and in furtherance of the purposes of the Plan, the Confirmation Order, and the Talc Trust, on the Effective Date, the Talc Trust shall assume all liabilities, obligations, and responsibilities, financial and otherwise, of the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, and the other Protected Parties for all Talc Claims (including Indirect Talc Personal Injury Claims and Talc Personal Injury Demands). To effectuate the foregoing, on the Effective Date, the Talc Trust shall execute and deliver an instrument of assignment and assumption in the form attached hereto as Exhibit 2 (the “**Effective Date Assignment and Assumption Instrument**”).

(b) From and after the Effective Date, other than with respect to obligations to fund the Trust as set forth in the Plan, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, and the other Protected Parties shall have no liability, obligation, or responsibility, financial or otherwise, for any Talc Claim (including any Indirect Talc Personal Injury Claim and any Talc Personal Injury Demand).

1.4 Assignment of Defenses to Talc Claims.

(a) Pursuant to, and in accordance with, Section 4.8.2 of the Plan, on the Effective Date, upon assumption by the Talc Trust of liabilities, obligations, and responsibilities

for Talc Claims as provided in Section 1.3(a) above, the Reorganized Debtor and J&J shall transfer and assign to the Talc Trust, and the Talc Trust shall accept, Talc Personal Injury Trust Defenses. To effectuate the foregoing, on the Effective Date, each of the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, and the Talc Trust shall execute and deliver the Effective Date Assignment and Assumption Instrument.

(b) Pursuant to, and in accordance with Section 4.8.3 of the Plan, from and after the Effective Date, the Talc Trust shall have control over, and the exclusive right to enforce, the Talc Personal Injury Trust Defenses.

1.5 Cash Contributions. Pursuant to, and in accordance with, Section 4.9.1 of the Plan:

- (a) on and after the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, to the Talc Trust Cash Contributions in accordance with Exhibit C to the Plan, and the Talc Trust shall accept such Cash Contributions; and
- (b) on the Effective Date, J&J and Holdco shall execute and deliver to the Talc Trust, and the Talc Trust shall accept and agree to, the Cash Contributions Guarantee in the form attached as Exhibit D to the Plan.

In connection with any Cash Contribution received by the Talc Trust (whether from the Reorganized Debtor pursuant to the Plan or J&J or New Holdco pursuant to the Cash Contributions Guarantee), an amount equal to 11.3285% thereof shall be allocated to and held by the Talc Trust in a segregated account (the “**Extraordinary Injury Fund**”). Amounts available in the Extraordinary Injury Fund shall be used by the Talc Trust solely to process and pay Talc Claims under the Individual Review Process. From and after such time as the Trustee, with the

consent of the TAC and the FCR, determines that the Extraordinary Injury Fund is no longer necessary, amounts then available in the Extraordinary Injury Fund shall be available to the Talc Trust for all purposes and no portion of any future Cash Contributions received by the Talc Trust shall be required to be allocated to and held by the Talc Trust in the Extraordinary Injury Fund.

1.6 Delivery of Talc PI Note and Related Talc PI Pledge. Pursuant to, and in accordance with, Section 4.9.2 of the Plan, on the Effective Date:

- (a) the Reorganized Debtor shall execute and deliver to the Talc Trust, and the Talc Trust shall accept and agree to, the Talc PI Note in the form attached as Exhibit J to the Plan; and
- (b) Holdco shall execute and deliver to the Talc Trust, and the Talc Trust shall accept and agree to, the Talc PI Pledge Agreement in the form of Exhibit K to the Plan.

In connection with any payment received by the Talc Trust in respect of the Talc PI Note or any proceeds received by the Talc Trust in respect of the exercise of its rights under the Talc PI Pledge Agreement, an amount equal to 11.3285% thereof shall be allocated to and held by the Talc Trust in the Extraordinary Injury Fund. From and after such time as the Trustee, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR, determines that the Extraordinary Injury Fund is no longer necessary, amounts then available in the Extraordinary Injury Fund shall be available to the Talc Trust for all purposes and no portion of any payment received by the Talc Trust in respect of the Talc PI Note or any proceeds received by the Talc Trust in respect of the exercise of its rights under the Talc PI Pledge Agreement shall be required to be allocated to and held by the Talc Trust in the Extraordinary Injury Fund.

1.7 Assignment of Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights. If either (x) the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Agreement has not been executed prior to or on the Effective Date or (y) if the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Agreement has been executed prior to or on the Effective Date and the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Termination Date occurs, whether prior to, on, or following the Effective Date:

(a) Pursuant to, and in accordance with, Section 4.9.3 of the Plan, on the Effective Date or, if later, the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Termination Date, the Reorganized Debtor and J&J shall transfer and assign to the Talc Trust, and the Talc Trust shall accept, the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights. To effectuate the foregoing, on the Effective Date, each of the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, and the Talc Trust shall execute and deliver the Effective Date Assignment and Assumption Instrument.

(b) Pursuant to, and in accordance with, Section 4.9.3 of the Plan, from and after the Effective Date or, if later, the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Termination Date, the Talc Trust shall have control over, and the exclusive right to enforce, the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights.

1.8 Assignment of Talc Insurance Assets.

(a) Pursuant to, and in accordance with, Section 4.9.4 of the Plan, on the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor shall transfer and assign to the Talc Trust, and the Talc Trust shall accept, the Talc Insurance Assets. To effectuate the foregoing, on the Effective Date, each of the Reorganized Debtor and the Talc Trust shall execute and deliver the Effective Date Assignment and Assumption Instrument.

(b) Pursuant to, and in accordance with, Section 4.9.4 of the Plan, from and after the Effective Date, in consideration of the Reorganized Debtor's obligations under

Section 4.9.1, Section 4.9.2, and, if applicable, Section 4.9.3 of the Plan, (i) the Reorganized Debtor, as the agent for and subrogee of the Talc Trust, shall have the exclusive right (A) to pursue and resolve any Talc In-Place Insurance Coverage, (B) to pursue and resolve any Talc Insurance Action, (C) to pursue and obtain any Talc Insurance Recoveries, and (D) to negotiate and enter into any Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement and (ii) any of the following received by the Talc Trust shall be delivered to, and retained by, the Reorganized Debtor, which may thereafter use the same as it may determine in its sole discretion: (A) all proceeds of Talc In-Place Insurance Coverage; (B) all proceeds or benefits of any Talc Insurance Action; and (C) all amounts payable pursuant to any Talc Insurance Settlement Agreement.

1.9 Cooperation Agreement. Pursuant to, and in accordance with, Section 4.15 of the Plan, on the date of this Agreement, each of the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, the Custodians, and the Talc Trust shall enter into the Cooperation Agreement substantially in the form of Exhibit E of the Plan.

1.10 Indemnification and Reimbursement Obligations. Pursuant to, and in accordance with, Section 4.16 of the Plan, from and after the Effective Date, the Talc Trust shall indemnify, defend, and hold harmless each of the Reorganized Debtor and the other Protected Parties (other than, if Section 1.7 above is applicable, the Imerys/Cyprus Parties for claims based on, arising out of, or in any way relating to the Imery/Cyprus Related Rights).

1.11 Construction.

(a) The Trustee may transact the business and affairs of the Talc Trust in the name of the Talc Trust, and references herein to the Talc Trust shall include the Trustee acting on behalf of the Talc Trust.

(b) In the event of a conflict between the terms or provisions of the Plan and the Confirmation Order, on the one hand, and this Trust Agreement and the TDP, on the other hand, the terms or provisions of the Plan and the Confirmation Order shall control. In the event of a conflict between the terms or provisions of the Plan, on the one hand, and the Confirmation Order, on the other hand, the terms or provisions of the Confirmation Order shall control. In the event of a conflict between the terms or provisions of this Trust Agreement, on the one hand, and the TDP, on the other hand, the terms or provisions of this Trust Agreement shall control.

(c) Nothing in this Trust Agreement or in the TDP shall be construed or implemented in a manner that would cause the Talc Trust to fail to qualify as a Qualified Settlement Fund under the QSF Regulations. Any issue of interpretation of this Trust Agreement and the TDP shall be resolved in favor of an interpretation that conforms to the QSF Regulations.

(d) Nothing in this Trust Agreement or in the TDP shall be construed in any way to limit (i) the scope, enforceability, or effectiveness of the Injunctions or (ii) the Talc Trust's assumption of all liabilities, obligations, and responsibilities for all Talc Claims.

(e) For purposes of this Trust Agreement and the TDP, (i) the words "must," "will," and "shall" are intended to have the same mandatory force and effect, while the word "may" is intended to be permissive rather than mandatory and (ii) the words "include" and "including" shall be deemed to be followed by the words "without limitation."

(f) To the extent required by the Act, the beneficial owners (within the meaning of the Act) of the Talc Trust shall be deemed to be the holders of Talc Claims; *provided, however,* that (i) the holders of Talc Claims, as such beneficial owners, shall have only such rights with respect to the Talc Trust and its assets as are set forth in the TDP, (ii) such rights shall exist only from and after the Effective Date, and (iii) no greater or other rights, including

upon dissolution, liquidation, or winding up of the Talc Trust, shall be deemed to apply to the holders of Talc Claims in their capacity as beneficial owners.

ARTICLE II

POWERS AND TRUST ADMINISTRATION

2.1 Powers.

(a) The Trustee is and shall act as fiduciaries to the Talc Trust in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Plan, the Confirmation Order, this Trust Agreement, and the TDP. The Trustee shall, at all times, administer the Talc Trust and its assets in accordance with the purposes set forth in Section 1.2 above. Subject to the limitations set forth in this Trust Agreement, the Trustee shall have:

(i) the power to take any and all actions that, in his or her reasonable judgment, are necessary or proper to fulfill the purpose of the Talc Trust, including each action required to be taken by the Trustee pursuant to the express terms and provisions of the Plan, the Confirmation Order, this Trust Agreement, and the TDP;

(ii) any power reasonably incidental thereto and not inconsistent with the Plan, the Confirmation Order, this Trust Agreement (including Section 2.2 below), or the TDP; and

(iii) any trust power now or hereafter permitted under the laws of the State of Delaware.

(b) Except as required by applicable law or otherwise specified herein or in the TDP, the Trustee need not obtain the order or approval of the Bankruptcy Court or any other court in the exercise of any power or discretion conferred hereunder.

(c) Without limiting the generality of Section 2.1(a) above, and except as limited by the Plan or the Confirmation Order or otherwise specified herein or in the TDP, the Trustee shall have the power to:

(i) receive and hold the Cash Contributions, accept and agree to the Cash Contributions Guarantee, the Talc PI Note, and the Talc PI Pledge Agreement, accept the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights (if Section 1.7 above is applicable) and the Talc Insurance Assets, and enter into the Cooperation Agreement, and perform all obligations and exercise all rights of the Talc Trust with respect to each of them and with respect to the Plan and any other Plan Documents;

(ii) invest the monies held from time to time by the Talc Trust;

(iii) enter into leasing and financing agreements with third parties to the extent such agreements are reasonably necessary to permit the Talc Trust to operate;

(iv) pay liabilities and expenses of the Talc Trust, including without limitation the indemnification and reimbursement obligations set forth in Section 4.16 of the Plan and Section 1.10 of this Trust Agreement;

(v) establish within the Talc Trust estate such accounts and reserves as the Trustee, in his or her reasonable judgment, deem necessary or proper in carrying out the purpose of the Talc Trust;

(vi) sue and be sued and participate, as a party or otherwise, in any judicial, administrative, arbitral, or other proceeding solely in his or her capacity as the Trustee of the Talc Trust;

(vii) establish, supervise, and administer the Talc Trust in accordance with the Plan, the Confirmation Order, this Trust Agreement, and the TDP, and the terms hereof and thereof;

(viii) (A) appoint the Talc Trust Claims Administrator and the Talc Trust Liens Resolution Administrator, (B) engage the Claims Processor, (C) appoint such officers and agents, hire such employees, and engage such Trust Professionals (as defined below) as the Trustee, in his or her reasonable judgment, deem necessary or proper, in conducting the business (including alternate dispute resolution activities) of the Talc Trust, and (D) delegate to such Persons such powers and authorities as the fiduciary duties of the Trustee permit and as the Trustee, in his or her reasonable judgment, deems necessary or proper in carrying out the purpose of the Talc Trust;

(ix) pay reasonable compensation to (A) the Talc Trust Claims Administrator, the Talc Trust Liens Resolution Administrator, and the Claims Processor and (B) the officers, agents, employees, and Trust Professionals appointed, hired, or engaged by the Trustee;

(x) as provided below, (a) compensate the Trustee and the FCR, (b) reimburse the Trustee, the TAC Members, and the FCR for all reasonable out-of-pocket costs and expenses incurred by them in connection with the performance of his or her duties hereunder and (c) reimburse the TAC or the FCR (as applicable) for, or pay directly, the fees and costs of the TAC Professionals (as defined below) and the FCR Professionals (as defined below);

(xi) execute, deliver, and perform such other agreements and instruments as the Trustee, in his or her reasonable judgment, deem necessary or proper in

administering the Talc Trust, so long as such agreements and instruments are not inconsistent with the Plan, the Confirmation Order, this Trust Agreement, or the TDP;

(xii) enter into such other arrangements with third parties as the Trustee, in his or her reasonable judgment, deem necessary or proper in carrying out the purpose of the Talc Trust, so long as such arrangements are not inconsistent with the Plan, the Confirmation Order, or any other provision of this Trust Agreement;

(xiii) in accordance with Sections 4.4 and 4.6 below, defend, indemnify, and hold harmless, and purchase insurance indemnifying, (A) the Trustee, (B) the TAC Members, (C) the FCR, (D) the Talc Trust Claims Administrator, the Talc Trust Liens Resolution Administrator, and the Claims Processor, (E) the officers, agents, employees, and Trust Professionals appointed, hired, or engaged by the Trustee, and (F) the TAC Professionals and the FCR Professionals (the Persons described in the foregoing clauses (D), (E), and (F) being referred to herein as the “**Additional Indemnitees**”), to the fullest extent that a statutory trust organized under the laws of the State of Delaware is from time to time entitled to defend, indemnify, hold harmless, and/or insure such Persons; *provided, however*, that no Person shall be indemnified in any way for any liability, expense, claim, damage, or loss for which such Person is liable under Section 4.4 below;

(xiv) consult with the TAC and the FCR at such times and with respect to such issues relating to the purpose, conduct, and affairs of the Talc Trust as the Trustee, in his or her reasonable judgment, deem necessary or proper in administering the Talc Trust;

(xv) after the Effective Date, make, pursue (by litigation or otherwise), collect, compromise, or settle, in the name of the Talc Trust, any claim, right, action, or cause of action included in the Talc Personal Injury Trust Defenses or the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights

(if Section 1.7 above is applicable) or which may otherwise accrue in favor of the Talc Trust, before any court of competent jurisdiction;

(xvi) subject to the written consent of the FCR and a supermajority of the TAC (consisting of not less than 66% of all TAC Members), take action with respect to the common benefit fund established pursuant to that certain Case Management Order No. 7(A) entered by the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey in the multidistrict litigation *In re: Johnson & Johnson Powder Products Marketing, Sales Practices and Products Liability Litigation*, Civil Action No. 3:16-md-02738 (the “**Common Benefit Fund**”); and

(xvii) exercise any and all other rights, and take any and all other actions as are required or permitted, of the Trustee in accordance with the terms and provisions of the Plan, the Confirmation Order, this Trust Agreement, and the TDP.

(d) The Trustee shall not have the power to guarantee any debt of other Persons.

(e) The Trustee shall take all actions required to be taken by the Talc Trustee, and shall cause the Talc Trust to take all actions required to be taken by it, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Plan, the Confirmation Order, this Trust Agreement, and the TDP.

(f) The Trustee shall give the TAC and the FCR prompt notice of any act performed or taken pursuant to clause (i), (iii), (vi), or (xvi) of Section 2.1(c) above, and any act proposed to be performed or taken pursuant to Section 2.2(f) below.

(g) Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, if the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor delivers to the Trustee a Plan Withdrawal Notice or a Trust Termination Notice (as such terms are defined in Section 7.3(a) below), the Trustee shall

immediately cease to have the power to take any actions under this Trust Agreement other than those actions expressly provided in Section 7.3(c) and Section 7.3(d) below.

2.2 General Administration.

(a) The Trustee shall act in accordance with the Plan, the Confirmation Order, this Trust Agreement and the TDP.

(b) The Trustee shall (i) timely file such income tax and other returns and statements required to be filed and shall timely pay all taxes required to be paid by the Talc Trust, (ii) comply with all applicable reporting and withholding obligations, (iii) satisfy all requirements necessary to qualify and maintain qualification of the Talc Trust as a Qualified Settlement Fund within the meaning of the QSF Regulations, and (iv) take no action that could cause the Talc Trust to fail to qualify as a Qualified Settlement Fund within the meaning of the QSF Regulations. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Trustee shall be designated as the “administrator” of the Talc Trust as such term is used in the QSF Regulations, and such Trustee shall take all actions required of him or her as “administrator” with respect to the Talc Trust pursuant to the QSF Regulations.

(c) Following the Effective Date, the Trustee shall timely account to the Bankruptcy Court as follows:

(i) The Trustee shall cause to be prepared and filed with the Bankruptcy Court, as soon as available, and in any event within one hundred and twenty (120) days, following the end of each fiscal year, an annual report (the “**Annual Report**”) containing financial statements of the Talc Trust (including a balance sheet of the Talc Trust as of the end of such fiscal year and a statement of operations for such fiscal year) audited by a firm of independent certified public accountants selected by the Trustee and accompanied by an opinion

of such firm as to the fairness of the financial statements' presentation of the cash and investments available for the payment of claims from the Talc Trust. The Trustee shall provide a copy of such Annual Report to the TAC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, and J&J when such report is filed with the Bankruptcy Court.

(ii) The Trustee shall cause to be prepared and filed with the Bankruptcy Court simultaneously with the filing of the Annual Report a report (the “**Annual Claims Report**”) containing a summary regarding the number and type of claims resolved during the fiscal year covered by the financial statements contained in the Annual Report. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Annual Claims Report shall contain reasonable detail regarding Direct Claims resolved during the applicable fiscal year, including breakdowns with respect to (A) the types of Direct Claims resolved, (B) the application of (I) the Expedited Review Process, (II) the Individual Review Process, (III) the Quickpay Review Process, (IV) the ADR Procedures, and (V) litigation as described in the TDP, and (C) the average Allowed Claim Amount by (I) type of Direct Claim resolved and (II) specific category of injury within the applicable Review Criteria. The Trustee shall provide a copy of such Annual Claims Report to the TAC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, and J&J when such report is filed with the Bankruptcy Court.

(iii) Except as expressly set forth herein, materials filed with the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to this Section 2.2(c) need not be served on any parties in the Bankruptcy Case but shall be available for inspection by the public in accordance with procedures established by the Bankruptcy Court.

(d) In addition to providing the TAC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, and J&J with the Annual Report and the Annual Claims Report in accordance with Section 2.2(c)

above, the Trustee shall prepare and deliver information to the TAC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, and J&J as follows:

(i) Following the Effective Date, the Trustee shall cause to be prepared and delivered to the TAC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, and J&J together with each Annual Claims Report, a supplement to such Annual Claims Report containing additional detail regarding Direct Claims resolved during the applicable fiscal year, including breakdowns with respect to (A) Claimant's Jurisdiction and (B) counsel to Direct Claimants.

(ii) Following the Effective Date, the Trustee shall cause to be prepared and delivered to the TAC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, and J&J as soon as practicable, and in any event within forty-five (45) days, following the end of each of the first three fiscal quarters of each fiscal year, (A) a quarterly report (the "**Quarterly Report**") containing unaudited financial statements of the Talc Trust (including a balance sheet of the Talc Trust as of the end of such fiscal quarter and a statement of operations for such fiscal quarter) and (B) a report (the "**Quarterly Claims Report**") containing a summary of the number and type of claims resolved during the fiscal quarter covered by the financial statements contained in the Quarterly Report. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Quarterly Claims Report shall contain reasonable detail regarding Direct Claims resolved during the applicable fiscal quarter, including breakdowns with respect to (A) the types of Direct Claims resolved, (B) the application of (I) the Expedited Review Process, (II) the Individual Review Process, (III) the Quickpay Review Process, (IV) the ADR Procedures, and (V) litigation as described in the TDP, (C) the average Allowed Claim Amount by (I) type of Direct Claim resolved and (II) specific category of injury within the applicable Review Criteria, (D) Claimant's Jurisdiction, and (E) counsel to Direct Claimants.

(iii) Following the Effective Date, the Trustee shall cause to be prepared and delivered to the TAC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, and J&J a monthly report (the “**Monthly Status Report**”) containing a summary of the status of claims submitted to the Talc Trust on or prior to the last day of the most recently ended month. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Monthly Status Report shall contain reasonable detail regarding Direct Claims, including breakdowns with respect to (A) the types of Direct Claims and (B) specific category of injury within the applicable Review Criteria.

(iv) Following the Effective Date, the Trustee shall cause to be prepared and delivered to the TAC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, and J&J as soon as practicable, but in any event prior to the commencement of each fiscal year, a budget and cash flow projections covering such fiscal year.

(v) Within one hundred forty (140) days of the Confirmation Date, the Trustee shall cause to be prepared and delivered to the TAC, the FCR, the Debtor or Reorganized Debtor, and J&J a report (the “**Claims Submission Report**”) identifying each Direct Claimant that submitted an Existing Direct Claim to the Talc Trust prior to the date that was one hundred twenty (120) days after the Confirmation Date and indicating whether or not such Direct Claimant included a properly completed and executed Acceptance and Release as part of such Direct Claimant’s submission. The Debtor and J&J shall have the right to audit the records of the Talc Trust and to interview the Trustee, the Talc Trust Claims Administrator, and the Claims Processor to confirm the accuracy of the Claims Submission Report.

(e) The Trustee shall consult with the TAC and the FCR on: (i) the general implementation and administration of the Talc Trust; (ii) the general implementation and

administration of the TDP; and (iii) such matters as expressly require consultation with the TAC or the FCR under this Trust Agreement or the TDP.

(f) In addition to any other consent of the TAC and the FCR expressly required under this Trust Agreement or the TDP, except as otherwise provided in this Trust Agreement or the TDP, the Trustee shall be required to obtain the consent of the TAC and the FCR in order:

- (i) to change any of the following under the TDP:
 - (A) the treatment provided under Section 4.2 of the TDP for previously resolved Direct Claims;
 - (B) the Claim Submission Procedures, including the Claim Submission Requirements;
 - (C) the Preliminary Evaluation Criteria;
 - (D) the Expedited Review Process, including the Expedited Review Criteria;
 - (E) the Individual Review Process, including the Individual Review Criteria;
 - (F) the Quickpay Review Process, including the Quickpay Review Criteria;
 - (G) the Maximum Value;
 - (H) the Cash Value of a Point; or
 - (I) the forms of Acceptance and Release;
 - (J) the first-in-first-out processing procedures; or
 - (K) the first-in-first-out payment procedures;
- (ii) to terminate the Talc Trust pursuant to Section 7.3 below;
- (iii) if Section 1.7 above is applicable, to settle the liability of any

Imerys/Cyprus Party in respect of the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights or any legal action related thereto;

(iv) to change the compensation or expense reimbursement of the TAC, the TAC Members, the FCR, or the Trustee, other than to reflect cost-of-living increases or to reflect changes approved by the Bankruptcy Court as otherwise expressly provided herein;

(v) to take actions to minimize any tax on the assets of the Talc Trust; *provided, however*, that no such action may be taken if it prevents the Talc Trust from qualifying as a Qualified Settlement Fund within the meaning of the QSF Regulations or requires an election for the Talc Trust to be treated as a grantor trust for tax purposes;

(vi) to amend any provision of this Trust Agreement or the TDP in accordance with the terms hereof or thereof; *provided, however*, that no such amendment shall conflict with the Plan or the Confirmation Order;

(vii) to acquire an interest in, or to merge any claims resolution organization formed by the Talc Trust with, another claims resolution organization that is not specifically created by this Trust Agreement or the TDP, or to contract with another claims resolution organization or other entity that is not specifically created by this Trust Agreement or the TDP, or permit any other party to join in any claims resolution organization that is formed by the Talc Trust pursuant to this Trust Agreement or the TDP; *provided, however*, that no such acquisition, merger, contract, or joinder shall (A) subject the Reorganized Debtor or any Protected Party to any risk of having any Talc Claim asserted against it, (B) otherwise jeopardize the validity or enforceability of the Injunctions or any other injunction or release issued or granted in connection with the Plan or the Confirmation Order, (C) permit the surviving organization to make decisions about the allowability and value of claims other than in accordance with the TDP, or (D) cause the Talc Trust to fail to qualify as a Qualified Settlement Fund within the meaning of the QSF Regulations; or

(viii) to delegate any or all of the authority herein conferred with respect to the investment of all or any portion of the Talc Trust's assets to any one or more investment advisors or investment managers, except as provided in Section 4.4 below.

(g) The Trustee shall meet with the TAC and the FCR no less often than quarterly. The Trustee shall meet with the TAC and the FCR between quarterly meetings when so requested by either. Meetings may be held in person, by video conference, by telephone conference, or by any combination thereof.

(h) The Trustee, upon notice from either the TAC or the FCR, shall at their next meeting with the TAC or the FCR consider issues submitted by the TAC or the FCR. The Trustee shall keep the TAC and the FCR reasonably informed regarding all aspects of the administration of the Talc Trust.

2.3 Claims Administration. Commencing on the Effective Date, the Trustee shall promptly proceed to implement the TDP in accordance with the terms thereof. In connection with the implementation of the TDP:

(a) the Trustee, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR, shall prepare and maintain a list of approved mediators that may be used in connection with the ADR Procedures; and

(b) the Trustee, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR, shall establish the Individual Review Claims Panel.

2.4 Medicare Reporting Obligations.

(a) The Talc Trust shall register as a Responsible Reporting Entity ("**RRE**") under the reporting provisions of section 111 of the Medicare, Medicaid, and SCHIP Extension Act of 2007 (Pub. L. 110-173) ("**MMSEA**").

(b) The Talc Trust shall, at its sole expense, timely submit all reports that are required under MMSEA on account of any claims settled, resolved, paid, or otherwise liquidated by the Talc Trust or with respect to contributions to the Talc Trust. The Talc Trust, in its role as RRE, shall follow all applicable guidance published by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services of the United States Department of Health and Human Services and/or any other agent or successor entity charged with responsibility for monitoring, assessing, or receiving reports made under MMSEA (collectively, “**CMS**”) to determine whether or not, and, if so, how, to report to CMS pursuant to MMSEA.

(c) Before remitting funds to claimants’ counsel, or to the claimant if such claimant is acting *pro se*, in respect of any Talc Claim, the Trustee shall obtain a certification that such claimant (or such claimant’s authorized representative) has or will provide for the payment and/or resolution of any obligations owing or potentially owing under 42 U.S.C. § 1395y(b), or any related rules, regulations, or guidance, in connection with, or relating to, such Talc Claim.

2.5 No Common Benefit Fund Payments Shall Be Made. The Trustee is not authorized to pay, and shall not pay, any common benefit fees or expenses from the Trust, and shall take no action with respect to the Common Benefit Fund, in each case without the written consent of the FCR and a supermajority of the TAC (consisting of not less than 66% of all TAC Members).

ARTICLE III

ACCOUNTS, INVESTMENTS, AND PAYMENTS

3.1 Accounts.

(a) The Trustee shall include in the reports to be filed with the Bankruptcy Court and provided to the TAC and the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, and J&J pursuant to Section 2.2(c)(i) above a reasonably detailed description of the Talc Trust, including (i) the Cash Contributions and other deposits made thereto, (ii) the proceeds of and earnings on the assets held therein, and (iii) the payments made therefrom.

(b) The Trustee may, from time to time, create such accounts and reserves within the Talc Trust as he or she, in his or her reasonable judgment, deems necessary or proper in order to provide for the payment of expenses and Talc Claims and may, with respect to any such account or reserve, restrict the use of monies therein, and the earnings thereon. The Trustee shall include in the reports to be filed with the Bankruptcy Court and provided to the TAC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, and J&J pursuant to Section 2.2(c)(i) above a reasonably detailed description of (i) the creation of any such account or reserve in accordance with this Section 3.1 and (ii) with respect to each such account, (A) the transfers made to such account, (B) the proceeds of or earnings on the assets held in each such account, and (C) the payments made from each such account.

3.2 Investments. Investment of monies held in the Talc Trust shall be administered in a manner consistent with the standards set forth in the Uniform Prudent Investor Act, subject to the following limitations and provisions;

(a) With respect to equity investments, the Talc Trust may invest only in diversified equity portfolios whose benchmark is a broad equity market index such as, but not

limited to, the S&P 500 Index, the Russell 1000 Index, the S&P ADR Index, and the MSCI EAFE Index. The Talc Trust shall not acquire, directly or indirectly, equity in any entity or business enterprise if, immediately following such acquisition, the Talc Trust would hold more than 5% of the equity in such entity or business enterprise. The Talc Trust shall not hold, directly or indirectly, more than 5% of the equity in any entity or business enterprise.

(b) The Talc Trust shall not acquire or hold any long-term debt securities unless (i) such securities are rated “Baa” or higher by Moody’s, “BBB” or higher by Standard & Poor’s (“**S&P**”), or have been given an equivalent investment grade rating by another nationally recognized statistical rating agency, or (ii) have been issued or fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States of America or any agency or instrumentality thereof. This restriction does not apply to any pooled investment vehicles where pooled assets receive an investment grade rating (*i.e.*, “BBB” rating or above) by a nationally recognized rating agency.

(c) The Talc Trust shall not acquire or hold for longer than ninety (90) days any commercial paper unless such commercial paper is rated “Prime-1” or higher by Moody’s or “A-1” or higher by S&P or has been given an equivalent rating by another nationally recognized statistical rating agency.

(d) The Talc Trust shall not acquire any debt securities or other debt instruments issued by any entity if, following such acquisition, the aggregate market value of all such debt securities and/or other debt instruments issued by such entity held by the Talc Trust would exceed 5% of the then current aggregate value of the Talc Trust’s assets. There is no limitation on holding debt securities or other debt instruments issued or fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States of America or any agency or instrumentality thereof.

(e) The Talc Trust shall not acquire or hold any certificates of deposit in an amount exceeding any federal insurance on such certificates of deposit unless all publicly held,

long-term debt securities, if any, of the financial institution issuing the certificate of deposit and the holding company, if any, of which such financial institution is a subsidiary, meet the standards set forth in Section 3.2(b) above.

(f) The Talc Trust may acquire and hold any securities or instruments (i) delivered to the Talc Trust pursuant to the Plan, (ii) obtained by the Talc Trust in accordance with the Talc PI Pledge Agreement, or (iii) obtained by the Talc Trust as proceeds of litigation or otherwise to resolve disputes, in each case without regard to the limitations set forth in Section 3.2(a) through Section 3.2(e) above.

(g) The Talc Trust shall not acquire or hold any repurchase obligations unless, in the reasonable judgment of the Trustee, such obligations are adequately collateralized.

(h) The Talc Trust may allow its investment managers to acquire or hold derivative instruments, including options, futures, and swaps, in the normal course of portfolio management to help hedge, manage, or mitigate portfolio risk, including interest rate risk and equity market risk. However, using derivative instruments to speculate or to leverage a portfolio at a much greater risk to the portfolio is prohibited.

(i) The Talc Trust may lend securities on a short-term basis, subject to adequate, normal, and customary collateral arrangements.

(j) Notwithstanding Section 3.2(a) above, the Talc Trust may acquire and hold an equity interest in a claims resolution organization without limitation as to the size of the equity interest acquired and held if, prior to such acquisition, the Talc Trust obtains the consent of the TAC and the FCR and complies with the other provisions of clause (viii) of Section 2.2(f) above with respect to the acquisition.

3.3 Source of Payments.

(a) Subject to Section 3.4 below and Section 4.9.4(b) of the Plan, all Talc Trust expenses and payments and all liabilities with respect to Talc Claims shall be payable solely by the Talc Trust out of the Talc Trust's assets. No other Person (including the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, or any Protected Party) shall be liable for the payment of any Talc Trust expense or any other liability of the Talc Trust, except to the extent expressly provided for in the Plan (including Section 4.6 and Section 4.9.4(b) of the Plan) or other Plan Document.

(b) The Trustee shall include in the reports to be filed with the Bankruptcy Court and provided to the TAC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, and J&J pursuant to Section 2.2(c)(i) above a reasonably detailed description of any payments made in accordance with this Section 3.3.

(c) The Trustee, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR, shall establish and implement billing guidelines applicable to the Trustee, the TAC, and the FCR, as well as (i) the Talc Trust Claims Administrator, the Talc Trust Liens Resolution Administrator, and the Claims Processor and (ii) the respective professionals of the Trustee, the TAC, and the FCR who seek compensation or reimbursement or payment of expenses from the Talc Trust.

ARTICLE IV

TRUSTEE; DELAWARE TRUSTEE

4.1 Number. In addition to the Delaware Trustee appointed pursuant to Section 4.11, there shall be one (1) Trustee, who initially shall be the individual named as such on the signature pages hereto.

4.2 Term of Service.

(a) The initial Trustee named pursuant to Section 4.1 above shall serve an initial term of service of five years. Thereafter, each term of service shall be for five (5) years. The initial Trustee shall serve from the date first written above until the earliest of (i) the end of his or her term, (ii) his or her death, (iii) his or her mandatory retirement at the end of the year in which he or she reaches the age of 70 (unless, and for so long as, this mandatory retirement requirement is waived with the consent of the TAC and the FCR), (iv) his or her resignation pursuant to Section 4.2(b) below, (v) his or her removal pursuant to Section 4.2(c) below, or (vi) the termination of the Talc Trust pursuant to Section 7.3 below.

(b) The Trustee may resign at any time by written notice to the TAC and the FCR. Such notice shall specify a date when such resignation shall take effect, which shall not be less than ninety (90) days after the date such notice is given, where practicable.

(c) The Trustee may be removed by the Bankruptcy Court, on the motion of the TAC or the FCR in the event that he or she becomes unable to discharge his or her duties hereunder due to accident, physical deterioration, mental incompetence, or for other good cause. Good cause shall be deemed to include any substantial failure to comply with the general administration provisions of Section 2.2 above, a consistent pattern of neglect and failure to perform or participate in performing the duties of the Trustee hereunder, or repeated non-attendance at scheduled meetings. Such removal shall take effect at such time as the Bankruptcy Court shall determine.

4.3 Appointment of Successor Trustee.

(a) In the event of a vacancy in the Trustee position, whether by term expiration, death, retirement, resignation, or removal, the vacancy shall be filled by the TAC and

the FCR. In the event that the TAC and the FCR cannot agree on the appointment of a successor Trustee, the Bankruptcy Court shall select the successor Trustee.

(b) Immediately upon the appointment of any successor Trustee, all rights, titles, duties, powers, and authority of the predecessor Trustee hereunder shall be vested in, and undertaken by, the successor Trustee without any further act. No successor Trustee shall be liable personally for any act or omission of his or her predecessor Trustee. No successor Trustee shall have any duty to investigate the acts or omissions of his or her predecessor Trustee.

(c) Each successor Trustee shall serve until the earliest of (i) the end of the term of five (5) years for which he or she was appointed if his or her immediate predecessor Trustee completed his or her term pursuant to Section 4.2(a) above, (ii) the end of the term of the Trustee whom he or she replaced if his or her predecessor Trustee did not complete such term, (iii) his or her death, (iv) his or her mandatory retirement at the end of the year in which the Trustee reaches the age of 70 (unless, and for so long as, this mandatory retirement requirement is waived with the consent of the TAC and the FCR), (v) his or her resignation pursuant to Section 4.2(b) above, (vi) his or her removal pursuant to Section 4.2(c) above, or (vii) the termination of the Talc Trust pursuant to Section 7.3 below.

(d) Nothing in this Trust Agreement shall prevent the reappointment of an individual serving as a Trustee for one or more additional terms.

4.4 No Liability of the Trustee, the TAC Members and the FCR. None of the Trustee, any TAC Member, or the FCR shall be liable to the Talc Trust, to any holder of a Talc Claim, or to any other Person, except in respect of their own acts or omissions that constitute a bad faith violation of the implied contractual covenant of good faith and fair dealing within the meaning of 12 Del. C. § 3806(e).

4.5 Compensation and Expenses of the Trustee.

(a) The Trustee shall receive a retainer from the Talc Trust for his or her service as a Trustee in the amount of \$[•] per annum, paid annually. Hourly time, as described below, shall first be billed and applied to the annual retainer. Hourly time in excess of the annual retainer shall be paid by the Talc Trust. For all time expended as Trustee, including attending meetings, preparing for such meetings, and working on authorized special projects, the Trustee shall receive the sum of \$[•] per hour. For all non-working travel time in connection with Talc Trust business, the Trustee shall receive the sum of \$[•] per hour. All time shall be computed on a decimal (1/10th) hour basis. The Trustee shall record all hourly time to be charged to the Talc Trust on a daily basis. The hourly compensation payable to the Trustee hereunder shall be reviewed every year by the Trustee and, after consultation with the TAC and the FCR, appropriately adjusted for changes in the cost of living.

(b) The Talc Trust will promptly reimburse the Trustee for all reasonable out-of-pocket costs and expenses incurred by the Trustee in connection with the performance of his or her duties hereunder.

(c) The Talc Trust shall include in the reports to be filed with the Bankruptcy Court and provided to the TAC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, and J&J pursuant to Section 2.2(c)(i) above a reasonably detailed description of the amounts paid under this Section 4.5.

4.6 Indemnification of the Trustee, TAC Members, FCR and Others.

(a) The Talc Trust shall indemnify and defend the Trustee, the TAC Members, and the FCR in connection with the performance of their duties, and/or actions undertaken by them, hereunder to the fullest extent that a statutory trust organized under the laws

of the State of Delaware (after the application of Section 7.11) is from time to time entitled to indemnify and defend such Persons against any and all liabilities, expenses, claims, damages, or losses incurred by or on behalf of them in connection with the performance of their duties, and/or actions undertaken by them, hereunder and/or in connection with activities undertaken by them prior to the date first written above to form and establish the Talc Trust, except in respect of their own acts or omissions that constitute a bad faith violation of the implied contractual covenant of good faith and fair dealing within the meaning of 12 Del. C. § 3806(e).

(b) The Talc Trust shall indemnify to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law any of the Additional Indemnitees against any and all liabilities, expenses, claims, damages, or losses incurred by them as a result of their activities in their capacities hereunder.

(c) Reasonable expenses, costs, and fees (including attorneys' fees and costs) incurred by or on behalf of the Trustee, a TAC Member, the FCR, or any Additional Indemnitee in connection with any action, suit, or proceeding, whether civil, administrative, or arbitrative, from which such Person is indemnified by the Talc Trust pursuant to Section 1.9 or this Section 4.6, shall be paid by the Talc Trust in advance of the final disposition thereof upon receipt of an undertaking, by or on behalf of such Person, to repay such amount in the event that it shall be determined ultimately by final order that such Person is not entitled to be indemnified by the Talc Trust.

(d) The Talc Trust must purchase and maintain reasonable amounts and types of insurance on behalf of each Person who is indemnified by the Talc Trust pursuant to Section 4.6(a) or Section 4.6(b) above, including against liability asserted against or incurred by such Person in connection with the performance of their duties, or actions undertaken by them, hereunder.

4.7 Lien. The Trustee, the TAC Members, the FCR, and the Additional Indemnitees shall have a first priority lien upon the Talc Trust's assets to secure the payment of any amounts payable to them pursuant to Section 4.6 above or any undisputed compensation.

4.8 Trustee's Employment of Experts and Administrators.

(a) The Trustee may, but is not required to, retain and consult counsel, accountants, auditors, experts, financial and investment advisors, and such other parties deemed by the Trustee, in his or her reasonable judgment, to be qualified as experts on the matters submitted to them (the "**Trust Professionals**") regardless of whether any such party is affiliated with any of the Trustee in any manner. In the absence of a bad faith violation of the implied contractual covenant of good faith and fair dealing within the meaning of 12 Del. C. § 3806(e), the written opinion of or information provided by any Trust Professional deemed by the Trustee, in his or her reasonable judgment, to be an expert on the particular matter submitted to such Trust Professional shall be full and complete authorization and protection in respect of any action taken or not taken by the Trustee hereunder in good faith and in accordance with the written opinion of or information provided by such Trust Professional.

(b) The Trustee, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR, shall appoint a Talc Trust Claims Administrator in accordance with this Section 4.8(b). Any qualified party may be appointed as such regardless of whether such party is affiliated with any of the Trustee in any manner. The initial Talc Trust Claims Administrator shall be ARCHER Systems, LLC, which has been appointed with the consent of the TAC and the FCR. The Debtor hereby transfers, assigns, and delegates to the Talc Trust, and the Talc Trust hereby assumes and accepts from the Debtor, all of the Debtor's rights and obligations in, to, and under the ARCHER Engagement Letter, and neither the Debtor nor the Reorganized Debtor shall have any further

liability thereunder. Any successor Talc Trust Claims Administrator shall be appointed by the Trustee, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR. In the event that the TAC and the FCR do not consent, the Bankruptcy Court shall select the successor Talc Trust Claims Administrator.

(c) The Trustee, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR, shall appoint a Talc Trust Liens Resolution Administrator in accordance with this Section 4.8(c). Any qualified party may be appointed as such regardless of whether such party is affiliated with any of the Trustee in any manner. The initial Talc Trust Liens Resolution Administrator shall be ARCHER Systems, LLC, which has been appointed with the consent of the TAC and the FCR. Any successor Talc Trust Liens Resolution Administrator shall be appointed by the Trustee, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR. In the event that the TAC and the FCR do not consent, the Bankruptcy Court shall select the successor Talc Trust Liens Resolution Administrator.

(d) The Trustee, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR, shall engage a Claims Processor in accordance with this Section 4.8(d) to assist in the development of procedures and protocols to implement the TDP effectively and efficiently. Any qualified party may be engaged as such regardless of whether such party is affiliated with any of the Trustee in any manner. Any successor Claims Processor shall be engaged by the Trustee, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR. In the event that the TAC and the FCR do not consent, the Bankruptcy Court shall select the successor Claims Processor.

4.9 Trustee Independence. The Trustee shall not, during the term of their service, hold a financial interest in, act as attorney or agent for, or serve as an officer or as any other professional for the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or any of their respective Affiliates. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Trustee may serve, without any additional compensation other than the compensation to be paid by the Talc Trust pursuant to Section 4.5(a) above, as a

manager of the Reorganized Debtor. The Trustee shall not act as an attorney, agent, or other professional for any Person who holds a Talc Claim. For the avoidance of doubt, this Section 4.9 shall not be applicable to the Delaware Trustee.

4.10 No Bond. Neither the Trustee nor the Delaware Trustee shall be required to post any bond or other form of surety or security unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.

4.11 Delaware Trustee.

(a) There shall at all times be a Delaware Trustee to serve in accordance with the requirements of the Act. The Delaware Trustee shall either be (i) a natural person who is at least 21 years of age and a resident of the State of Delaware or (ii) a legal entity that (A) has its principal place of business in the State of Delaware in accordance with section 3807 of the Act, (B) otherwise meets the requirements of applicable Delaware law, and (C) shall act through one or more individuals authorized to bind such entity. If at any time the Delaware Trustee shall cease to be eligible in accordance with the provisions of this Section 4.11, it shall resign immediately in the manner and with the effect hereinafter specified in Section 4.11(c) below. For the avoidance of doubt, the Delaware Trustee will only have such rights and obligations as expressly provided by reference to the Delaware Trustee hereunder.

(b) The Delaware Trustee shall not be entitled to exercise any powers, nor shall the Delaware Trustee have any of the duties and responsibilities of the Trustee set forth herein. The Delaware Trustee shall be one of the trustees of the Talc Trust for the sole and limited purpose of fulfilling the requirements of section 3807 of the Act and for taking such actions as are required to be taken by a Delaware Trustee under the Act. The duties (including fiduciary duties), liabilities, and obligations of the Delaware Trustee shall be limited to (i) accepting legal process served on the Talc Trust in the State of Delaware and (ii) the

execution of any certificates required to be filed with the Delaware Secretary of State that the Delaware Trustee is required to execute under section 3811 of the Act (acting solely at the written direction of the Trustee) and the Delaware Trust shall have no other duties (including fiduciary duties) or obligations, express or implied, at law or in equity. To the extent that, at law or in equity, the Delaware Trustee has duties (including fiduciary duties) and liabilities relating thereto to the Talc Trust, the other Parties hereto, or any beneficiary of the Talc Trust, it is hereby understood and agreed by the other Parties hereto that such duties and liabilities are replaced by the duties and liabilities of the Delaware Trustee expressly set forth in this Trust Agreement.

(c) The Delaware Trustee shall serve until such time as the Trustee removes the Delaware Trustee or the Delaware Trustee resigns, and a successor Delaware Trustee is appointed by the Trustee in accordance with the terms of Section 4.11(d) below. The Delaware Trustee may resign at any time upon the giving of at least sixty (60) days' advance written notice to the Trustee; *provided, however*, that such resignation shall not become effective unless and until a successor Delaware Trustee shall have been appointed by the Trustee in accordance with Section 4.11(d) below. If the Trustee does not act within such 60-day period, the Delaware Trustee may apply to the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware for the appointment of a successor Delaware Trustee.

(d) Upon the resignation or removal of the Delaware Trustee, the Trustee shall appoint a successor Delaware Trustee by delivering a written instrument to the outgoing Delaware Trustee. Any successor Delaware Trustee must satisfy the requirements of section 3807 of the Act. Any resignation or removal of the Delaware Trustee and appointment of a successor Delaware Trustee shall not become effective until a written acceptance of

appointment is delivered by the successor Delaware Trustee to the outgoing Delaware Trustee and the Trustee and any undisputed fees and expenses due to the outgoing Delaware Trustee are paid. Following compliance with the preceding sentence, the successor Delaware Trustee shall become fully vested with all of the rights, powers, duties, and obligations of the outgoing Delaware Trustee under this Trust Agreement, with like effect as if originally named as Delaware Trustee, and the outgoing Delaware Trustee shall be discharged of its duties and obligations under this Trust Agreement.

(e) The Delaware Trustee shall neither be required nor permitted to attend meetings relating to the Talc Trust.

(f) The Delaware Trustee shall be paid such compensation as agreed to pursuant to a separate fee agreement.

(g) The Talc Trust will promptly reimburse the Delaware Trustee for all reasonable out-of-pocket costs and expenses incurred by the Delaware Trustee in connection with the performance of their duties hereunder.

(h) The Delaware Trustee shall be permitted to retain counsel only in such circumstances as required in the exercise of its obligations hereunder, and compliance with the advice of such counsel shall be full and complete authorization and protection for actions taken or not taken by the Delaware Trustee in good faith in compliance with such advice.

ARTICLE V

TRUST ADVISORY COMMITTEE

5.1 Members. The TAC shall consist of seventeen (17) TAC Members, as follows:

(a) one (1) TAC Member (the “**Smith Appointee**”) shall be appointed by The Smith Law Firm, PLLC (the “**Smith Firm**”);

(b) eight (8) TAC Members (the “**AHC Appointees**”) shall be appointed as follows: (i) one (1) TAC Member (the “**Andrews & Thornton Appointee**”) shall be appointed by Andrews & Thornton, Attorneys At Law, A Law Corporation (“**Andrews & Thornton**”); (ii) one (1) TAC Member (the “**Pulaski Kherkher Appointee**”) shall be appointed by Pulaski Kherkher, PLLC (“**Pulaski Kherkher**”); (iii) one (1) TAC Member (the “**Watts Appointee**”) shall be appointed by Watts Law Firm LLP (“Watts”); (iv) one (1) TAC Member (the “**Onder Appointee**”) shall be appointed by OnderLaw, LLC (“**Onder**”); (v) one (1) TAC Member (the “**Nachawati Appointee**”) shall be appointed by Nachawati Law Group, PLLC (“**Nachawati**”); (vi) one (1) TAC Member (the “**Aylstock Appointee**”) shall be appointed by Aylstock, Witkin, Kreis, & Overholtz PLLC (“**Aylstock**”); (vii) one (1) TAC Member (the “**Schulman Appointee**”) shall be appointed by Slater Slater Schulman LLP (“**Schulman**”); and (viii) one (1) TAC Member (the “**Miller Appointee**”) shall be appointed by The Miller Firm LLC (“**Miller**” and, together with Andrews & Thornton, Pulaski Kherkher, Watts, Onder, Nachawati, Aylstock, and Schulman, the “**AHC Appointing Firms**”); and

(c) eight (8) TAC Members (the “**MDL Appointees**”) shall be appointed as follows: (i) one (1) TAC Member (the “**MDL Firm 1 Appointee**”) shall be appointed by [•] (“**MDL Firm 1**”); (ii) one (1) TAC Member (the “**MDL Firm 2 Appointee**”) shall be appointed by [•] (“**MDL Firm 2**”); (iii) one (1) TAC Member (the “**MDL Firm 3 Appointee**”) shall be appointed by [•] (“**MDL Firm 3**”); (iv) one (1) TAC Member (the “**MDL Firm 4 Appointee**”) shall be appointed by [•] (“**MDL Firm 4**”); (v) one (1) TAC Member (the “**MDL Firm 5 Appointee**”) shall be appointed by [•] (“**MDL Firm 5**”); (vi) one (1) TAC Member (the “**MDL Firm 6 Appointee**”) shall be appointed by [•]

(“**MDL Firm 6**”); (vii) one (1) TAC Member (the “**MDL Firm 6 Appointee**”) shall be appointed by [•] (“**MDL Firm 6**”); (vii) one (1) TAC Member (the “**MDL Firm 7 Appointee**”) shall be appointed by [•] (“**MDL Firm 7**”); and (viii) (i) one (1) TAC Member (the “**MDL Firm 8 Appointee**”) shall be appointed by [•] (“**MDL Firm 8**” and, together with MDL Firm 1, MDL Firm 2, MDL Firm 3, MDL Firm 4, MDL Firm 5, MDL Firm 6, and MDL Firm 7, the “**MDL Appointing Firms**”). The initial TAC shall consist of the TAC Members named as such on the signature pages hereto. Except as expressly provided in this Trust Agreement or the TDP, any action required or permitted to be taken by the TAC shall be subject to approval by a simple majority of the then-current TAC Members.

5.2 Duties. The TAC Members shall serve in a fiduciary capacity, representing the interests of all holders of Existing Direct Claims. The TAC Members shall have no fiduciary obligations or duties to any Party or Person other than the holders of Existing Direct Claims. The Trustee must consult with the TAC on matters expressly identified in Section 2.2(e) above and in other provisions of this Trust Agreement and the TDP and must obtain the consent of the TAC on matters expressly identified in Section 2.2(f) above and in other provisions of this Trust Agreement and the TDP. Except for the duties and obligations expressed in this Trust Agreement and the documents referenced herein (including the TDP), the TAC and the TAC Members shall have no other duties (including fiduciary duties) or obligations, express or implied, at law or in equity. To the extent that, at law or in equity, the TAC or the TAC Members have duties (including fiduciary duties) and liabilities relating thereto to the Talc Trust, the other Parties hereto, or any beneficiary of the Talc Trust, it is hereby understood and agreed by the other Parties hereto that such duties and liabilities are replaced by the duties and liabilities

of the TAC and the TAC Members expressly set forth in this Trust Agreement and the documents referenced herein (including the Plan, the Confirmation Order, and the TDP).

5.3 Term of Office.

(a) The initial TAC Members appointed in accordance with Section 5.1 above shall serve the staggered three-, four-, or five-year terms as indicated on the signature pages hereto. Thereafter, each term of office shall be five (5) years. Each TAC Member shall serve until the earlier of (i) his or her death, (ii) his or her resignation pursuant to Section 5.3(b) below, (iii) his or her removal pursuant to Section 5.3(c) below, (iv) the end of his or her term as provided above, or (v) the termination of the Talc Trust pursuant to Section 7.3 below.

(b) A TAC Member may resign at any time by written notice to the Trustee, the other TAC Members, and the FCR. Such notice shall specify a date when such resignation shall take effect, which shall not be less than ninety (90) days after the date such notice is given, where practicable.

(c) A TAC Member may be removed in the event that he or she becomes unable to discharge his or her duties hereunder due to accident, physical deterioration, mental incompetence, or a consistent pattern of neglect and failure to perform or to participate in performing the duties of a TAC Member hereunder, such as repeated non-attendance at scheduled meetings, or for other good cause. Such removal may be made by the Bankruptcy Court on the motion of a majority of the other TAC Members.

5.4 Appointment of Successors.

(a) In the event of a TAC Member vacancy, (i) if the vacancy has occurred with respect to the Smith Appointee, the Smith Firm shall appoint a successor TAC Member, (ii) if the vacancy has occurred with respect to the Andrews & Thornton Appointee, Andrews &

Thornton shall appoint a successor TAC Member, (iii) if the vacancy has occurred with respect to the Pulaski Kherkher Appointee, Pulaski Kherkher shall appoint a successor TAC Member, (iv) if the vacancy has occurred with respect to the Watts Appointee, Watts shall appoint a successor TAC Member, (v) if the vacancy has occurred with respect to the Onder Appointee, Onder shall appoint a successor TAC Member, (vi) if the vacancy has occurred with respect to the Nachawati Appointee, Nachawati shall appoint a successor TAC Member, (vii) if the vacancy has occurred with respect to the Aylstock Appointee, Aylstock shall appoint a successor TAC Member, (viii) if the vacancy has occurred with respect to the Schulman Appointee, Schulman shall appoint a successor TAC Member, (ix) if the vacancy has occurred with respect to the Miller Appointee, Miller shall appoint a successor TAC Member, (x) if the vacancy has occurred with respect to the MDL Firm 1 Appointee, the MDL Firm 1 shall appoint a successor TAC Member, (xi) if the vacancy has occurred with respect to the MDL Firm 2 Appointee, the MDL Firm 2 shall appoint a successor TAC Member, (xii) if the vacancy has occurred with respect to the MDL Firm 3 Appointee, the MDL Firm 3 shall appoint a successor TAC Member, (xiii) if the vacancy has occurred with respect to the MDL Firm 4 Appointee, the MDL Firm 4 shall appoint a successor TAC Member, (xiv) if the vacancy has occurred with respect to the MDL Firm 5 Appointee, the MDL Firm 5 shall appoint a successor TAC Member, (xv) if the vacancy has occurred with respect to the MDL Firm 6 Appointee, the MDL Firm 6 shall appoint a successor TAC Member, (xvi) if the vacancy has occurred with respect to the MDL Firm 7 Appointee, the MDL Firm 7 shall appoint a successor TAC Member and (xvii) if the vacancy has occurred with respect to the MDL Firm 8 Appointee, the MDL Firm 8 shall appoint a successor TAC Member; *provided, however*, that, if a successor TAC Member is not appointed in accordance with the preceding provisions of this Section 5.4(a) within thirty (30) days following

the occurrence of such vacancy, (A) if such vacancy relates to the Smith Appointee, the Trustee shall appoint the successor TAC Member, (B) if such vacancy relates to the Andrews & Thornton Appointee, the AHC Appointing Firms other than Andrews & Thornton shall appoint the successor TAC Member, (C) if such vacancy relates to the Pulaski Kherkher Appointee, the AHC Appointing Firms other than Pulaski Kherkher shall appoint the successor TAC Member, (D) if such vacancy relates to the Watts Appointee, the AHC Appointing Firms other than Watts shall appoint the successor TAC Member, (E) if such vacancy relates to the Onder Appointee, the AHC Appointing Firms other than Onder shall appoint the successor TAC Member, (F) if such vacancy relates to the Nachawati Appointee, the AHC Appointing Firms other than Nachawati shall appoint the successor TAC Member, (G) if such vacancy relates to the Aylstock Appointee, the AHC Appointing Firms other than Aylstock shall appoint the successor TAC Member, (H) if such vacancy relates to the Schulman Appointee, the AHC Appointing Firms other than Schulman shall appoint the successor TAC Member, (I) if such vacancy relates to the Miller Appointee, the AHC Appointing Firms other than Miller shall appoint the successor TAC Member, (J) if such vacancy relates to the MDL Firm 1 Appointee, the MDL Appointing Firms other than MDL Firm 1 shall appoint the successor TAC Member, (K) if such vacancy relates to the MDL Firm 2 Appointee, the MDL Appointing Firms other than MDL Firm 2 shall appoint the successor TAC Member, (L) if such vacancy relates to the MDL Firm 3 Appointee, the MDL Appointing Firms other than MDL Firm 3 shall appoint the successor TAC Member, (M) if such vacancy relates to the MDL Firm 4 Appointee, the MDL Appointing Firms other than MDL Firm 4 shall appoint the successor TAC Member, (N) if such vacancy relates to the MDL Firm 5 Appointee, the MDL Appointing Firms other than MDL Firm 5 shall appoint the successor TAC Member, (O) if such vacancy relates to the MDL Firm 6 Appointee, the MDL Appointing Firms

other than MDL Firm 6 shall appoint the successor TAC Member, (P) if such vacancy relates to the MDL Firm 7 Appointee, the MDL Appointing Firms other than MDL Firm 7 shall appoint the successor TAC Member, and (Q) if such vacancy relates to the MDL Firm 8 Appointee, the MDL Appointing Firms other than MDL Firm 8 shall appoint the successor TAC Member; *provided further, however*, that, if a successor TAC Member is not appointed in accordance with the preceding provisions of this Section 5.4(a) within sixty (60) days following the occurrence of such vacancy, the Bankruptcy Court may appoint the successor TAC Member on motion of the Trustee. Any appointment of a successor TAC Member in accordance with the foregoing sentence (other than appointment by the Bankruptcy Court) shall be subject to the consent of at least fifty percent (50%) of the TAC Members in place following the occurrence of such vacancy; *provided, however*, that if such consent is withheld, the party seeking to appoint such successor TAC Member may seek a ruling from the Bankruptcy Court that the consent was unreasonably withheld and that the successor TAC Member is appointed.

(b) Nothing in this Trust Agreement shall prevent the reappointment of an individual serving as a TAC Member for an additional term, and there shall be no limit on the number of terms that a TAC Member may serve.

(c) Each successor TAC Member shall serve until the earlier of (i) the end of the full term for which he or she was appointed, (ii) the end of the term of the TAC Member whom he or she replaced if his or her predecessor TAC Member did not complete such term, (iii) his or her death, (iv) his or her resignation pursuant to Section 5.3(b) above, (v) his or her removal pursuant to Section 5.3(c) above, or (vi) the termination of the Talc Trust pursuant to Section 7.3 below.

(d) No successor TAC Member shall be liable personally for any act or omission of his or her predecessor TAC Member. No successor TAC Member shall have any duty to investigate the acts or omissions of his or her predecessor TAC Member. No TAC Member shall be required to post any bond or other form of surety or security unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.

5.5 TAC's Employment of Professionals.

(a) The TAC may, but is not required to, retain and consult counsel, accountants, auditors, experts, financial and investment advisors, and such other parties deemed by the TAC to be qualified to assist the TAC in connection with its rights or duties as may be requested on the matters submitted to them (the "**TAC Professionals**"). The TAC and the TAC Professionals shall at all times have complete access to the Trustee's and the Talc Trust's officers, agents, and employees, as well as to any Trust Professionals, and shall also have complete access to all non-privileged information generated by them or otherwise available to the Talc Trust or the Trustee. In the absence of a bad faith violation of the implied contractual covenant of good faith and fair dealing within the meaning of 12 Del. C. § 3806(e), the written opinion of or information provided by any TAC Professional or Trust Professional deemed by the TAC to be an expert on the particular matter submitted to such TAC Professional or Trust Professional shall be full and complete authorization and protection in respect of any action taken or not taken by the TAC and the TAC Members in good faith and in accordance with the written opinion or other advice or information provided by such TAC Professional or Trust Professional.

(b) The Talc Trust shall promptly reimburse the TAC for, or if so instructed, pay directly for the benefit of the TAC, all reasonable fees and costs of the TAC Professionals retained and consulted by the TAC pursuant to this Section 5.5.

(c) In the event that the TAC retains counsel in connection with any matter, whether or not related to any claim that has been or might be asserted against the TAC or the TAC Members and irrespective of whether the Talc Trust pays such counsel's fees and related expenses, any communications between the TAC and such counsel shall be deemed to be within the attorney-client privilege and protected by section 3333 of title 12 of the Delaware Code, regardless of whether such communications are related to any claim that has been or might be asserted by or against the TAC or the TAC Members and regardless of whether the Talc Trust pays such counsel's fees and related expenses.

5.6 Compensation and Expenses of the TAC. The TAC Members shall not be entitled to compensation for their services, but the Talc Trust will promptly reimburse each TAC Member for, or, if so instructed, pay directly for the benefit of such TAC Member, all reasonable out-of-pocket costs or expenses incurred by such TAC Member in connection with the performance of his or her duties hereunder including without limitation the premiums of any liability insurance policy the TAC Members obtain to cover the TAC Members' duties and actions in connection with the Talc Trust. Such reimbursement or direct payment shall be deemed a Talc Trust Expense. The Talc Trust shall include a description of the amounts reimbursed or paid under this Section 5.6 in the Annual Report to be filed with the Bankruptcy Court and provided to the TAC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, and J&J pursuant to Section 2.2(c)(i).

ARTICLE VI

THE FCR

6.1 Duties. The initial FCR shall be the individual identified as such on the signature pages hereto. He or she shall serve in a fiduciary capacity, representing the interests of the holders of future Talc Claims for the purpose of protecting the rights of such Persons. The FCR shall have no fiduciary obligations or duties to any Party or Person other than holders of future Talc Claims. The Trustee must consult with the FCR on matters expressly identified in Section 2.2(e) above and in other provisions of this Trust Agreement or the TDP and must obtain the consent of the FCR on matters expressly identified in Section 2.2(f) above and in other provisions of this Trust Agreement and the TDP. Except for the duties and obligations expressed in this Trust Agreement and the documents referenced herein (including the TDP), the FCR shall have no other duties (including fiduciary duties) or obligations, express or implied, at law or in equity. To the extent that, at law or in equity, it is determined that the FCR has duties (including fiduciary duties) and liabilities relating thereto to the Talc Trust, the other Parties hereto, or any beneficiary of the Talc Trust, it is hereby understood and agreed by the other Parties hereto that such duties and liabilities are replaced by the duties and liabilities of the FCR expressly set forth in this Trust Agreement and the documents referenced herein (including the Plan, and Confirmation Order, and the TDP).

6.2 Term of Office.

(a) The FCR shall serve until the earlier of (i) his or her death, (ii) his or her resignation pursuant to Section 6.2(b) below, (iii) his or her removal pursuant to Section 6.2(c) below, or (iv) the termination of the Talc Trust pursuant to Section 7.3 below.

(b) The FCR may resign at any time by written notice to the Trustee and the TAC. Such notice shall specify a date when such resignation shall take effect, which shall not be less than ninety (90) days after the date such notice is given, where practicable.

(c) The FCR may be removed in the event that he or she becomes unable to discharge his or her duties hereunder due to accident, physical deterioration, mental incompetence, or a consistent pattern of neglect and failure to perform or to participate in performing the duties hereunder, such as repeated non-attendance at scheduled meetings, or for other good cause. Such removal may be made by the Trustee with consent of the TAC, or by the Bankruptcy Court on the motion of the Trustee or the TAC.

6.3 Appointment of Successor.

(a) A vacancy caused by resignation or death of the FCR shall be filled with an individual nominated by the FCR prior to the effective date of such resignation or death. A vacancy caused by removal of the FCR based on inability of the FCR to discharge his or her duties due to accident, physical deterioration, or mental incompetence shall be filled with an individual nominated by the FCR prior to such inability. In the event (i) a vacancy was caused as provided above and the FCR did not nominate his or her successor as provided above or (ii) a vacancy was caused by removal of the FCR for other reasons, the successor FCR shall be selected by the Trustee in consultation with the TAC.

(b) No successor FCR shall be liable personally for any act or omission of his or her predecessor. No successor FCR shall have any duty to investigate the acts or omissions of his or her predecessor. No FCR shall be required to post any bond or other form of surety or security unless otherwise ordered by the Bankruptcy Court.

6.4 FCR's Employment of Professionals.

(a) The FCR may, but is not required to, retain and consult counsel, accountants, auditors, experts, financial and investment advisors, and such other parties deemed by the FCR to be qualified to assist the FCR in connection with his or her duties as may be requested on the matters submitted to them (the "**FCR Professionals**"). The FCR and the FCR Professionals shall at all times have complete access to the Trustee's and the Talc Trust's officers, agents, and employees, as well as to any Trust Professionals, and shall also have complete access to all non-privileged information generated by them or otherwise available to the Talc Trust or the Trustee. In the absence of a bad faith violation of the implied contractual covenant of good faith and fair dealing within the meaning of 12 Del. C. § 3806(e), the written opinion of or information provided by any FCR Professional or Trust Professional deemed by the FCR to be an expert on the particular matter submitted to such FCR Professional or Trust Professional shall be full and complete authorization and protection in respect of any action taken or not taken by the FCR in good faith and in accordance with the written opinion or other advice or information provided by such FCR Professional or Trust Professional.

(b) The Talc Trust shall promptly reimburse the FCR for, or, if so instructed, pay directly for the benefit of the FCR, all reasonable fees and costs of the FCR Professionals retained and consulted by the FCR pursuant to this Section 6.4.

(c) In the event that the FCR retains counsel in connection with any matter, whether or not related to any claim that has been or might be asserted against the FCR and irrespective of whether the Talc Trust pays such counsel's fees and related expenses, any communications between the FCR and such counsel shall be deemed to be within the attorney-client privilege and protected by section 3333 of title 12 of the Delaware Code, regardless of

whether such communications are related to any claim that has been or might be asserted by or against the FCR and regardless of whether the Talc Trust pays such counsel's fees and related expenses.

6.5 Compensation and Expenses of the FCR. The FCR shall receive compensation from the Talc Trust in the form of payment at the FCR's normal hourly rate for services performed, as such may be adjusted from time to time. The Talc Trust will promptly reimburse the FCR for, or, if so instructed, pay directly for the benefit of the FCR, all reasonable out-of-pocket costs and expenses incurred by the FCR in connection with the performance of his or her duties hereunder including without limitation the premiums of any liability insurance policy the FCR obtains to cover the FCR's duties and actions in connection with the Talc Trust. Such reimbursement or direct payment shall be deemed a Talc Trust expense. The Talc Trust shall include a description of the amounts reimbursed or paid under this Section 6.5 in the Annual Report to be filed with the Bankruptcy Court and provided to the TAC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, and J&J pursuant to Section 2.2(c)(i).

ARTICLE VII

GENERAL PROVISIONS

7.1 Procedures for Consulting with or Obtaining Consent of the TAC, the TCC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J.

(a) In the event the Trustee is expressly required to consult with the TAC, the TCC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J pursuant to any provision of this Trust Agreement (including without limitation Section 2.2(e) above) or the TDP, the following procedures shall apply:

(i) The Trustee shall provide the TAC, the TCC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J (as applicable) with written advance notice of the matter under consideration and the scope of the action the Trustee proposes to take along with all relevant information concerning the matter as is reasonably practicable under the circumstances. The Trustee shall also provide the TAC, the TCC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J (as applicable) with such reasonable access to the Talc Trust's officers, agents, and employees, as well as any Trust Professionals, as the TAC, the TCC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J (as applicable) may reasonably request during the time that the Trustee is considering such matter, and shall also provide the TAC, the TCC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J (as applicable) the opportunity, at reasonable times and for reasonable periods of time, to discuss and comment on such matter with the Trustee.

(ii) In determining when to take definitive action on any matter subject to the consultation process set forth in this Section 7.1(a), the Trustee shall take into consideration the time required for the TAC, the TCC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J (as applicable), if they so wish, to retain and consult with their own advisors as to such matter. In any event, the Trustee shall not take definitive action on any such matter until at least ten (10) Business Days after providing the TAC, the TCC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J (as applicable) with the initial written notice that such matter is under consideration by the Trustee, unless such period is waived by the TAC, the TCC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J (as applicable).

(b) In the event the Trustee is expressly required to obtain the consent of the TAC, the TCC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J (as applicable) pursuant to any other

provision of this Trust Agreement (including without limitation Section 2.2(f) above) or the TDP, the following procedures shall apply:

(i) The Trustee shall provide the TAC, the TCC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J (as applicable) with a written notice stating that their consent is being sought pursuant to that provision, describing in detail the nature and scope of the action the Trustee proposes to take and explaining in detail the reasons why the Trustee desires to take such action. The Trustee shall provide the TAC, the TCC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J (as applicable) with as much relevant additional information concerning the proposed action as is reasonably practicable under the circumstances. The Trustee shall also provide the TAC, the TCC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J (as applicable) with such reasonable access to the Talc Trust's officers, agents, and employees, as well as any Trust Professionals, as the TAC, the TCC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J (as applicable) may reasonably request during the time that the Trustee is considering such action, and shall also provide the TAC, the TCC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J (as applicable) the opportunity, at reasonable times and for reasonable periods of time, to discuss and comment on such action with the Trustee.

(ii) The TAC, the TCC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J (as applicable) must advise the Trustee in writing of their consent or objection to the proposed action within ten (10) Business Days of receiving the original request for consent from the Trustee, or within such additional time as the Trustee, the TAC, the TCC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J (as applicable) may agree. If the TAC, the TCC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J (as applicable) does not advise the Trustee in writing of its consent or objection to the proposed action within ten (10) Business Days of receiving notice regarding such request (or any

additional time period agreed to as provided above), then consent of the TAC, the TCC, the FCR, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J (as applicable) to the proposed action shall be deemed to have been affirmatively granted.

(iii) The TAC, the TCC, and the FCR may not unreasonably withhold, delay, or condition their consent hereunder. If the TAC, the TCC, or the FCR decides to withhold consent, they must explain in reasonable detail their objection to the proposed action. If, after following the procedures specified in this Section 7.1(b), the TAC, the TCC, or the FCR continues to object to the proposed action and to withhold its consent to the proposed action, the Trustee and the TAC, the TCC, or the FCR (as applicable) shall resolve their dispute pursuant to Section 7.13. The TAC, the TCC, or the FCR (as applicable) shall have the burden of proving that it reasonably withheld its consent. If the TAC, the TCC, or the FCR (as applicable) meets that burden, the Talc Trust shall then have the burden of showing why it should be permitted to take the proposed action notwithstanding the reasonable objection of the TAC, the TCC, or the FCR (as applicable).

(iv) Each of the Reorganized Debtor and J&J may withhold its consent hereunder in its sole and absolute discretion.

7.2 Irrevocability. To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, the Talc Trust is irrevocable.

7.3 Term; Termination.

(a) The term for which the Talc Trust is to exist shall commence on the date of the filing of the Certificate of Trust and shall terminate pursuant to the provisions of Section 7.3(b) through Section 7.3(d) below. At any time prior to the earlier to occur of (i) the date that is one hundred seventy (170) days after the Confirmation Date and (ii) the Effective

Date, the Debtor (with the consent of J&J) may revoke and withdraw the Plan for either of the following reasons: (A) the Claims Submission Report shows that fewer than ninety-five percent (95%) of all holders of Existing Direct Claims who submitted their respective Existing Direct Claims to the Talc Trust within one hundred twenty (120) days of the Confirmation Date included a properly completed and executed Acceptance and Release as part of their submission or (B) the United States Trustee or any association or organization advocating on behalf of attorneys who regularly represent personal injury claimants appeals the Confirmation Order to the Fifth Circuit. In the event the Debtor revokes and withdraws the Plan in accordance with the preceding sentence, the Debtor may deliver to the Trustee a written notice of such revocation and withdrawal (a “**Plan Withdrawal Notice**”). If the Effective Date shall have occurred and thereafter there is an Adverse Appellate Ruling, the Reorganized Debtor (with the consent of J&J) may deliver to the Trustee a written notice (a “**Trust Termination Notice**”) informing the Trustee of such Adverse Appellate Ruling.

(b) The Talc Trust shall automatically dissolve on (x) the date on which the Confirmation Order is vacated, (y) the date on which the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor delivers to the Trustee a Plan Withdrawal Notice or a Trust Termination Notice, or (z) if the Effective Date shall have occurred and the Talc Trust has not been dissolved as provided in the foregoing clause (x) or (y), the date that is ninety (90) days after the first occurrence of any of the following events (as applicable, the “**Dissolution Date**”):

(i) the date on which the Trustee decides, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR, to dissolve the Talc Trust because (A) the Trustee, in his or her reasonable judgment, deems it unlikely that new Talc Claims will be filed against the Talc Trust, (B) all Talc Claims duly filed with the Talc Trust have been liquidated and paid or otherwise resolved,

and (C) twelve (12) consecutive months have elapsed during which no new Talc Claim has been filed with the Talc Trust;

(ii) if the Trustee, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR, have procured and have in place irrevocable insurance policies and have established claims handling agreements and other necessary arrangements with suitable third parties adequate to discharge all expected remaining obligations and expenses of the Talc Trust in a manner consistent with this Trust Agreement and the TDP, the date on which the Bankruptcy Court enters an order approving such insurance and other arrangements and such order becomes a Final Order;

(iii) to the extent that any rule against perpetuities shall be deemed applicable to the Talc Trust, the date on which twenty-one (21) years less ninety-one (91) days pass after the death of the last survivor of all the descendants of the late Joseph P. Kennedy, Sr., father of the late President John F. Kennedy, living on the date hereof.

(c) If the Debtor shall have delivered to the Trustee a Plan Withdrawal Notice, on the Dissolution Date, the Talc Trust shall immediately cease evaluating and valuing Talc Claims and, as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable, after the wind-up of the Talc Trust's affairs by the Trustee and payment of all the Talc Trust's liabilities (excluding, for the avoidance of doubt, Talc Claims) has been provided for as required by applicable law including Section 3803 of the Act, all monies remaining in the Talc Trust shall be returned to the Debtor. If the Reorganized Debtor shall have delivered to the Trustee a Trust Termination Notice, on the Dissolution Date, the Talc Trust shall immediately cease evaluating, valuing, and paying Talc Claims and, as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable, after the wind-up of the Talc Trust's affairs by the Trustee and payment of all the Talc Trust's liabilities (excluding, for the avoidance of doubt, Talc Claims) has been provided for as required by applicable law including

Section 3803 of the Act, all monies remaining in the Talc Trust shall be returned to the Reorganized Debtor and all other assets of the Talc Trust shall be returned to the Reorganized Debtor or J&J, as applicable. If the Effective Date shall have occurred, on any Dissolution Date contemplated by clause (z) of Section 7.3(b) above (or as soon thereafter as is reasonably practicable), after the wind-up of the Talc Trust's affairs by the Trustee and payment of all the Talc Trust's liabilities has been provided for as required by applicable law including Section 3808 of the Act, all monies remaining in the Talc Trust shall be given to charitable organization(s) exempt from federal income tax under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, which tax-exempt organization(s) shall be selected by the Trustee in their reasonable discretion; *provided, however*, that (i) if practicable, the activities of the selected tax-exempt organization(s) shall be related to the treatment of, research on the cure of, or other relief for individuals suffering from, ovarian cancer, or other gynecological disease and (ii) the tax-exempt organization(s) shall not bear any relationship to the Reorganized Debtor within the meaning of section 468B(d)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Notwithstanding any contrary provision of any Plan Document, this Section 7.3(c) cannot be modified or amended.

(d) Following the dissolution and, if the Effective Date shall have occurred, distribution of the assets of the Talc Trust, the Talc Trust shall terminate and the Trustee and the Delaware Trustee (acting solely at the written direction of the Trustee) shall execute and cause a Certificate of Cancellation of the Certificate of Trust of the Talc Trust to be filed in accordance with the Act. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Trust Agreement, the existence of the Talc Trust as a separate legal entity shall continue until the filing of such Certificate of Cancellation.

7.4 Amendments.

(a) Prior to the Effective Date, this Trust Agreement may be modified or amended only by mutual agreement of the Parties and with the consent of the TCC, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld. From and after the Effective Date, the Trustee, subject to the consent of the TAC and the FCR, may modify or amend this Trust Agreement (except with respect to Section 7.3(c), which by its own terms is expressly not subject to modification or amendment); *provided, however*, that with respect to any requirement in this Trust Agreement that consent of the TAC be made pursuant to a supermajority of the TAC, any modification or amendment of such supermajority requirement shall be subject to the consent of a supermajority of the TAC (consisting of not less than 66% of all TAC Members). From and after the Effective Date, the Trustee, subject to the consent of the TAC and the FCR, may modify or amend the TDP; *provided, however*, that no modification or amendment to the TDP shall be inconsistent with the provisions of the TDP limiting amendments or modifications to the TDP. Any modification or amendment made pursuant to this Section 7.4 must be in writing.

(b) Notwithstanding anything contained in this Trust Agreement or the TDP to the contrary:

(i) Neither this Trust Agreement, the TDP, nor any document annexed hereto or thereto shall be modified or amended in any way that could jeopardize, impair, or modify: (A) the applicability of section 524(g), section 1123(b)(6) and/or section 105 of the Bankruptcy Code to the Plan, the Confirmation Order, or the Talc Trust; (B) the enforceability, the scope, or the terms of the discharge, releases, injunctions, and exculpation included in Article XI of the Plan; or (C) the Talc Trust's status as a Qualified Settlement Fund within the meaning of the QSF Regulations.

(ii) Any modification or amendment of this Trust Agreement affecting the rights, duties, immunities, or liabilities of the Delaware Trustee shall require the Delaware Trustee's written consent.

(iii) Any modification or amendment of this Trust Agreement or the TDP affecting the rights of the Reorganized Debtor or J&J, including rights with respect to (A) the applicability of section 524(g), section 1123(b)(6) and/or section 105 of the Bankruptcy Code to the Plan, the Confirmation Order, or the Talc Trust; (B) the enforceability, the scope, or the terms of the discharge, releases, injunctions, and exculpation included in Article XI of the Plan; or (C) the Talc Trust's status as a Qualified Settlement Fund within the meaning of the QSF Regulations, shall require the written consent of the Reorganized Debtor or J&J (as applicable). For the avoidance of doubt, any modification or amendment to clause (i) or clause (iii) of this Section 7.4(b) shall require the written consent of the Reorganized Debtor and J&J.

7.5 Severability. Should any provision in this Trust Agreement be determined to be unenforceable, such determination shall in no way limit or affect the enforceability and operative effect of any other provision of this Trust Agreement.

7.6 Notices.

(a) Notices to Persons asserting claims shall be given by first class mail, postage prepaid, at the address of such Person, or, where applicable, such Person's representative, in each case as provided on such Person's claim form submitted to the Talc Trust in accordance with the TDP with respect to his or her Talc Claim, or by such other means, including electronic notice, as may be implemented by the Trustee, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR.

(b) Any notices or other communications required or permitted hereunder to the following Parties shall be in writing and delivered to the addresses or email addresses designated below, or to such other addresses or email addresses as may hereafter be furnished in writing to each of the other Parties listed below in compliance with the terms hereof.

To the Talc Trust or the Trustee:

Red River Talc Personal Injury Trust
c/o Fouad Kurdi
30 Monument Square, Suite 245
Concord, MA 01742

With a copy to:

[•]

To the TAC or the TAC Members:

Andrews & Thornton
4701 Von Karman Ave. Suite 300
Newport Beach, CA 92660
Attn: Anne Andrews
Email: aa@andrewsthornton.com

Pulaski Kherkher, PLLC
2925 Richmond Avenue, Suite 1725
Houston, TX 77098
Attn: Adam Pulaski
Email: adam@pulaskilawfirm.com

Watts Law Firm LLP
811 Barton Springs Road #725
Austin, TX 78704
Attn: Mikal Watts
Email: mikal@wattslp.com

OnderLaw, LLC
110 E. Lockwood Ave
St. Louis, MO 63119
Attn: James Onder
Email: Onder@onderlaw.com

Nachawati Law Group
5489 Blair Road

Dallas, TX 75231
Attn: Majed Nachawati
Email: mn@ntrial.com

Aylstock, Witkin, Kreis, & Overholtz PLLC
17 E. Main Street Suite 200
Pensacola, FL 32502
Attn: Daniel Thornburgh
Email: DThornburgh@awkolaw.com

Slater Slater Schulman LLP
488 Madison Ave., 20th Floor
New York, New York 10022
Attn: Jonathan E. Schulman
Email: jschulman@sssfirm.com

The Miller Firm, LLC
The Sherman Building
108 Railroad Avenue
Orange, VA 22960
Attn: David Dickens
Email: Ddickens@millerfirmllc.com

The Smith Law Firm, PLLC
300 Concourse Blvd., Suite 104
Ridgeland, MS 39157
Attn: Allen Smith
Email: asmith@smith-law.org

With a copy to:

[•]

To the FCR:

[•]

With a copy to:

[•]

To the Debtor or the Reorganized Debtor:

[•]

With a copy to:

Jones Day
2727 N. Harwood Street
Dallas, Texas 75201
Attention: Dan Prieto
Email: dbprieto@jonesday.com

To J&J or Holdco:

c/o Johnson & Johnson
One Johnson & Johnson Plaza
New Brunswick, New Jersey 08933
Attention: [•]
Email: [•]

With copies to:

Barnes & Thornburg LLP
2029 Century Park East
Suite 300
Los Angeles, California 90067
Attention: Jim Murdica
Email: jmurdica@btlaw.com

and

White & Case LLP
1221 Avenue of Americas
New York, New York 10020
Attention: Jessica C. Lauria (Boelter)
Email: jessica.boelter@whitecase.com

To the Delaware Trustee;

[•]

(c) All such notices and communications if mailed shall be effective when physically delivered at the designated addresses or, if electronically transmitted, when the communication is received at the designated addresses and confirmed by the recipient by return transmission.

7.7 Successors and Assigns. The provisions of this Trust Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Trustee, the TAC Members, the FCR, the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, and Holdco and their respective successors and assigns, except that none of them may assign or delegate any of their rights or obligations under this Trust Agreement except: (a) in the case of the Trustee, in accordance with Section 4.3 above; (b) in the case of the TAC Members, in accordance with Section 5.4 above; and (c) in the case of the FCR, in accordance to Section 6.3 above.

7.8 Limitation on Claim Interests for Securities Laws Purposes. Talc Claims and any interests therein: (a) shall not be assigned, conveyed, hypothecated, pledged, or otherwise transferred, voluntarily or involuntarily, directly or indirectly, except by will or under the laws of descent and distribution; (b) shall not be evidenced by a certificate or other instrument; (c) shall not possess any voting rights; and (d) shall not be entitled to receive any dividends or interest; *provided, however,* that the foregoing clause (a) shall not apply to subrogation resulting from payments made by a third party in respect of such Talc Claim.

7.9 Entire Agreement; No Waiver. The entire agreement of the Parties relating to the subject matter of this Trust Agreement is contained herein and in the documents referred to herein (including the Plan), and this Trust Agreement and such documents supersede any prior oral or written agreements concerning the subject matter hereof. No failure to exercise or delay in exercising any right, power, or privilege hereunder shall operate as a waiver thereof, nor shall any single or partial exercise of any right, power, or privilege hereunder preclude any further exercise thereof or of any other right, power, or privilege. The rights and remedies herein provided are cumulative and are not exclusive of rights under law or in equity.

7.10 Headings. The headings used in this Trust Agreement are inserted for convenience only and do not constitute a portion of this Trust Agreement, nor in any manner affect the construction of the provisions of this Trust Agreement.

7.11 Governing Law. The validity and construction of this Trust Agreement and all amendments hereto and thereto shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, and the rights of all Parties hereto and the effect of every provision hereof shall be subject to and construed according to the laws of the State of Delaware without regard to the conflicts of law provisions thereof that would purport to apply the law of any other jurisdiction; *provided, however,* that the Parties hereto intend that the provisions hereof shall control and there shall not be applicable to the Talc Trust, this Trust Agreement, or the Parties, any provision of the laws (statutory or common) of the State of Delaware pertaining to trusts that relate to or regulate in a manner inconsistent with the terms hereof: (a) the filing with any court or governmental body or agency of trustee accounts or schedules of trustee fees and charges; (b) affirmative requirements to post bonds for the trustees, officers, agents, employees, or professionals of a trust; (c) the necessity for obtaining court or other governmental approval concerning the acquisition, holding, or disposition of real or personal property; (d) fees or other sums payable to the trustees, officers, agents, employees, or professionals of a trust; (e) the allocation of receipts and expenditures to income or principal; (f) restrictions or limitations on the permissible nature, amount, or concentration of trust investments or requirements relating to the titling, storage, or other manner of holding of trust assets; (g) the existence of rights or interests (beneficial or otherwise) in trust assets; (h) the ability of beneficial owners or other Persons to terminate or dissolve a trust; or (i) the establishment of fiduciary or other standards or responsibilities or limitations on the acts or powers of the trustee or beneficial owners that are inconsistent with the limitations on liability

or authorities and powers of the Trustee, the Delaware Trustee, the TAC, the TAC Members, or the FCR set forth or referenced in this Trust Agreement. Section 3540 of the Act shall not apply to the Talc Trust.

7.12 Settlors' Representative and Cooperation. The Debtor is hereby irrevocably designated as the Settlor and is hereby authorized to take any action required of the Settlor by the Trustee in connection with the Trust Agreement. The Reorganized Debtor agrees to cooperate in implementing the goals and objectives of this Trust Agreement at the sole expense of the Talc Trust.

7.13 Enforcement and Administration. The provisions of this Trust Agreement and the TDP shall be enforced by the Bankruptcy Court pursuant to the Plan and the Confirmation Order. The Parties hereby acknowledge and agree that the Bankruptcy Court shall have continuing exclusive jurisdiction over the settlement of the accounts of the Trustee and over any disputes that arise under this Trust Agreement or the TDP.

7.14 Effectiveness. This Trust Agreement shall not become effective until the later of (a) the Confirmation Date and (b) the date on which this Trust Agreement has been executed and delivered by all the Parties hereto.

7.15 Counterpart Signatures. This Trust Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts and by different Parties on separate counterparts, and each such counterpart shall be deemed to be an original, but all such counterparts shall together constitute one and the same instrument. Electronic signatures and original signatures delivered electronically, in PDF or otherwise, shall be deemed to be original signatures.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed this Trust Agreement as of the date first written above.

SETTLOR:

RED RIVER TALC LLC

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

JOHNSON & JOHNSON

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

JOHNSON & JOHNSON HOLDCO (NA) INC.

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

TRUSTEE

DELAWARE TRUSTEE:

[•]

Name: Fouad Kurdi

By: _____

Name: _____

Title: _____

INITIAL TALC TRUST ADVISORY COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Smith Appointee:

Name: Allen Smith
Expiration Date of Initial Term: [●]
anniversary of the date first written above

AHC Appointees:

Andrews & Thornton Appointee:

Name: Anne Andrews
Expiration Date of Initial Term: [●]
anniversary of the date first written above

Pulaski Kherkher Appointee:

Name: Adam Pulaski
Expiration Date of Initial Term: [●]
anniversary of the date first written above

Watts Appointee:

Name: Mikal C. Watts
Expiration Date of Initial Term: [●]
anniversary of the date first written above

Onder Appointee:

Name: James G. Onder
Expiration Date of Initial Term: [●]
anniversary of the date first written above

Nachawati Appointee:

Name: Majed Nachawati
Expiration Date of Initial Term: [●]
anniversary of the date first written above

Aylstock Appointee:

Name: Daniel Thornburgh
Expiration Date of Initial Term: [●]
anniversary of the date first written above

Schulman Appointee:

Name: Jonathan E. Schulman
Expiration Date of Initial Term: [●]
anniversary of the date first written above

Miller Appointee:

Name: David Dickens
Expiration Date of Initial Term: [●]
anniversary of the date first written above

MDL Appointees:

MDL Firm 1 Appointee:

Name: [•]
Expiration Date of Initial Term: [•]
anniversary of the date first written above

MDL Firm 5 Appointee:

Name: [•]
Expiration Date of Initial Term: [•]
anniversary of the date first written above

MDL Firm 2 Appointee:

Name: [•]
Expiration Date of Initial Term: [•]
anniversary of the date first written above

MDL Firm 6 Appointee:

Name: [•]
Expiration Date of Initial Term: [•]
anniversary of the date first written above

MDL Firm 3 Appointee:

Name: [•]
Expiration Date of Initial Term: [•]
anniversary of the date first written above

MDL Firm 7 Appointee:

Name: [•]
Expiration Date of Initial Term: [•]
anniversary of the date first written above

MDL Firm 4 Appointee:

Name: [•]
Expiration Date of Initial Term: [•]
anniversary of the date first written above

MDL Firm 8 Appointee:

Name: [•]
Expiration Date of Initial Term: [•]
anniversary of the date first written above

FCR

Randi S. Ellis

Exhibit 1

Certificate of Trust

See attached.

CERTIFICATE OF TRUST

OF

RED RIVER TALC PERSONAL INJURY TRUST

This Certificate of Trust of the Red River Talc Personal Injury Trust (this “**Trust**”) is being executed and filed by the undersigned, as the trustee of the Trust, to form a statutory trust under the Delaware Statutory Trust Act (12 Del. Code, § 3801 et. seq.) (the “**Act**”).

1. **Name.** The name of the statutory trust formed hereby is Red River Talc Personal Injury Trust.

2. **Delaware Trustee.** The name and business address of the trustee of the Trust in the State of Delaware are [●].

3. **Effective Date.** This Certificate of Trust shall be effective upon filing.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned have duly executed this Certificate of Trust
in accordance with section 3811(a) of the Act.

**RED RIVER TALC PERSONAL INJURY
TRUST**

By: _____
Fouad Kurdi, solely as Trustee,
and not in his/her individual capacity

Exhibit 2

Effective Date Assignment and Assumption Instrument

See attached.

INSTRUMENT OF ASSIGNMENT AND ASSUMPTION

This Instrument of Assignment and Assumption (this “**Instrument**”), dated [●], is entered into by (1) Red River Talc LLC, a Texas limited liability company (the “**Reorganized Debtor**”), (2) Johnson & Johnson, a New Jersey corporation (“**J&J**”), and (3) the Red River Talc Personal Injury Trust (the “**Talc Trust**” and, together with the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, and Holdco, the “**Parties**”) established pursuant to the Red River Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement dated [●] (the “**Trust Agreement**”), as contemplated by Section 1.3(a), Section 1.4(a), Section 1.7(a) and Section 1.8(a) of the Trust Agreement. All capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the definitions set forth (or incorporated by reference) in the Trust Agreement.

1. **Effective Date.** Each of the Parties hereby acknowledges that the Effective Date has occurred.

2. **Talc Claims.** As contemplated by Section 1.3(a) of the Trust Agreement, pursuant to, and in accordance with, Section 4.8.1 of the Plan, the Talc Trust hereby assumes all liabilities, obligations, and responsibilities, financial and otherwise, of the Reorganized Debtor and the other Protected Parties for all Talc Claims (including Indirect Talc Personal Injury Claims and Talc Personal Injury Demands).

3. **Talc Personal Injury Trust Defenses.** As contemplated by Section 1.4(a) of the Trust Agreement, pursuant to, and in accordance with, Section 4.8.2 of the Plan, the Reorganized Debtor and J&J hereby transfer and assign to the Talc Trust, and the Talc Trust hereby accepts, the Talc Personal Injury Trust Defenses.

4. **Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights.** If Section 1.7(a) of the Trust Agreement is applicable, as contemplated by such Section 1.7(a), pursuant to, and in accordance with, Section 4.9.3 of the Plan, the Reorganized Debtor and J&J hereby transfer and assign to the Talc

Trust, and the Talc Trust hereby accepts, the Imerys/Cyprus Related Rights, effective as of the Effective Date or, if later, the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement Termination Date (without the need for any further action by the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, the Talc Trust, or any other Person).

5. Talc Insurance Assets. As contemplated by Section 1.8(a) of the Trust Agreement, pursuant to, and in accordance with, Section 4.9.4 of the Plan, the Reorganized Debtor hereby transfer and assigns to the Talc Trust, and the Talc Trust hereby accepts, the Talc Insurance Assets.

6. Construction. This Instrument is being executed solely to give effect to the transactions contemplated by the Plan, the Confirmation Order, and the Trust Agreement. Nothing in this Instrument, express or implied, is intended to, or will be construed to, modify, expand, or limit in any way the terms of the Plan, the Confirmation Order, and the Trust Agreement.

7. Governing Law. The validity and construction of this Instrument shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, and the rights of all Parties and the effect of every provision hereof shall be subject to and construed according to the laws of the State of Delaware without regard to the conflicts of law provisions thereof that would purport to apply the law of any other jurisdiction.

8. Counterparts. This Instrument may be executed in any number of counterparts and by different Parties on separate counterparts, and each such counterpart shall be deemed to be an original, but all such counterparts shall together constitute one and the same instrument. Electronic signatures or original signatures delivered electronically, in PDF or otherwise, shall be deemed to be original signatures.

[Remainder of page intentionally left blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed this Instrument as of the date first written above.

RED RIVER TALC LLC

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

JOHNSON & JOHNSON

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

**RED RIVER TALC PERSONAL INJURY
TRUST**

By: _____
Fouad Kurdi, solely as Trustee, and
not in his/her individual capacity

EXHIBIT I

THIS NOTE HAS BEEN ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 1145 OF THE U.S. BANKRUPTCY CODE, WHICH PROVIDES AN EXEMPTION FROM THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933, AS AMENDED, AND APPLICABLE STATE STATUTES.

SECURED NON-RECOURSE NOTE

[•]

This SECURED NON-RECOURSE NOTE (this “Note”) is issued pursuant to the Second Amended Prepackaged Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization (the “Plan”) of Red River Talc LLC, debtor in the chapter 11 case captioned *In re: Red River Talc LLC*, Case No. 24-90505 (CML) pending in the United States Bankruptcy Court for the Southern District of Texas. All capitalized terms used herein and not otherwise defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed to them in the Plan.

Red River Talc LLC, a Texas limited liability company (“Maker”), hereby promises to pay the RED RIVER TALC TALC PERSONAL INJURY TRUST (together with its successors and registered assigns, “Payee”) the principal sum of \$388,000,000.00 on the terms set forth herein.

SECTION 1. Payments in Cash. All payments to be made to Payee under this Note shall be made in the lawful money of the United States of America in immediately available funds to the following trust account established and maintained by Payee to hold Talc Personal Injury Trust:

[•]

SECTION 2. Security. This Note is secured by a pledge of 100% of the ownership interests in Maker, pursuant to that certain pledge agreement, executed by New Holdco in favor of Payee (the “Pledge Agreement”), as further described therein and subject to the terms thereof.

SECTION 3. Optional Prepayments. Maker may, at any time and from time to time, prepay all or any portion of this Note in accordance with Section 1 above.

SECTION 4. Payment at Maturity. Maker shall repay all outstanding amounts due under this Note on or before the later of (a) the seventh anniversary of the Petition Date and (b) the first anniversary of the Effective Date (the “Maturity Date”). In any event, the entire principal balance of this Note shall be due and payable on the Maturity Date.

SECTION 5. Non-Recourse Obligations; Payment Default. If Maker fails to pay the principal balance of this Note on the Maturity Date (a “Payment Default”), then Payee shall be permitted to exercise its rights under the Pledge Agreement. Payee’s sole remedy for nonpayment hereunder shall be to exercise its rights under the Pledge Agreement with respect to the Pledged Collateral (as defined therein). Payee shall only have recourse to the Pledged Collateral for payment of this Note, and no other assets of Maker shall be subject to levy, execution, or other enforcement procedure for satisfaction or payment of amounts owing under this Note.

SECTION 6. Interest. This Note will bear no interest.

SECTION 7. Partial Payments. Any payment of this Note that is made in an amount less than the aggregate amount of the entire principal balance shall reduce the principal amount.

SECTION 8. Record of Payment; Business Day. Payee shall record the amount of any payment received by it hereunder and the applicable dates with respect thereto, by such method as Payee may generally employ, and such records of Payee shall be rebuttably presumptive evidence of the amounts that remain owing and unpaid hereunder; *provided, however*, that failure to make any such entry shall in no way affect Maker's obligations hereunder. Whenever any payment to be made hereunder is due on a day that is not a Business Day, such payment shall be made on the next succeeding Business Day.

SECTION 9. Notices. Any notice or other communication hereunder shall be by hand delivery, overnight delivery via nationally recognized overnight delivery service, or registered or certified United States mail with return receipt, postage prepaid, addressed to the receiving party at its address specified below (or at any other address that the receiving party may hereafter specify to the delivering party in writing), and unless otherwise provided herein shall be deemed to have been given or made when delivered or, if sent via United States mail, when the return receipt therefor is signed by the receiving party:

Payee: Red River Talc Personal Injury Trust
[•]
[•]
Attention: [•]

Maker: Red River Talc LLC
[•]
[•]
Attention: [•]

SECTION 10. Governing Law. This Note shall be deemed a contract made under the laws of the State of Texas without regard to principles of conflicts of laws.

SECTION 11. Severability. If any one or more of the provisions contained in this Note are invalid, illegal, or unenforceable in any respect, the validity, legality, or enforceability of all the remaining provisions will not in any way be affected or impaired. If any one or more provisions contained in this Note are deemed invalid, illegal, or unenforceable because of their scope or breadth, such provisions shall be reformed and replaced with provisions whose scope and breadth are valid under applicable law.

SECTION 12. Assignment; Note Register. This Note shall bind Maker and Maker's successors and assigns and shall inure to the benefit of Payee and its successors and assigns. This Note may be assigned, in whole or in part, by Payee and Payee shall provide written notice of any such assignment to Maker. Maker shall maintain a written register setting forth the name and address of Payee and each of its assigns, and the amounts owing to each hereunder. This Note may be assigned, in whole or in part, by Maker, but Maker shall not be relieved of any of its obligations hereunder.

SECTION 13. Tax Forms. By accepting this Note, Payee (including any assignee thereof) agrees to deliver to Maker upon or prior to its receipt of this Note, a duly completed Internal Revenue Service Form W-9 (or applicable Form W-8) establishing a complete exemption from withholding tax, including backup withholding tax, and to subsequently provide to Maker an updated form upon the obsolescence or invalidity of any previously delivered form.

SECTION 14. Automatic Termination. This Note shall automatically terminate if the Plan is revoked and withdrawn by the Reorganized Debtor as contemplated by Section 9.12 of the Plan.

[REMAINDER OF THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, Maker has executed and delivered this Note on the date first written above.

RED RIVER TALC LLC

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

The foregoing is agreed to and accepted as of
the date first written above by the following:

RED RIVER TALC PERSONAL INJURY
TRUST

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

[Signature Page to Talc PI Note]

EXHIBIT K

TRUST DISTRIBUTION PROCEDURES
FOR
RED RIVER TALC PERSONAL INJURY TRUST

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TRUST DISTRIBUTION PROCEDURES

These Trust Distribution Procedures (these “**TDP**”) provide the means for resolving all Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims as provided in and required by the Second Amended Prepackaged Chapter 11 Plan of Reorganization of the Debtor dated December 9, 2024 (the “**Plan**”), and the Talc Personal Injury Trust Agreement attached thereto as Exhibit K (the “**Trust Agreement**”).

The Plan and the Trust Agreement establish the Red River Talc Personal Injury Trust (the “**Trust**”). The trustee of the Trust (the “**Trustee**”) shall implement and administer these TDP in accordance with the Trust Agreement.

Article 1 **INTRODUCTION AND OVERVIEW**

1.1 Purpose

These TDP have been adopted pursuant to the Plan and Trust Agreement and are intended to provide reasonable assurance that the Trust will evaluate, value, and pay similar Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims in substantially the same manner, and otherwise comply with the requirements of a trust set forth in section 524(g) of the Bankruptcy Code. To achieve this goal, these TDP set forth procedures for (i) processing, evaluating, resolving, and paying Direct Claims through the Expedited Review Process, the Individual Review Process, or the Quickpay Review Process and (ii) liquidating and paying Indirect Claims. These TDP are designed to be consistent with characteristics known to be relevant to the valuation of Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims in the tort system, including disease type and age at diagnosis, and/or the theories promulgated by plaintiffs’ experts in the MDL, including time since last talc use.

1.2 Vesting of Rights

Except as expressly provided herein, nothing in these TDP shall be deemed to create a substantive right for the holder of any Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim. To the extent these TDP provide rights and benefits to holders of Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims, such rights and benefits shall vest in such holders as of the Effective Date.

1.3 Exclusivity

These TDP shall be the sole and exclusive method by which a party may seek allowance and payment of a Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim (other than a Master Settlement Agreement Claim or a Judgment Claim).

1.4 General Principles

These TDP are founded on the following principles: (i) the efficient resolution of all Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims (including both Direct Claims and Indirect Claims) and equitable valuation of all similarly situated Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims; (ii) clear and objective qualification and valuation criteria; (iii) clear and reliable evidentiary requirements; (iv)

a rigorous review and evaluation process requiring the Trustee to determine the appropriate values for Direct Claims in accordance with these TDP and applicable law; (v) independence of the Trust and the Trustee; (vi) administrative transparency; and (vii) fraud detection and prevention.

Article 2 **INTERPRETATION AND DEFINITIONS**

2.1 Interpretation

The terms of the Plan and Confirmation Order shall prevail if there is any discrepancy between the terms of the Plan or Confirmation Order and the terms of these TDP.

2.2 Definitions

- (1) **“Acceptance and Release”** shall mean the document pursuant to which the holder of an Allowed Claim accepts an offer from the Trust for payment of such Allowed Claim and provides the requisite releases required as a condition of payment as described in Section 7.2.1(A) (in the case of Direct Claims) or Section 8.1.3 (in the case of Indirect Claims), which document shall be in a form adopted by the Trustee with the consent of the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, the TAC, the TCC, and the FCR.
- (2) **“Adjusted Scheduled Point Value”** shall mean, with respect to any Direct Claim evaluated under the Expedited Review Process, the claim-specific Point Value of such Direct Claim resulting from adjustment of the Initial Scheduled Point Value of such Direct Claim, as determined in accordance with Section 5.3.3.
- (3) **“ADR Procedures”** shall mean the alternative dispute resolution procedures set forth in Section 6.1.2.
- (4) **“Affiliate”** shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (5) **“AHC of Supporting Counsel”** shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (6) **“Allowed Claim”** shall mean (a) a Direct Claim that has been determined to satisfy the Expedited Review Criteria under Section 4.6.4, the Individual Review Criteria under Section 4.6.5, or the Quickpay Review Criteria under Section 4.6.6, as applicable, or (b) an Indirect Claim that has been determined to satisfy the Indirect Claim Review Criteria under Section 8.1.2.
- (7) **“Allowed Claim Amount”** shall mean: (a) with respect to a Direct Claim evaluated under the Expedited Review Process, the dollar value determined by multiplying (i) the Cash Value of a Point by (ii) the Final Scheduled Point Value of such Direct Claim as determined pursuant to Section 5.3; (b) with respect to a Direct Claim evaluated under the Individual Review Process, the dollar value determined by multiplying (i) the Cash Value of a Point by (ii) the Final Scheduled Point Value of such Direct Claim as determined pursuant to Section 5.4; (c) with respect to a Direct Claim evaluated under the Quickpay Review Process, the dollar

value determined pursuant to Section 5.5; and (d) with respect to an Indirect Claim, the dollar value determined pursuant to Section 8.1.2.

- (8) “**Allowed Claim Notice**” shall mean a written notice delivered by the Trustee to a Direct Claimant or an Indirect Claimant informing such Direct Claimant or Indirect Claimant that her Direct Claim or Indirect Claim, as applicable, has become an Allowed Claim and indicating the proposed Allowed Claim Amount.
- (9) “**Allowed Judgment Amount**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 6.1.3.
- (10) “**ARCHER**” shall mean ARCHER Systems, LLC.
- (11) “**ARCHER Engagement Letter**” shall mean the engagement letter dated [•], 2024, between ARCHER and the Debtor authorized by the *Order (A) Authorizing the Debtors to (I) Establish and Fund Certain Limited Claims Processing Services and (II) Commence the Lien Resolution Process, (B) Authorizing It to Retain ARCHER Systems, LLC in Connection therewith and (C) Granting Related Relief* entered by the Bankruptcy Court on [•], 2024 (Docket No. [•]).
- (12) “**Atypical Use Factor**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 5.3.4.
- (13) “**Auditor**” shall mean any auditor appointed by the Trustee, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR, pursuant to the Trust Agreement and these TDP.
- (14) “**Bankruptcy Code**” shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (15) “**Bankruptcy Court**” shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (16) “**Cash Value of a Point**” shall mean the dollar value assigned to a point by the Trustee in accordance with Section 7.1.2.
- (17) “**Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims**” shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (18) “**Claim Submission Deadline**” shall mean: (a) with respect to a Direct Claim, the applicable deadline to submit such Direct Claim to the Trust under Section 4.4; and (b) with respect to an Indirect Claim, the deadline to submit an Indirect Claim to the Trust under Section 8.1.1.
- (19) “**Claim Submission Form**” shall mean the form that Direct Claimants must complete and submit to the Trust pursuant to the Claim Submission Procedures for Direct Claims adopted by the Trustee as set forth in Section 4.5.
- (20) “**Claim Submission Materials**” shall mean, with respect to a Direct Claim, all evidence and other materials submitted to the Trust in support of such Direct Claim, including the information and documentation required to be so submitted pursuant to Section 4.5.4.

- (21) **“Claim Submission Procedures”** shall mean: (a) with respect to a Direct Claim, the procedures for the submission of Direct Claims to the Trust adopted by the Trustee as set forth in Section 4.5; and (b) with respect to an Indirect Claim, the procedures for the submission of Indirect Claims to the Trust adopted by the Trustee as set forth in Section 8.1.
- (22) **“Claim Submission Requirements”** shall have the meaning set forth in Section 4.5.4.
- (23) **“Claimant’s Jurisdiction”** shall mean, with respect to a Direct Claim, either (a) the jurisdiction in which such Direct Claim was filed against the Debtor and/or any Debtor Corporate Party in the tort system prior to the Petition Date or (b) if such Direct Claim was not filed against the Debtor and/or any Debtor Corporate Party in the tort system prior to the Petition Date, then at the relevant Direct Claimant’s election (i) the jurisdiction in which such Direct Claimant resided on the Date of Relevant Diagnosis; (ii) the jurisdiction in which such Direct Claimant resides at the time she submits her Direct Claim to the Trust; or (iii) the principal jurisdiction in which such Direct Claimant engaged in Regular Perineal Use of J&J Talc Products.
- (24) **“Claims Administrator”** shall mean ARCHER Systems, LLC and/or any other qualified party subsequently appointed pursuant to the Plan, Trust Agreement, and these TDP to assist the Trustee in processing, reviewing, administering, and evaluating claims submitted pursuant to these TDP.
- (25) **“Claims Processor”** shall mean [•] which shall be engaged by the Claims Administrator with the consent of the Trustee, the TAC, and the FCR to assist in the development of procedures and protocols to implement these TDP effectively and efficiently, and/or any other qualified party subsequently engaged by the Claims Administrator with the consent of the Trustee, the TAC, and the FCR for such purpose pursuant to the Plan, the Trust Agreement, and these TDP.
- (26) **“Common Benefit Fund”** shall mean the common benefit fund established pursuant to Case Management Order No. 7(A) entered by the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey in the MDL.
- (27) **“Confirmation Date”** shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (28) **“Confirmation Order”** shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (29) **“Confirmed Claim”** shall mean any Submitted Claim which the Trustee determines with the assistance of the Claims Administrator has satisfied the Preliminary Evaluation Criteria under Section 4.6.2.
- (30) **“Cross-Trust Audit Program”** shall mean the audit program developed and implemented by the Trust pursuant to Section 9.1.1.
- (31) **“Cyprus”** shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.

- (32) **“Date of First Diagnosis”** shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (33) **“Date of Relevant Diagnosis”** shall mean, with respect to a Direct Claim, the date on which the relevant Direct Claimant received either (i) the original pathologic diagnosis for Ovarian Cancer or Gynecological Cancer or (ii) a diagnosis of a recurrence of such Ovarian Cancer or Gynecological Cancer after remission, whichever is the basis of such Direct Claim.
- (34) **“Debtor”** shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (35) **“Debtor Corporate Party”** shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (36) **“Deferral Request”** shall have the meaning set forth in Section 4.5.3.
- (37) **“Deficiency Notice”** shall have the meaning set forth in Section 4.5.5.
- (38) **“Diagnostic Adjustment”** shall mean the percentage by which the Initial Scheduled Point Value determined pursuant to Section 5.3.2 is to be adjusted to account for the claim-specific disease subtype as set forth in Section 5.3.3.
- (39) **“Direct Claim”** shall mean any Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim that is a Direct Talc Personal Injury Claim.
- (40) **“Direct Claimant”** shall mean any holder of a Direct Claim. For the avoidance of doubt, to the extent that a Direct Claim is being asserted by the estate, legal counsel, relative, assignee, or other representative of an injured or deceased individual, the term Direct Claimant shall refer to (a) such estate, legal counsel, relative, assignee, or other representative, (b) such injured or deceased individual, or (c) both, as the context requires.
- (41) **“Direct Talc Personal Injury Claim”** shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (42) **“Disallowed Claim”** shall mean: (a) any Direct Claim that (i) pursuant to Section 4.5.5, is not entitled to progress to a Preliminary Evaluation, (ii) pursuant to Section 4.6.2, is not entitled to become a Confirmed Claim, or (iii) is a Confirmed Claim but is not entitled to become an Allowed Claim pursuant to Section 4.6.4, Section 4.6.5, Section 4.6.6, or Section 6.1.3; or (b) any Indirect Claim that is not entitled to become an Allowed Claim pursuant to Article 8.
- (43) **“Disallowed Claim Notice”** shall mean a written notice delivered by the Trustee to a Direct Claimant or an Indirect Claimant informing such Direct Claimant or Indirect Claimant that the applicable Direct Claim or Indirect Claim has become a Disallowed Claim.
- (44) **“Early Submission Procedures”** shall mean the systems and processes developed and implemented by ARCHER in accordance with the ARCHER Engagement Letter to process, review, administer, and evaluate Channeled Talc

Personal Injury Claims in advance of the confirmation of the Plan and the establishment of the Trust pursuant thereto.

- (45) “**Effective Date**” shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (46) “**Exigent Financial Hardship**” means the financial status of a Direct Claimant that leads the Trustee or the Individual Review Claims Panel to determine that (a) the Direct Claimant needs financial assistance on an immediate basis based on the Direct Claimant’s expenses and all sources of available income, and (b) there is a causal connection between the Direct Claimant’s dire financial condition and the Direct Claimant’s talc-related disease.
- (47) “**Existing Direct Claims**” shall mean all Direct Claims with a Date of First Diagnosis prior to the Petition Date.
- (48) “**Expedited Review Criteria**” shall mean the criteria that must be satisfied in order for a Confirmed Claim evaluated under the Expedited Review Process to become an Allowed Claim, as set forth in Section 4.6.4.
- (49) “**Expedited Review Process**” shall mean the claims-evaluation process in which a Direct Claim is evaluated as described in Section 4.6.4.
- (50) “**FCR**” shall mean Randi S. Ellis or such successor future claims representative appointed in accordance with the Plan, the Trust Agreement, and these TDP.
- (51) “**FIFO Payment Queue**” shall mean, with respect to a particular Review Track, the first-in-first-out processing queue for the payment of Direct Claims that become Allowed Claims under such Review Track, as described in Section 7.6.1.
- (52) “**FIFO Processing Queue**” shall mean, with respect to a particular Review Track, the first-in-first-out processing queue for the evaluation of Submitted Claims under such Review Track, as described in Section 4.5.1.
- (53) “**Final Order**” shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (54) “**Final Scheduled Point Value**” shall mean (a) with respect to any Direct Claim evaluated under the Expedited Review Process, the final claim-specific Point Value of such Direct Claim resulting from further adjustment of the Adjusted Scheduled Point Value of such Direct Claim, as determined in accordance with Section 5.3.4 and Section 5.3.5, and (b) with respect to any Direct Claim evaluated under the Individual Review Process, the final claim-specific Point Value of such Direct Claim, as determined in accordance with Section 5.4.2.
- (55) “**Fraudulent Claim Submission**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 4.6.3.
- (56) “**Fraudulent Claimant**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 4.6.3.

- (57) “**Future Direct Claims**” shall mean all Direct Claims that are not Existing Direct Claims.
- (58) “**Gynecological Claim**” shall mean any Direct Claim involving allegations that the relevant Direct Claimant developed a Gynecological Cancer.
- (59) “**Gynecological Cancer**” shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (60) “**Identifying Information**” shall mean with respect to any Direct Claim: (a) the relevant Direct Claimant’s (i) full legal name, (ii) date of birth, (iii) physical and email address (if applicable), and (iv) social security number; and (b) the name, email address, and physical address of the law firm and attorney serving as the relevant Direct Claimant’s representative (if any). For the avoidance of doubt, to the extent that a Direct Claim is being asserted by the estate, legal counsel, relative, assignee, or other representative of an injured or deceased individual, Identifying Information shall refer to the foregoing information for both (A) such estate, legal counsel, relative, assignee, or other representative and (B) such injured or deceased individual, in each case to the extent applicable.
- (61) “**Imerys**” shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (62) “**Imerys/Cyprus Settlement**” shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (63) “**Indirect Claim**” means any Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claim that is an Indirect Talc Personal Injury Claim.
- (64) “**Indirect Claim Judicial Review Election Deadline**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.2.
- (65) “**Indirect Claim Judicial Review Election Notice**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 8.2.
- (66) “**Indirect Claim Review Criteria**” shall mean the criteria that an Indirect Claim must satisfy in order to become an Allowed Claim, as set forth in Section 8.1.2.
- (67) “**Indirect Claimant**” means a holder of an Indirect Claim.
- (68) “**Indirect Talc Personal Injury Claim**” shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (69) “**Individual Review Claims Panel**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 6.2.
- (70) “**Individual Review Criteria**” shall mean the criteria that must be satisfied for a Confirmed Claim evaluated under the Individual Review Process to become an Allowed Claim, as set forth in Section 4.6.5.

- (71) “**Individual Review Process**” shall mean the claims-evaluation process in which a Direct Claim is evaluated as described in Section 4.6.5.
- (72) “**Initial Cash Value of a Point**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 7.1.2(A).
- (73) “**Initial Scheduled Point Value**” shall mean, with respect to a Direct Claim evaluated under the Expedited Review Process, the initial Point Value of such Direct Claim, as determined in accordance with Section 5.3.2.
- (74) “**J&J**” means Johnson & Johnson, a New Jersey corporation.
- (75) “**J&J Talc Products**” shall mean all products formulated, manufactured, distributed, and/or sold by the Debtor and/or any Debtor Corporate Party containing talcum powder, including Johnson’s Baby Powder and Johnson & Johnson’s Shower to Shower.
- (76) “**Judgment Claim**” shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (77) “**Length of Perineal Use Factor**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 5.3.4.
- (78) “**Lien Resolution Administrator**” shall mean ARCHER Systems, LLC and/or any other qualified party subsequently appointed pursuant to the Plan, Trust Agreement, and these TDP to assist in the resolution of Direct Claimants’ relevant medical liens.
- (79) “**LLT**” shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (80) “**Master Settlement Agreement Claim**” shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (81) “**Master Settlement Agreements**” shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (82) “**Maximum Value**” shall mean: (a) with respect to any Direct Claim evaluated under the Expedited Review Process, three times (3x) the amount determined by multiplying (i) the Cash Value of a Point by (ii) the Final Scheduled Point Value of such Direct Claim; and (b) with respect to any Direct Claim evaluated under the Individual Review Process, three times (3x) the amount determined by multiplying the (i) Cash Value of a Point by (ii) the Underlying Scheduled Point Value of such Direct Claim.
- (83) “**Maximum Years of Regular Perineal Use**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 5.3.4.
- (84) “**MDL**” shall mean *In re: Johnson & Johnson Talcum Powder Products Marking, Sales Practices and Products Liability Litigation* (D.N.J.) (MDL No. 2738).

- (85) “**Mediator**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 6.1.2.
- (86) “**Medical Risk Factor**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 5.3.4.
- (87) “**Net Award Amount**” shall mean, with respect to a Direct Claim, the total Allowed Claim Amount of such Direct Claim, less amounts payable upon the resolution of the issues set forth in Section 7.3, Section 7.4 and Section 7.5.
- (88) “**Non-J&J Talc Products**” shall mean products containing talcum powder that are not J&J Talc Products.
- (89) “**Non-J&J Talc Use Factor**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 5.3.4.
- (90) “**Old JJCI**” shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (91) “**Other Disease Talc Personal Injury Claims**” shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (92) “**Ovarian Cancer**” shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (93) “**Ovarian Cancer Claim**” shall mean any Direct Claim involving allegations that the relevant Direct Claimant developed Ovarian Cancer.
- (94) “**Petition Date**” shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (95) “**Plan**” shall have the meaning set forth in the preamble.
- (96) “**Plan Support Agreements**” shall mean those certain Plan Support Agreements, dated on or after January 1, 2024, executed by LLT, J&J, and law firms representing certain holders of Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims, as such agreements may have been and may be amended, modified, or supplemented pursuant to the terms thereof.
- (97) “**Point Value**” shall mean, with respect to a Direct Claim, the value of such Direct Claim expressed as a number of points, as determined in accordance with Article 5.
- (98) “**Preliminary Evaluation**” shall mean the preliminary evaluation of Submitted Claims described in Section 4.6.2, pursuant to which the Trustee with the assistance of the Claims Administrator shall determine whether a Submitted Claim constitutes a Confirmed Claim.
- (99) “**Preliminary Evaluation Criteria**” shall mean the criteria that Submitted Claims must satisfy in order to become a Confirmed Claim, as set forth in Section 4.6.2.
- (100) “**Protected Party**” shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.

- (101) **“Quickpay Review Criteria”** shall mean the criteria that must be satisfied for a Confirmed Claim evaluated under the Quickpay Review Process to become an Allowed Claim, as set forth in Section 4.6.6.
- (102) **“Quickpay Review Process”** shall mean the claims-evaluation process in which a Direct Claim is evaluated as described in Section 4.6.6.
- (103) **“Reconsideration Decision Notice”** shall have the meaning set forth in Section 6.1.1(D).
- (104) **“Reconsideration Denial Notice”** shall have the meaning set forth in Section 6.1.1(D).
- (105) **“Reconsideration Grant Notice”** shall have the meaning set forth in Section 6.1.1(D).
- (106) **“Reconsideration Request”** shall mean a written request submitted to the Trust by a Direct Claimant that the Trustee or Individual Review Claim Panel, as applicable, reconsider a Disallowed Claim Notice, a Secondary Election Activation Notice, or, solely with respect to Direct Claims that become Allowed Claims under the Expedited Review Process or the Individual Review Process, an Allowed Claim Notice, as set forth in Section 6.1.1 and Section 6.2, as applicable.
- (107) **“Regular J&J Talc Perineal Use”** shall mean a Direct Claimant’s Regular Perineal Use of J&J Talc Products.
- (108) **“Regular Non-J&J Talc Perineal Use”** shall mean a Direct Claimant’s Regular Perineal Use of Non-J&J Talc Products.
- (109) **“Regular Perineal Use”** shall mean, with respect to the use of J&J Talc Products or Non-J&J Talc Products, as applicable, a Direct Claimant’s consistent use thereof on her own perineal area after puberty for a minimum of four (4) consecutive years, established by sworn testimony or affidavit.
- (110) **“Reorganized Debtor”** shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (111) **“Review Criteria”** shall mean: (a) with respect to a Direct Claim, the Expedited Review Criteria, the Individual Review Criteria, or the Quickpay Review Criteria, as applicable, and (b) with respect to an Indirect Claim, the Indirect Claim Review Criteria.
- (112) **“Review Tracks”** shall mean, collectively, the Expedited Review Process, the Individual Review Process, and the Quickpay Review Process.
- (113) **“Secondary Election”** shall have the meaning set forth in Section 4.5.4.
- (114) **“Secondary Election Activation Notice”** shall have the meaning set forth in Section 4.6.5(B).

- (115) “**SLF**” shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (116) “**Submitted Claim**” shall mean any Direct Claim that has been submitted to the Trust and determined by the Trustee with the assistance of the Claims Administrator to have been submitted with substantially complete information and documentation under Section 4.5.4.
- (117) “**TAC**” shall mean the Talc Trust Advisory Committee appointed and serving in accordance with the Plan and the Trust Agreement.
- (118) “**TCC**” shall have the meaning set forth in the Plan.
- (119) “**TDP**” shall have the meaning set forth in the preamble.
- (120) “**Time Since Last Use Factor**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 5.3.4.
- (121) “**Trust**” shall have the meaning set forth in the preamble.
- (122) “**Trust Agreement**” shall have the meaning set forth in the preamble.
- (123) “**Trustee**” shall have the meaning set forth in the preamble.
- (124) “**Underlying Scheduled Point Value**” shall mean, with respect to any Direct Claim evaluated under the Individual Review Process, the initial claim-specific Point Value of such Direct Claim, as determined in accordance with Section 5.4.1.
- (125) “**Years of Regular J&J Talc Perineal Use**” shall have the meaning set forth in Section 5.3.

Article 3

TDP ADMINISTRATION

3.1 General Administration

3.1.1 Coordination

The Trustee shall implement these TDP to resolve any and all Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims pursuant to the Plan and Trust Agreement with the assistance of the Claims Administrator and the Claims Processor.

The Trustee, the Claims Administrator, and the Claims Processor shall consult and coordinate with each other to promptly develop and implement comprehensive systems and processes intended to (i) provide the Trustee with all information necessary to implement these TDP, (ii) streamline the Claim Submission Procedures, (iii) ensure maximally efficient evaluation of the Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims and, where applicable, Reconsideration Requests, (iv) ensure proper application of the Review Criteria and the audit provisions contained herein, (v) limit the use of the Trust’s assets to uses permitted by the Plan, and (vi) promote prompt payment of Allowed Claims.

3.1.2 Consultation and Consent

The Trustee shall implement these TDP to resolve any and all Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims pursuant to the Plan and Trust Agreement in consultation with the TAC and the FCR.

The Trustee shall not proceed with any matter that expressly requires consultation with or consent of the TAC, the FCR, the TCC, the Reorganized Debtor, or J&J under these TDP unless and until the applicable procedures for such consultation or consent set forth in Section 7.1 of the Trust Agreement have been complied with.

3.1.3 ARCHER Engagement Letter and Early Submission Procedures

The Trustee, the TAC, and the FCR acknowledge that, in order to position the Trust to begin paying compensable Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims promptly following the Effective Date, prior to the Confirmation Date and the establishment of the Trust pursuant to the Plan (i) ARCHER and the Debtor entered into the ARCHER Engagement Letter, (ii) pursuant to the ARCHER Engagement Letter, ARCHER developed and implemented the Early Submission Procedures, which were intended to be consistent with these TDP to the fullest extent possible, and (3) pursuant to the ARCHER Engagement Letter, ARCHER commenced accepting the submission of, processing, reviewing, administering, and evaluating Direct Claims in accordance with the Early Submission Procedures, which Early Submission Procedures include the use of the Claim Submission Form and Acceptance and Release templates attached to the ARCHER Submission Letter.

ARCHER shall promptly inform the Trustee, the TAC, the TCC, and the FCR of the status of Direct Claims that have been submitted to ARCHER pursuant to the Early Submission Procedures. Any Direct Claims that ARCHER determines to have been properly submitted to ARCHER pursuant to the Early Submission Procedures will be deemed to have been submitted to the Trust as of the establishment thereof and, from and after the establishment of the Trust, will be processed, reviewed, administered, and evaluated in accordance with these TDP. From and after the establishment of the Trust, all Channeled Personal Injury Claims, including Direct Claims, shall be submitted to, and processed, reviewed, administered, and evaluated by, the Trust in accordance these TDP. In connection with the confirmation of the Plan and the establishment of the Trust, the ARCHER Engagement Letter has been assigned to the Trust and the Debtor or Reorganized Debtor shall have no further obligations thereunder.

ARCHER shall make recommendations to the Trustee regarding Direct Claims that have been submitted to ARCHER pursuant to the Early Submission Procedures as provided in the ARCHER Engagement Letter, but determinations made by ARCHER pursuant to the Early Submission Procedures will be subject to review and modification by the Trustee in accordance with these TDP, including, where required, the consent of the TAC, the FCR, the Debtor or Reorganized Debtor, or J&J.

In connection with the development and adoption of the Claim Submission Procedures as set forth in Section 4.5 and Section 8.1 and the development of systems and processes for the processing, review, administration, and evaluation of Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims

pursuant to these TDP, the Trust, the TAC, and the FCR shall consider the Early Submission Procedures and, to the fullest extent practicable, adopt procedures, systems, and processes consistent therewith in order to avoid inefficiency and disruption in connection with the transition from the submission, processing, review, administration, and evaluation of Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims pursuant to the Early Submission Procedures to the submission, processing, review, administration, and evaluation of Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims pursuant to these TDP.

3.2 Review of Costs

The Trustee shall seek to ensure that the costs incurred by the Trust with respect to evaluating and investigating the validity of Claim Submission Materials submitted by a Direct Claimant are necessary and reasonable in light of the obligations of the Trust under the Plan, the Trust Agreement, and these TDP. Nothing herein, however, shall prevent the Trustee from either (i) contesting the validity of any Direct Claim, whatever the costs, or (ii) declining to accept Claim Submission Materials from sources determined to be deceptive, fraudulent, or otherwise unreliable.

The Trustee shall periodically, and at least annually, review the cost of evaluating and investigating Claim Submission Materials submitted by Direct Claimants and take steps to reduce such costs where feasible and appropriate, while still ensuring that the Trust's obligations under the Plan, the Trust Agreement, and these TDP are appropriately satisfied.

3.3 Publication of Claim Submission Procedures

The Trustee shall publish the Claim Submission Procedures required by these TDP to the Trust's website as promptly as practicable. To the fullest extent practicable, the Claim Submission Procedures shall be the same as the claim submission procedures included in the Early Submission Procedures.

3.4 Adoption of Procedures for Notice of Trust Determinations

The Trustee shall, with the assistance of the Claims Administrator and the Claims Processor, promptly develop procedures for providing notices, including, without limitation, Allowed Claim Notices, Deficiency Notices, Disallowed Claim Notices, Reconsideration Decision Notices, Reconsideration Denial Notices, Reconsideration Grant Notices, and Secondary Election Activation Notices, with respect to determinations made pursuant to these TDP and, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR, adopt such procedures.

3.5 Procedures for Execution and Delivery of Acceptance and Release

The Trustee shall, with the assistance of the Claims Administrator and the Claims Processor, promptly develop procedures for the execution and delivery of an Acceptance and Release by a Direct Claimant or Indirect Claimant that decides to accept an offer of payment from the Trust as described in Section 7.2.1(A) (in the case of Direct Claims) or Section 8.1.3 (in the case of Indirect Claims) and, with the consent of the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, the TAC and the FCR, adopt such procedures. Such procedures shall make the Acceptance and Release available for completion and execution electronically via Adobe Sign, DocuSign, or a similar electronic

signature program or other simplified and expedient means as promptly as practicable. Any Acceptance and Release provided hereunder shall be in a form adopted by the Trustee with the consent of the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, the TAC, and the FCR. The Acceptance and Release template attached to the ARCHER Engagement Letter and used in the Early Submission Procedures, as well as the procedures for completion and execution of such Acceptance and Release under the Early Submission Procedures, shall be deemed adopted by the Trustee with the consent of the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, the TAC, and the FCR for purposes of these TDP. The Acceptance and Release template and procedures for completion and execution thereof under these TDP shall be the same as those under the Early Submission Procedures to the fullest extent practicable.

3.6 Potential Adoption of Procedures for Other Disease Talc Personal Injury Claims

These TDP provide detailed procedures for processing, evaluating, valuing, and paying Ovarian Cancer Claims and Gynecological Claims. The TDP are also intended to provide Direct Claimants with Other Disease Talc Personal Injury Claims an opportunity for consideration and evaluation of such Other Disease Talc Personal Injury Claims. For such consideration and evaluation of Other Disease Talc Personal Injury Claims, a Direct Claimant must first provide the Trust with the following:

- (1) a disease diagnosis acceptable to the Trustee, the TAC, and the FCR and accompanied by evidence establishing that such diagnosis occurred at least ten (10) years following such Direct Claimant's first use of J&J Talc Products;
- (2) medical records sufficient to demonstrate that such Direct Claimant was treated for the diagnosed disease;
- (3) detailed evidence of such Direct Claimant's use of J&J Talc Products, established by sworn testimony or affidavit;
- (4) a medical report or affidavit by a board-certified medical doctor, doctor of osteopathy, oncologist, or pathologist with qualified expertise to diagnose the disease that is being asserted establishing such Direct Claimant's exposure to J&J Talc Products as a contributing factor in causing the disease identified in the diagnosis, which report or affidavit shall include citation to peer-reviewed medical or scientific literature recognizing a causal association between talc exposure and the diagnosed disease asserted;
- (5) evidence acceptable to the Trustee, the TAC, and the FCR that the medical or scientific community recognizes a causal link between exposure to J&J Talc Products and the diagnosed disease asserted; and
- (6) evidence acceptable to the Trustee, the TAC, and the FCR establishing that such Direct Claimant had no significant occupational or industrial exposure (whether direct or bystander) to asbestos.

If, based upon the foregoing, the Trustee, the TAC, and the FCR are satisfied that a Direct Claimant has presented an Other Disease Talc Personal Injury Claim that would be cognizable and valid in the tort system, the Trustee shall, in conjunction with the Claims Administrator and the Claims Processor, develop procedures for processing, evaluating, valuing, and paying Other Disease Talc Personal Injury Claims asserting the relevant disease and, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR, adopt such procedures; *provided, however*, that in no event may the Trust offer payment of more than one thousand dollars and zero cents (\$1,000.00) to resolve any such Other Disease Talc Personal Injury Claim. In the event that the Trustee, the TAC, and the FCR cannot agree on (i) whether a Direct Claimant has presented an Other Disease Talc Personal Injury Claim that would be cognizable and valid in the tort system or (ii) procedures for processing, evaluating, valuing, and paying any Other Disease Talc Personal Injury Claim, the Bankruptcy Court shall resolve any such dispute.

Article 4

ALLOWANCE PROCESS FOR DIRECT CLAIMS

4.1 Single Direct Claim Limitation

A Direct Claimant may submit no more than one Direct Claim to the Trust, and may recover from the Trust only in respect of such Direct Claim.

4.2 Treatment of Previously Resolved Direct Claims

4.2.1 Direct Claims Previously Released and Paid

Any Direct Claimant who previously submitted a release and received payment in full with respect to her Direct Claim may not receive any payment from the Trust. Promptly following the Effective Date, the Reorganized Debtor will provide the Trust with a list of all Direct Claimants who submitted a release and received payment in full with respect to Direct Claims prior to the Effective Date.

4.2.2 Direct Claims Subject to the Terms of a Master Settlement Agreement

For any Direct Claim that is subject to the terms of a Master Settlement Agreement as of the Petition Date, the following limitations apply:

- (i) If there has not yet been a final determination between the parties to such Master Settlement Agreement or by the special master appointed pursuant to such Master Settlement Agreement regarding whether such Direct Claim qualifies for settlement and compensation pursuant to the terms of such Master Settlement Agreement, then the relevant Direct Claimant may not submit such Direct Claim to the Trust for evaluation and resolution pursuant to these TDP;
- (ii) If there has been a final determination between the parties to such Master Settlement Agreement or by the special master appointed pursuant to such Master Settlement Agreement that such Direct Claim qualifies for settlement and compensation pursuant to the terms of such Master

Settlement Agreement, then (a) the relevant Direct Claimant may not submit such Direct Claim to the Trust for evaluation and resolution pursuant to these TDP and may not receive any payment from the Trust and (b) such Direct Claim may be resolved and paid only pursuant to the terms of such Master Settlement Agreement; and

- (iii) If there has been a final determination between the parties to such Master Settlement Agreement or by the special master appointed pursuant to such Master Settlement Agreement that the Direct Claim does not or cannot qualify for settlement and compensation pursuant to the terms of such Master Settlement Agreement, then the relevant Direct Claimant may submit such Direct Claim to the Trust for evaluation and resolution pursuant to these TDP.

For the avoidance of doubt, if any Direct Claim was subject to the terms of a Master Settlement Agreement but, prior to the Petition Date, such Direct Claim was withdrawn from consideration pursuant to the terms of such Master Settlement Agreement by the applicable Direct Claimant's law firm and a different Direct Claim was substituted in place thereof under the terms of such Master Settlement Agreement, then the Direct Claimant whose Direct Claim was withdrawn from consideration may submit her Direct Claim to the Trust for evaluation and resolution pursuant to these TDP.

The limitation set forth in clause (ii) above shall apply regardless of whether any individual Direct Claimant: (i) has accepted her settlement allocation under the applicable Master Settlement Agreement; (ii) has finalized the resolution of her Direct Claim pursuant to the terms of the Master Settlement Agreement, including through the submission of her legally binding and enforceable individual release agreement and/or compliance with any other settlement administration requirements set forth in the Master Settlement Agreement; (iii) has resolved any and all medical or other liens associated with her Direct Claim; and/or (iv) has actually received payment in respect of her Direct Claim.

Promptly following the Effective Date and monthly thereafter, the Reorganized Debtor will provide the Trust with a list of all Direct Claimants who have Direct Claims that, as of the Effective Date are, or following the Effective Date become, subject to the terms of a Master Settlement Agreement, indicating for each such Direct Claim that: (i) there has been no final determination regarding whether such Direct Claim qualifies for settlement and compensation under a Master Settlement Agreement; (ii) there has been a final determination that such Direct Claim qualifies for settlement and compensation under a Master Settlement Agreement; (iii) there has been a final determination that such Direct Claim does not or cannot qualify for settlement and compensation under a Master Settlement Agreement; or (iv) such Direct Claim has been withdrawn from consideration for settlement and compensation under a Master Settlement Agreement.

4.2.3 Individual Direct Claims Previously Rejected or Dismissed

Any individual who filed a Direct Claim in any state or federal court prior to the Petition Date and whose Direct Claim was thereafter dismissed with prejudice shall not be eligible to recover any payment whatsoever from the Trust.

Direct Claims which were filed in any state or federal court prior to the Petition Date and thereafter dismissed without prejudice may be submitted to the Trust for evaluation pursuant to these TDP, but, during such evaluation, such Direct Claims shall be subject to such heightened scrutiny as the Trustee with the assistance of the Claims Administrator deem appropriate.

Direct Claims which were individually submitted to J&J, the Debtor, and/or any other Debtor Corporate Party for settlement consideration prior to the Petition Date but were rejected by J&J, the Debtor, and/or such other Debtor Corporate Party may be submitted to the Trust for evaluation and resolution pursuant to these TDP. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing in this paragraph shall apply to Direct Claims that were subject to the terms of a Master Settlement Agreement as of or prior to the Petition Date, which Direct Claims are addressed in Section 4.2.2.

4.2.4 Direct Claims Subject to Final Judgment

(A) Favorable Final Judgment

Any individual who filed a Direct Claim in any state or federal court and whose Direct Claim was adjudicated and resulted in a final, non-appealable favorable judgment (*e.g.*, a jury verdict for money damages) prior to the Effective Date shall not be eligible to recover any payment whatsoever from the Trust and any such Judgment Claim shall be the responsibility of the relevant judgment debtor. In the event that the relevant judgment debtor is the Debtor, J&J, or any other Debtor Corporate Party, the Debtor, J&J, or such other Debtor Corporate Party, as applicable, shall indemnify and hold the Trust harmless from such Judgment Claim. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing contained in the Plan will impair the rights of such individual to seek to enforce and collect on such Judgment Claim against any judgment debtor. For the avoidance of doubt, this Section 4.2.4(A) shall not apply to any Direct Claim subject to litigation pursuant to Section 6.1.3.

(B) Unfavorable Final Judgment

Any individual who filed a Direct Claim in any state or federal court and whose Direct Claim was adjudicated and resulted in a final, non-appealable unfavorable judgment (*e.g.*, a defense verdict) prior to the Effective Date shall not be eligible to recover any payment whatsoever from the Trust.

4.2.5 Direct Claims Subject to Appealable Judgment

Any individual who filed a Direct Claim in any state or federal court and whose Direct Claim was adjudicated and resulted in a favorable judgment subject to appeal as of the Effective Date shall not be eligible to recover any payment whatsoever from the Trust and any such Judgment Claim and the defense of any appeal thereof shall be the responsibility of the relevant judgment debtor. In the event that the relevant judgment debtor is the Debtor, J&J, or any other Debtor Corporate Party, the Debtor, J&J, or such other Debtor Corporate Party, as applicable, shall indemnify and hold the Trust harmless from such Judgment Claim and the defense of any appeal thereof. For the avoidance of doubt, nothing contained in the Plan will impair the rights of such individual to seek to enforce and collect on such Judgment Claim against any judgment debtor, including through the defense or prosecution of appellate litigation related to such Judgment Claim. For the avoidance of doubt, this Section 4.2.5 shall not apply to any Direct Claim subject to litigation pursuant to Section 6.1.3 hereof.

4.3 Claim Submission Materials

All Claim Submission Materials must be signed under the pains and penalties of perjury. Direct Claimants may sign all Claim Submission Materials electronically via Adobe Sign, DocuSign, or a similar electronic signature program or other simplified and expedient means, and Direct Claimants shall not be required to have any Claim Submission Materials notarized. The submission of deceptive or fraudulent Claim Submission Materials to the Trust may violate the criminal laws of the United States, including the criminal provisions applicable to Bankruptcy Crimes, 18 U.S.C. § 152, and may subject those responsible to criminal prosecution.

4.4 Claim Submission Deadlines

4.4.1 Deadline to Submit Existing Direct Claims

Existing Direct Claims must be submitted to the Trust prior to the date that is one hundred twenty (120) days after the Confirmation Date. If a Direct Claimant fails to submit her Existing Direct Claim within this time period, such Direct Claimant shall be deemed to have waived the right to submit her Existing Direct Claim or otherwise seek compensation from the Trust.

4.4.2 Effect of Statutes of Limitations

(A) Existing Direct Claims Previously Filed in Tort System

For each Existing Direct Claim submitted to the Trust that was filed in the tort system against the Debtor and/or any other Protected Party prior to the Petition Date, to be considered timely and therefore eligible to pursue compensation via the procedures set forth in these TDP, the Existing Direct Claim must have been timely filed in the tort system under the applicable federal or state statutes of limitations that were in effect at the time the Direct Claim was filed in the tort system.

(B) Unfiled Existing Direct Claims

For each Existing Direct Claim submitted to the Trust that was not filed in the tort system against the Debtor and/or any other Protected Party prior to the Petition Date, to be considered timely and therefore eligible to pursue compensation via the procedures set forth in these TDP, the Direct Claim must not be time-barred under the applicable federal or state statutes of limitations. The applicable federal or state statutes of limitations shall be deemed to have begun running as of May 19, 2020, the date that J&J publicly announced the discontinuation of the sale of talc-containing products.

(C) Tolling and Timeliness

(i) Existing Direct Claims

The running of the applicable statute of limitations with respect to any Existing Direct Claim shall be considered tolled as of the earliest of: (a) the Petition Date; (b) the actual filing of such Existing Direct Claim against the Debtor and/or any other Protected Party in the tort system prior to the Petition Date; or (c) the date specified in any tolling agreement between the relevant

Direct Claimant and the Debtor, J&J, or any other Debtor Corporate Party; *provided, however*, that such tolling was still in effect as of the Petition Date. Any Existing Direct Claim that meets any of these three tolling provisions shall be treated as timely filed so long as (i) the Direct Claim was not barred by the applicable federal or state statute of limitations at the time of the relevant tolling event, and (ii) the Direct Claim is submitted to the Trust within one hundred twenty (120) days after the Confirmation Date.

(ii) Future Direct Claims

Any Future Direct Claim shall be treated as timely if it is submitted to the Trust: (a) within three (3) years of the Confirmation Date, (b) within two (2) years of the Date of First Diagnosis, or (c) within applicable state statutes of limitations, whichever is later.

4.5 Claim Submission Procedures

The Claim Submission Procedures for Direct Claims shall be developed by the Trustee with the assistance of the Claims Administrator and Claims Processor and adopted by the Trustee with the consent of the TAC and the FCR. The Claim Submission Procedures for Direct Claims shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

4.5.1 FIFO Processing

For processing purposes, the Trust shall order all Direct Claims in a particular Review Track on a first-in-first-out basis in the order each Direct Claim is submitted to the Trust, except as otherwise provided herein.

For all Direct Claims submitted to the Trust on or before the date that is one hundred and twenty (120) days after the Confirmation Date, a Direct Claim's position in the applicable FIFO Processing Queue shall be determined based on the earliest of: (i) the date on which the law firm representing the relevant Direct Claimant first identified such Direct Claimant in Exhibit A to a Plan Support Agreement (or any earlier plan support agreement executed by LLT, J&J, and such law firm) or in a supplement to such an Exhibit A delivered in accordance with the terms of a Plan Support Agreement (or any earlier plan support agreement executed by LLT, J&J, and such law firm); (ii) the date prior to the Petition Date that a Direct Claim was filed by the relevant Direct Claimant against the Debtor or any other Protected Party in any state or federal court; (iii) the date prior to the Petition Date that a Direct Claim was filed by the relevant Direct Claimant against another defendant in any state or federal court, if, at the time, such Direct Claim was subject to a tolling agreement with the Debtor or any Debtor Corporate Party; (iv) the date a ballot was properly submitted in respect of such Direct Claim in connection with the solicitation of votes on the Plan; and (v) the date such Direct Claim is submitted to the Trust pursuant hereto or, if applicable, was submitted to ARCHER pursuant to the Early Submission Procedures.

For all Direct Claims where the position in the applicable FIFO Processing Queue is based on the date the Direct Claim is submitted to the Trust pursuant hereto or was submitted to ARCHER pursuant to the Early Submission Procedures, such Direct Claim's position in the applicable FIFO Processing Queue shall be determined based on the date that such Direct Claim was properly and completely submitted to the Trust pursuant hereto or ARCHER pursuant to the Early Submission Procedures. If any Direct Claims are submitted to the Trust or ARCHER on the

same date, a Direct Claim's position in the applicable FIFO Processing Queue vis-à-vis such other Direct Claims shall be determined based on the Date of Relevant Diagnosis with respect to each Direct Claim, with the earlier Date of Relevant Diagnosis having priority over the later Date of Relevant Diagnosis. In the event that two or more such Direct Claims are submitted to the Trust or ARCHER on the same date and also have the same Date of Relevant Diagnosis, the priority of such Direct Claims in the FIFO Processing Queue shall be determined based on the dates of birth of the relevant Direct Claimants, with the earlier dates of birth receiving priority over later dates of birth.

4.5.2 Withdrawal of Submitted Claims

A Direct Claimant may, at any time after her Direct Claim is, or is deemed, submitted to the Trust, but prior to her receipt of a Disallowed Claim Notice or an Allowed Claim Notice, withdraw her Submitted Claim by providing written notice to the Trust. The related Direct Claimant shall retain the right to re-submit her Direct Claim after such withdrawal; *provided, however*, that any such re-submitted Direct Claim shall be evaluated the same as any new Submitted Claim and shall be unaffected by the prior submission of such Direct Claim to the Trust, except that (i) during its evaluation, such Direct Claim shall be subject to such heightened scrutiny as the Trustee with the assistance of the Claims Administrator deem appropriate and (ii) the Direct Claim's place in the FIFO Processing Queue shall be determined based on the most recent date that the Direct Claim was submitted to the Trust (*i.e.*, the Direct Claim is moved to the end of the applicable FIFO Processing Queue upon its re-submission). The one hundred and twenty (120) day deadline to submit an Existing Direct Claim pursuant to Section 4.4.1 shall apply to any Existing Direct Claim submitted by the Direct Claimant, including a Submitted Claim that was previously withdrawn.

4.5.3 Deferral of Submitted Claims

A Direct Claimant is entitled to defer processing of her Submitted Claim for up to three (3) years from the date the Direct Claim was, or was deemed, submitted to the Trust (a "**Deferral Request**") so long as the Deferral Request is received by the Trust in writing pursuant to any procedures adopted by the Trust for such requests (i) within thirty (30) days after the date the Direct Claims was, or was deemed, submitted to the Trust and (ii) in any event, before the Trustee provide a Disallowed Claim Notice, Deficiency Notice, or an Allowed Claim Notice to the Direct Claimant. A Direct Claimant may rescind the Deferral Request at any time by informing the Trust in writing pursuant to any procedures adopted by the Trust for such notices, and the Direct Claim shall thereupon be returned to its original place in the applicable FIFO Processing Queue. A Direct Claimant may make only one Deferral Request.

The Trust shall approve any properly submitted Deferral Request; *provided, however*, that the Trust may only defer a Submitted Claim for a maximum of three (3) years from the date the Direct Claim was, or was deemed, submitted to the Trust. Any Direct Claimant who makes a Deferral Request shall retain her original place in the applicable FIFO Processing Queue.

4.5.4 Claim Submission Requirements

Any Direct Claimant who wishes to submit her respective Direct Claim to the Trust must satisfy the following requirements with respect to information and documentation in order to show that the Direct Claim should be processed pursuant to these TDP. Every Direct Claimant seeking compensation from the Trust must provide to the Trust the following information and documentation at the time her Direct Claim is submitted to the Trust (the “**Claim Submission Requirements**”):

- (1) **Citizenship/Residency**: Proof that the Direct Claimant (and, to any extent applicable, the minor, incapacitated or deceased individual represented by such Direct Claimant) is a United States citizen or a lawful permanent resident of the United States (or is otherwise lawfully residing in the United States), which proof may be in the form of sworn testimony or affidavit and may be included as part of the Claims Submission Form;
- (2) **Claimant Information**: All claimant information required under the Claim Submission Procedures for Direct Claims adopted by the Trustee as set forth herein, including the Direct Claimant’s Identifying Information;
- (3) **Claim Submission Form**: A properly completed Claim Submission Form, which shall include complete information for where notices to the Direct Claimant should be sent and where payments to the Direct Claimant should be sent (including if such payments should be sent directly to counsel for the Direct Claimant); the Claim Submission Form shall also include a requirement that the Direct Claimant elect whether to proceed under the Expedited Review Process, Individual Review Process, or Quickpay Review Process, a requirement that a Direct Claimant electing the Individual Review Process also indicate such Direct Claimant’s preference as to whether, in the event that her Direct Claim fails to satisfy the conditions set forth in Section 4.6.5(B)(2) (as determined by the Trustee, with the assistance of the Claims Administrator and Claims Processor) under the Individual Review Process, the Submitted Claim should be processed under either the Expedited Review Process or Quickpay Review Process (the “**Secondary Election**”); and a requirement that the Direct Claimant identify and, if necessary, elect her Claimant’s Jurisdiction; the Claim Submission Form template shall be adopted by the Trustee, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR, as promptly as practicable and attached to the Claim Submission Procedures for Direct Claims; the Claim Submission Form template attached to the ARCHER Engagement Letter and used in the Early Submission Procedures shall be deemed adopted by the Trustee with the consent of the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, the TAC, and the FCR for purposes of these TDP, and the Claim Submission Form template for completion under these TDP shall be the same as that under the Early Submission Procedures to the fullest extent practicable.

- (4) Talc Use Evidence: Evidence of the Direct Claimant's use, and extent and specific years of use, of any and all talc and talc-containing products (including both J&J Talc Products and Non-J&J Talc Products), including whether the Direct Claimant engaged in Regular Perineal Use of such products, established by sworn testimony or affidavit; and
- (5) Medical Evidence: (a) Medical records that the Direct Claimant reasonably believes are sufficient to (i) satisfy the applicable Review Criteria pursuant to these TDP and (ii) provide the Claims Administrator with all information necessary to accurately determine the appropriate Final Scheduled Point Value and resulting Allowed Claim Amount or (b) a statement of the Direct Claimant in the Claim Submission Form attesting, under the pains and penalties of perjury, to the fact that all available relevant documentation has been submitted, which statement must show proof of the Direct Claimant's MyChart or similar patient portal, identifying the Direct Claimant's treatment providers and her prior medical history.

While the precise extent of medical records required by the above Claim Submission Requirements may vary from claim to claim, depending on the particular types of Direct Claims involved, diseases alleged, and other factors relevant to the valuation of Direct Claims pursuant to these TDP, in general, production of (i) all pathology reports and contemporaneous treatment records or (ii) admission and discharge notes from any biopsy or other procedure indicating disease type, in either case, along with records sufficient to establish a Direct Claimant's relevant medical history, would be satisfactory for any Direct Claimant regardless of the type of Direct Claim asserted or Review Track elected.

Only Direct Claims that are submitted with substantially complete information and documentation at the time of submission (as determined by the Claims Administrator) shall be deemed Submitted Claims and be subjected to the Preliminary Evaluation Process set forth below.

4.5.5 Deficient Submissions

In the event that a Direct Claimant submits information and documentation that are insufficient (as determined by the Claims Administrator) to satisfy the Claim Submission Requirements, the Trustee shall provide a notice indicating each deficiency (a "**Deficiency Notice**") to such Direct Claimant and automatically defer further action on the relevant Direct Claim for one hundred twenty (120) days to ensure the Direct Claimant a fair opportunity to cure any such deficiencies. If the Direct Claimant fails to either timely supplement her Direct Claim with information and documentation sufficient to resolve any deficiencies identified, or timely respond to the Deficiency Notice requesting further relief, upon expiration of the one hundred twenty (120)-day period, the Direct Claim at issue shall become a Disallowed Claim and the Trustee shall send a Disallowed Claim Notice to the relevant Direct Claimant. If the Direct Claimant timely responds with a request for further relief, the applicable deadline to supplement her Direct Claim with information and documentation sufficient to resolve any deficiencies identified shall automatically be extended until (i) if such request for further relief is denied by the Claims Administrator, the date that is the later of (a) ten (10) days after such denial and (b) the last day of the applicable one hundred twenty (120) day deadline set forth in this paragraph, and (ii) if

such request for further relief is granted by the Claims Administrator, such date as may be specified by the Claims Administrator.

In the event that the medical evidence submitted pursuant to Section 4.5.4 is deemed insufficient by the Claims Administrator to establish a Direct Claimant's relevant medical history, the Direct Claimant may submit an affidavit from her counsel (or the Direct Claimant herself if she is not represented by counsel) attesting, under the pains and penalties of perjury, to the fact that all available relevant documentation has been submitted, which affidavit must show proof of the Direct Claimant's MyChart or similar patient portal, identifying the Direct Claimant's treatment providers and her prior medical history. The Claims Administrator shall have the sole discretion to determine whether such affidavit is sufficient to resolve the deficiency as to the medical evidence submitted. However, medical evidence that does not include either a pathology report related to the Direct Claimant's alleged disease or, for Ovarian Cancer Claims only, the Direct Claimant's treating physician's detailed report as to the Direct Claimant's pathologic diagnosis, shall not be deemed satisfactory evidence to establish an Allowed Claim. Direct Claimants who are unable to satisfy these requirements may, however, still be eligible to proceed under the Quickpay Review Process.

If the Direct Claim becomes a Disallowed Claim on that basis, the Trustee will not conduct a Preliminary Evaluation of such Direct Claim in accordance with Section 4.6.

If the Direct Claimant adequately cures all deficiencies identified by supplementing her Direct Claim within the one hundred twenty (120)-day deferral period (as determined by the Claims Administrator), the Direct Claim will become a Submitted Claim and shall be subjected to the Preliminary Evaluation Process in accordance with Section 4.6.

4.6 Claim Evaluation Procedures

To assist the Trustee to determine whether each Direct Claim submitted to the Trust is either (i) compensable and therefore should be processed pursuant to these TDP or (ii) is not compensable and therefore should be a Disallowed Claim, the Claims Administrator, in conjunction with the Claims Processor, shall act according to the following uniform procedures and guidelines to thoroughly and individually evaluate all Submitted Claims.

4.6.1 Efficient and Expeditious Processing

The Trustee shall take all reasonable steps to resolve Direct Claims as efficiently and expeditiously as possible at each stage of claims processing, including with respect to any Reconsideration Requests and/or pursuant to the ADR Procedures, which steps may include, in the Trustee's sole discretion, conducting settlement discussions with representatives with respect to more than one Direct Claim at a time, *provided, however*, that the relevant Direct Claimants' respective positions in the applicable FIFO Processing Queues are maintained and that each Direct Claim is individually evaluated pursuant to the valuation factors set forth in Article 5.

4.6.2 Preliminary Evaluation of Claim Submission Materials

Within sixty (60) days of each Direct Claim being deemed a Submitted Claim, the Claims Administrator shall conduct a Preliminary Evaluation of the related Claim Submission Materials to determine that:

- (i) the Submitted Claim was timely submitted to the Trust pursuant to Section 4.4;
- (ii) the Submitted Claim has not previously been submitted to the Trust pursuant to these TDP or otherwise (except for Direct Claims that were submitted and later formally withdrawn pursuant to Section 4.5.2);
- (iii) the Submitted Claim has not previously been resolved through litigation and/or settlement (including settlement under a Master Settlement Agreement), other than as described in Section 4.2;
- (iv) the Submitted Claim is not then subject to consideration for potential settlement under a Master Settlement Agreement; and
- (v) the Direct Claimant's Claim Submission Materials are substantially and substantively completed and signed under penalty of perjury.

Submitted Claims that satisfy the Preliminary Evaluation Criteria (as determined by the Claims Administrator) shall be deemed Confirmed Claims and thereafter routed to either the Expedited Review Process, the Individual Review Process, or the Quickpay Review Process, as elected by the Direct Claimant in her Claim Submission Form. A Submitted Claim that fails to satisfy one or more of the Preliminary Evaluation Criteria (as determined by the Claims Administrator) shall become a Disallowed Claim, and the Trustee shall provide a Disallowed Claim Notice to the relevant Direct Claimant.

In the event that a Submitted Claim becomes a Disallowed Claim because it was previously submitted to the Trust with different counsel, the Trust shall provide notice to the Direct Claimant regarding the duplicative submission and such Direct Claimant shall have thirty (30) days from the date of such notice to submit to the Trust a certification signed by such Direct Claimant, and all counsel who purported to represent the Direct Claimant in submissions to the Trust, confirming which counsel shall be representing the Direct Claimant with respect to the original Submitted Claim and withdrawing any later Submitted Claim. If the Direct Claimant satisfies this requirement, her Direct Claim will retain its place in the applicable FIFO Processing Queue based on the original Submitted Claim and the Direct Claim may proceed through the evaluation processes set forth in these TDP. Failure to timely submit such certification shall result in (i) the original Submitted Claim being indefinitely deferred pending clarification from the Direct Claimant and her counsel as to who represents the Direct Claimant and (ii) any later Submitted Claim being deemed withdrawn.

4.6.3 Evaluation of Confirmed Claims

For each Confirmed Claim, the Claims Administrator shall, in conjunction with the Claims Processor, individually evaluate the Claim Submission Materials with respect to such Confirmed Claim to assist the Trustee to determine whether such Confirmed Claim should be an Allowed Claim. Regardless of the Review Track selected, this process shall involve (i) a thorough review and consideration of all the Claim Submission Materials with respect to such Confirmed Claim, (ii) a full evaluation and determination as to the credibility of such Claim Submission Materials, and (iii) determination as to whether such Claim Submission Materials satisfy the applicable Review Criteria.

If the Trustee determines with the assistance of the Claims Administrator that (i) a Confirmed Claim satisfies the applicable Review Criteria and (ii) the Claim Submission Materials with respect to such Confirmed Claim are not deceptive or fraudulent, then the Confirmed Claim shall be deemed an Allowed Claim. If, on the other hand, the Trustee determines with the assistance of the Claims Administrator that (i) the Claim Submission Materials with respect to such Confirmed Claim are not deceptive or fraudulent, but (ii) the Confirmed Claim does not satisfy the applicable Review Criteria, then the Claims Administrator has the discretion to either (a) make the Confirmed Claim a Disallowed Claim, in which case the Trustee shall provide a Disallowed Claim Notice to the relevant Direct Claimant, or (b) provide a Deficiency Notice to the relevant Direct Claimant, which shall request that the Direct Claimant submit to the Trust supplemental Claim Submission Materials sufficient to resolve any deficiency within one hundred twenty (120) days of the date of the Deficiency Notice. Extensions of time to submit supplemental Claim Submission Materials may be requested by the Direct Claimant to the Claims Administrator so long as made within such one hundred twenty (120)-day period, and the Claims Administrator retains full discretion to either grant or deny any such request. If such supplemental Claim Submission Materials are not received by the Claims Administrator prior to the expiration of the one hundred twenty (120)-day period (as extended, if applicable), the Confirmed Claim shall become a Disallowed Claim, and the Trustee shall provide a Disallowed Claim Notice to the relevant Direct Claimant. If the Direct Claimant timely requests an extension of time to submit supplemental Claim Submission Materials, the applicable deadline to submit such supplemental Claim Submission Materials shall automatically be extended until (i) if such request for extension is denied by the Claims Administrator, the date that is the later of (a) ten (10) days after such denial and (b) the last day of the applicable one hundred twenty (120) day deadline set forth in this paragraph, and (ii) if such request for extension is granted by the Claims Administrator, such date as may be specified by the Claims Administrator.

In the event, however, that the Trustee determines with the assistance of the Claims Administrator that any portion of the Claim Submission Materials with respect to a Direct Claim are deceptive or fraudulent (each, a “**Fraudulent Claim Submission**”), then such Direct Claim shall become a Disallowed Claim, and the Trustee shall provide a Disallowed Claim Notice to the relevant Direct Claimant (each, a “**Fraudulent Claimant**”). The Claim Submission Procedures shall set forth the criteria that the Claims Administrator will evaluate in making determinations with respect to a Fraudulent Claim Submission. Further, if the Trustee determines that any individual attorney or law firm is continually representing Fraudulent Claimants and submitting Fraudulent Claim Submissions to the Trust, the Direct Claims of other Direct Claimants who are represented by such attorney or law firm, in his or her evaluation under these TDP, shall be subject

to such heightened scrutiny as the Trustee with the assistance of the Claims Administrator deems appropriate; *provided, however*, that such other Direct Claimants that may be subject to such heightened scrutiny shall not otherwise be prejudiced with respect to the processing of his or her Direct Claims.

4.6.4 Expedited Review Process

(A) In General

For each Confirmed Claim electing to proceed under the Expedited Review Process, the Claims Administrator shall, in conjunction with the Claims Processor, thoroughly review and evaluate the Claim Submission Materials with respect to such Confirmed Claim to assist the Trustee to determine whether the Expedited Review Criteria are satisfied. If, in undertaking the Expedited Review Process, the Trustee determines with the assistance of the Claims Administrator that a Confirmed Claim satisfies such Expedited Review Criteria, then such Confirmed Claim shall become an Allowed Claim and shall proceed to the valuation processes set forth in Section 5.3. If the Trustee determines with the assistance of the Claims Administrator that a Confirmed Claim does not satisfy such Expedited Review Criteria, then such Confirmed Claim shall become a Disallowed Claim, and the Trustee shall provide a Disallowed Claim Notice to the relevant Direct Claimant.

(B) Expedited Review Criteria

Confirmed Claims that are Ovarian Cancer Claims proceeding under the Expedited Review Process and that satisfy the following Expedited Review Criteria shall become Allowed Claims, and Confirmed Claims that are Ovarian Cancer Claims proceeding under the Expedited Review Process but that fail to satisfy the following Expedited Review Criteria shall become Disallowed Claims:

- (1) Proof of Regular J&J Talc Perineal Use: the Direct Claimant establishes Regular J&J Talc Perineal Use; and
- (2) Date of First Diagnosis: the Direct Claimant's Date of First Diagnosis for Ovarian Cancer was at least ten (10) years following the first day of her Regular J&J Talc Perineal Use.

4.6.5 Individual Review Process

(A) In General

The Individual Review Process is available for any Direct Claimant who (i) elects to have her Direct Claim evaluated under the Individual Review Process on her Claim Submission Form and (ii) pays to the Trust a one-time, non-refundable administrative fee in the amount of one thousand dollars and zero cents (\$1,000.00) with her Claim Submission Form.

If a Direct Claimant fails to (i) include the administrative fee with her Claim Submission Form or (ii) if her Direct Claim was submitted to ARCHER pursuant to the Early Submission Procedures, to deliver the administrative fee to the Trust within thirty (30) days after the

Confirmation Date, her Direct Claim shall automatically be evaluated under the Expedited Review Process or the Quickpay Review Process, whichever is indicated by the Direct Claimant as her Secondary Election on her Claim Submission Form, rather than under the Individual Review Process.

For each Confirmed Claim electing to proceed under the Individual Review Process as to which the applicable fee has been paid, the Trustee shall, with the assistance of the Claims Administrator and Claims Processor, review and evaluate the Claim Submission Materials with respect to such Confirmed Claim to determine whether the Individual Review Criteria are satisfied.

A Direct Claimant who initially elected on her Claim Submission Form to have her Direct Claim evaluated under the Quickpay Review Process may not later request to have her Direct Claim evaluated under the Individual Review Process.

A Direct Claimant who initially elected on her Claim Submission Form to have her Direct Claim evaluated pursuant to the Individual Review Process may, at any time after the date her Direct Claim was submitted to the Trust, but before such Direct Claimant receives a Disallowed Claim Notice or an Allowed Claim Notice, as applicable, request to have her Direct Claim evaluated under either the Expedited Review Process or the Quickpay Review Process instead by providing written notice to the Trust. A Direct Claimant who initially elected to proceed under the Individual Review Process and paid the required administrative fee, but later switches Review Tracks, shall not recover the administrative fee.

(B) Individual Review Criteria

A Confirmed Claim evaluated under the Individual Review Process shall become an Allowed Claim if it satisfies the following Individual Review Criteria:

- (1) the Confirmed Claim satisfies either the applicable Expedited Review Criteria (if the Direct Claimant indicated the Expedited Review Process as her Secondary Election) or the Quickpay Review Criteria (if the Direct Claimant indicated the Quickpay Review Process as her Secondary Election); and
- (2) the Confirmed Claim satisfies the conditions for evaluation under the Individual Review Process mutually agreed by (a) if prior to the Effective Date, the Trustee, the Debtor, J&J, the AHC of Supporting Counsel, the SLF, the TCC, and the FCR or (b) if following the Effective Date, the Trustee, the TAC, and the FCR.

In the event that, prior to the Effective Date, the Trustee, the Debtor, J&J, the AHC of Supporting Counsel, the SLF, the TCC, and the FCR and, following the Effective Date, the Trustee, the TAC, and the FCR fail to reach agreement upon Individual Review Criteria for purposes of Section 4.6.5(B)(2), the Trustee shall establish such Individual Review Criteria in his or her sole discretion.

A Direct Claimant seeking evaluation under the Individual Review Process may submit any Claim Submission Materials she deems relevant to satisfy the conditions set forth in Section 4.6.5(B)(2) above.

If, in undertaking the Individual Review Process, the Trustee, with the assistance of the Claims Administrator and Claims Processor, determines that a Confirmed Claim satisfies the Individual Review Criteria in Section 4.6.5(B)(1) and Section 4.6.5(B)(2), then such Confirmed Claim shall be an Allowed Claim and shall proceed to the valuation processes set forth in Section 5.4.

If the Trustee, with the assistance of the Claims Administrator and Claims Processor, determines that a Confirmed Claim fails to satisfy the conditions set forth in Section 4.6.5(B)(2), but determine that such Confirmed Claim satisfies the conditions set forth in Section 4.6.5(B)(1) (*i.e.*, the Expedited Review Criteria (if the Direct Claimant indicated the Expedited Review Process as her Secondary Election) or the Quickpay Review Criteria (if the Direct Claimant indicated the Quickpay Review Process as her Secondary Election)), such Confirmed Claim shall be an Allowed Claim but shall not proceed to the valuation processes set forth in Section 5.4 and instead shall proceed to the valuation processes set forth in Section 5.3 (if the Direct Claimant indicated the Expedited Review Process as her Secondary Election) or Section 5.5 (if the Direct Claimant indicated the Quickpay Review Process as her Secondary Election), and the Trustee shall provide a written notice to that effect to the relevant Direct Claimant (a “**Secondary Election Activation Notice**”).

If the Trustee, with the assistance of the Claims Administrator and Claims Processor, determines that a Confirmed Claim fails to satisfy the Individual Review Criteria in Section 4.6.5(B)(1) and Section 4.6.5(B)(2), such Confirmed Claim shall be deemed a Disallowed Claim, and the Trustee shall provide a Disallowed Claim Notice to the relevant Direct Claimant.

(C) Extraordinary Injury Fund

Under the Individual Review Process, prior to the Effective Date, the Trustee, the Debtor, J&J, the AHC of Supporting Counsel, the SLF, the TCC, and the FCR or, following the Effective Date, the Trustee, the TAC and the FCR, may mutually agree to establish additional conditions under which an Allowed Claim under the Individual Review Process may qualify for supplemental payments from the Extraordinary Injury Fund (as defined in the Trust Agreement). In the event that, prior to the Effective Date, the Trustee, the Debtor, J&J, the AHC of Supporting Counsel, the SLF, the TCC, and the FCR and, following the Effective Date, the Trustee, the TAC, and the FCR fail to reach agreement upon such conditions, the Trustee may establish such additional conditions in his or her sole discretion.

4.6.6 Quickpay Review Process

(A) In General

For each Confirmed Claim electing to proceed under the Quickpay Review Process, the Claims Administrator, with a focus on efficiency, shall, in conjunction with the Claims Processor, review and evaluate the Claim Submission Materials with respect to such Confirmed Claim to assist the Trustee to determine whether the Quickpay Review Criteria are satisfied. If in doing so

the Trustee determines with the assistance of the Claims Administrator that a Confirmed Claim satisfies the Quickpay Review Criteria, then such Confirmed Claim shall be deemed an Allowed Claim and shall proceed to the valuation processes set forth in Section 5.5. If the Trustee determines with the assistance of the Claims Administrator that a Confirmed Claim does not satisfy the Quickpay Review Criteria, then such Confirmed Claim shall become a Disallowed Claim, and the Trustee shall provide a Disallowed Claim Notice to the relevant Direct Claimant.

A Direct Claimant who initially elected on her Claim Submission Form to have her Direct Claim evaluated pursuant to the Expedited Review Process or the Individual Review Process may, at any time after the date her Direct Claim was, or was deemed, submitted to the Trust, but before such Direct Claim becomes a Disallowed Claim or is paid, as applicable, request to have her Direct Claim evaluated under the Quickpay Review Process in this Section 4.6.6 instead.

(B) Quickpay Review Criteria

Confirmed Claims that are Ovarian Cancer Claims or Gynecological Claims and that satisfy the following Quickpay Review Criteria shall become Allowed Claims, and Confirmed Claims that are Ovarian Cancer Claims or Gynecological Claims but fail to satisfy the following Quickpay Review Criteria shall be Disallowed Claims:

- (1) Proof of Regular J&J Talc Perineal Use: the Direct Claimant establishes Regular J&J Talc Perineal Use; and
- (2) Date of First Diagnosis: the Direct Claimant's Date of First Diagnosis for Ovarian Cancer or Gynecological Cancer was at least ten (10) years following the first day of her Regular J&J Talc Perineal Use.

Article 5

VALUATION OF DIRECT CLAIMS

5.1 In General

The Claims Administrator, in conjunction with the Claims Processor, shall identify and utilize the appropriate valuation process, as described in this Article 5, to assist the Trustee to determine the value for every Direct Claim that becomes an Allowed Claim. These valuation processes are intended to be a direct continuation of the resolution process for Direct Claimants, commencing immediately upon determination by the Trustee that her Direct Claim has become an Allowed Claim under the applicable Review Process. Promptly after determination of the value for an Allowed Claim under this Article 5, the Trustee shall provide an Allowed Claim Notice to the relevant Direct Claimant, which Allowed Claim Notice shall indicate (i) the determination that her Direct Claim has become an Allowed Claim and (ii) the proposed Allowed Claim Amount of her Direct Claim.

5.2 Punitive and Other Non-Compensable Damages

No punitive or exemplary damages shall be payable with respect to any Direct Claim litigated against the Trust in the tort system pursuant to Article 6 herein.

5.3 Determination of Scheduled Point Values Under Expedited Review Process

5.3.1 Valuation Process

Upon determination by the Trustee that an Ovarian Cancer Claim submitted to the Trust by a Direct Claimant that elected to proceed under the Expedited Review Process is an Allowed Claim, the Claims Administrator, in conjunction with the Claims Processor, shall undertake the following seven (7)-stage valuation process with respect to such Ovarian Cancer Claim. This process requires the Claims Administrator:

- (1) To identify the Initial Scheduled Point Value based on the Direct Claimant's age on the Date of Relevant Diagnosis and specific category of injury; then
- (2) To establish the Adjusted Scheduled Point Value based on the Initial Scheduled Point Value and the Diagnostic Adjustment as determined by the disease subtypes; then
- (3) To further adjust the Adjusted Scheduled Point Value based on the length of Regular J&J Talc Perineal Use; then
- (4) To further adjust the Adjusted Scheduled Point Value based on the length of time between the end of the Direct Claimant's Regular J&J Talc Perineal Use and the Date of First Diagnosis; then
- (5) To further adjust the Adjusted Scheduled Point Value based on atypical perineal use of J&J Talc Products, if applicable; then
- (6) To further adjust the Adjusted Scheduled Point Value by a certain percentage discount based on the existence of certain medical risk factors as set forth in Section 5.3.4(D) below, if applicable; and finally
- (7) To further adjust the Adjusted Scheduled Point Value based on the extent of the Direct Claimant's Regular Non-J&J Talc Perineal Use, if applicable.

5.3.2 Initial Scheduled Point Value

The Initial Scheduled Point Values for Ovarian Cancer Claims that have become Allowed Claims, prior to the application of any of the listed adjustments and/or reductions, will be determined based on the Direct Claimant's age and stage of cancer as detailed in the chart below. The relevant age shall be determined based on a Direct Claimant's age on the Date of Relevant Diagnosis. The relevant stage of cancer shall be determined by the most advanced stage of Ovarian Cancer the Direct Claimant received a diagnosis for, as established by the medical evidence included in the Claim Submission Materials with respect to the relevant Ovarian Cancer Claim. Such medical evidence must be (i) provided by a board-certified medical doctor, doctor of

osteopathy, oncologist, or pathologist with qualified expertise to diagnose Ovarian Cancer and (ii) documented in contemporaneous medical records.¹

Age on Date of Relevant Diagnosis (in years)	Stage IV <u>OR</u> Related Death	Stage III (with or without recurrence)	Stage I-II (with recurrence)	Stage II (without recurrence)	Stage I (without recurrence)
Under 45	1,200	840	420	240	120
45-49	1,020	715	355	205	100
50-54	780	545	275	155	80
55-59	660	460	230	130	65
60-64	480	335	170	95	50
65-69	360	250	125	70	35
70+	300	210	105	60	30

5.3.3 Adjusted Scheduled Point Value

Each Ovarian Cancer Claim's Initial Scheduled Point Value will then be adjusted by multiplying such Initial Scheduled Point Value by the applicable Diagnostic Adjustment set forth in the chart below.² The resulting claim-specific Point Value shall be referred to as the Adjusted Scheduled Point Value.

Ovarian Cancer Diagnostic Subtypes	Diagnostic Adjustment
Serous Carcinoma	100%
Endometrioid Carcinoma	90%
Clear Cell Carcinoma	75%
Mixed Epithelial Carcinoma	See below
Each subtype identified is a qualifying subtype (<i>e.g.</i>, serous with clear cell)	100%
Primary subtype is a qualifying subtype (<i>i.e.</i>, serous, endometrioid, clear cell) but other subtypes are non-qualifying (<i>e.g.</i>, serous with mucinous)	65%
Undifferentiated Epithelial Carcinoma	100%
Ovarian Carcinoma with Epithelial Component of Unknown or Unidentified Subtype (<i>e.g.</i> , "ovarian adenocarcinoma")	50%
Borderline Ovarian Tumors with Serous, Endometrioid, or Clear Cell Subtypes	30%

¹ The Trustee shall determine the applicable stage of cancer in accordance with the meanings and definitions thereof that are generally accepted in the medical community.

² The Trustee shall determine the applicable Ovarian Cancer diagnostic subtype in accordance with the meanings and definitions thereof that are generally accepted in the medical community.

5.3.4 Further Adjustments to Adjusted Scheduled Point Value

Each Ovarian Cancer Claim's Adjusted Scheduled Point Value will then be further adjusted based on a series of multiplicative talc usage and medical risk factors to determine the Final Scheduled Point Value for the Ovarian Cancer Claim, as set forth in this Section 5.3.4 and Section 5.3.5.

(A) Step I Adjustment: Length of Perineal Use

Each Ovarian Cancer Claim's Adjusted Scheduled Point Value shall be adjusted based on the total length of the Direct Claimant's Regular J&J Talc Perineal Use (*i.e.*, the number of years of Regular Perineal Use of J&J Talc Products in her perineal area). Specifically, the Adjusted Scheduled Point Value shall be reduced proportional to the Years of Regular J&J Talc Perineal Use relative to the Maximum Years of Regular Perineal Use where "**Years of Regular J&J Talc Perineal Use**" shall mean the lesser of (i) the number of full years of Regular J&J Talc Perineal Use after the Direct Claimant reached puberty and prior to the Date of First Diagnosis³ or (ii) forty (40) years, and "**Maximum Years of Regular Perineal Use**" shall mean the lesser of (i) the number of years elapsed between puberty and the Direct Claimant's Date of First Diagnosis or (ii) forty (40) years.

$$\text{Step I Adjustment of Adjusted Point Value} = 1 - \frac{(\text{Years of Regular J\&J Talc Perineal Use})}{(\text{Maximum Years of Regular Perineal Use})}$$

This reduction factor shall be referred to as the "**Length of Perineal Use Factor**" and expressed as a percentage, and shall not be less than 0% or exceed 100%.

By way of example, if a Direct Claimant was forty-three (43) years old when first diagnosed with the Ovarian Cancer, which diagnosis is the subject of her Direct Claim, the Maximum Years of Regular Perineal Use is thirty (30) years. If she regularly used J&J Talc Products in her perineal area for twenty (20) full years between ages thirteen (13) and forty-three (43), then the Adjusted Scheduled Point Value would be subject to a Length of Perineal Use Factor adjustment of $1 - (20 \text{ years} / 30 \text{ years}) = 33.33\%$.

(B) Step II Adjustment: Time Since Last Perineal Use

Next, the Adjusted Scheduled Point Value shall be further adjusted based on the length of time between the Direct Claimant's last Regular J&J Talc Perineal Use and her Date of First Diagnosis, as set forth in the following table:

³ For purposes of evaluating claims pursuant to these TDP, a Direct Claimant shall be assumed to have reached puberty on her thirteenth birthday.

Time Since Last Regular J&J Talc Perineal Use	Reduction of Adjusted Scheduled Point Value
0 to <6 years	0%
6 to <30 years	2% per year ⁴
30+ years	55%

This reduction factor shall be referred to as the “**Time Since Last Use Factor**” and expressed as a percentage, and shall not be less than 0% or exceed 55%.

(C) Step III Adjustment: Atypical Perineal Use

Next, if the Claims Administrator and/or Claims Processor determines that a Direct Claimant’s perineal use of J&J Talc Products varies substantially from the use pattern of the typical qualifying claim, the Trustee may, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR, conduct an individual review of the Claim Submission Materials with respect to the Ovarian Cancer Claim and reasonably reduce the Adjusted Scheduled Point Value based on the frequency the Direct Claimant’s perineal talc use of J&J Talc Products, as compared to what would constitute normal use based on other submissions. This discretionary reduction factor shall be referred to as the “**Atypical Use Factor**” and expressed as a percentage, and, if applicable, shall not be less than 0% or exceed 100%.

By way of example, if 5% of Ovarian Cancer Claims allege monthly exposure to J&J Talc Products through lining tampons or other feminine hygiene products with J&J Talc Product prior to application on the Direct Claimant’s body, the Trustee may determine that such use is not a typical use of J&J Talc Products. The Adjusted Scheduled Point Value would be subject to an Atypical Use Factor adjustment in a percentage determined by the Trustee, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR.

(D) Step IV Adjustment: Medical Risk Factors

Next, the Adjusted Scheduled Point Value shall be further reduced based on the Direct Claimant’s family history and genetic predisposition to ovarian cancer, based on the table below. If more than one medical risk factor is present, only the greatest of the reductions for applicable medical risk factors shall apply. Discounts applicable pursuant to this Section 5.3.4(D) are not applied cumulatively (*i.e.*, if a Direct Claimant has BRCA 1 as well as a family history of ovarian cancer, the total reduction is 45%, not 80%).

Risk Factor	Reduction of Adjusted Scheduled Point Value
BRCA 1 or BRCA 2	45%
Family history of Ovarian Cancer (in 1 st degree relative)	35%
Personal or family history (in 1 st degree relative) of colon or breast cancer	20%

⁴ A Direct Claimant who was diagnosed with a qualifying disease ten (10) years after her last Regular J&J Talc Perineal Use would be subject to a Time Since Last Use Factor discount of $(10 - 6) \times 2\% = 8\%$.

This reduction factor shall be referred to as the “**Medical Risk Factor**” and expressed as a percentage, and, if applicable, shall be 20%, 35%, or 45%, and no other percentage.

(E) Step V Reductions: Non-J&J Talc Perineal Use

Next, the Adjusted Scheduled Point Value shall be further adjusted based on a Direct Claimant’s Regular Non-J&J Talc Perineal Use (if applicable and established by sworn testimony or affidavit).

Discounts	Reduction of Adjusted Scheduled Point Value
Other Talc Use (applies only if Regular Non-J&J Talc Perineal Use)	25% (increasing to the total percentage of Regular Perineal Use that is Regular Non-J&J Talc Perineal Use)

This reduction factor shall be referred to as the “**Non-J&J Talc Use Factor**” and expressed as a percentage, and, if applicable, shall not be less than 25% or exceed 100%.

By way of example, if a Direct Claimant used J&J Talc Products every morning in her perineal area and used Non-J&J Talc Products every evening in her perineal area for thirty (30) years (i.e., half of her perineal area applications were J&J Talc Products and half were Non-J&J Talc Products), then the Adjusted Scheduled Point Value of her Ovarian Cancer Claim will be reduced by $50\% = 30 \text{ years of Regular Non-J\&J Talc Perineal Use} / (30 \text{ years of Regular J\&J Talc Perineal Use} + 30 \text{ years of Regular Non-J\&J Talc Perineal Use})$. If, instead, she had used Non-J&J Talc Products in her perineal area once a day for four (4) years and used J&J Talc Products in her perineal area once a day for twenty (20) years (i.e., one-sixth of the Regular Perineal Use of talc-based products in her perineal area was use of Non-J&J Talc Products), then the Adjusted Scheduled Point Value of her claim will be reduced by the minimum 25%.

5.3.5 Final Scheduled Point Value

The Final Scheduled Point Value of each Ovarian Cancer Claim shall be determined based on the Initial Scheduled Point Value multiplied by the relevant Diagnostic Adjustment and any applicable reduction factors outlined in Steps I–V (rounded to the nearest whole number), as follows:

Final Scheduled Point Value

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= (\text{Initial Scheduled Point Value}) \times (\text{Diagnostic Adjustment}) \\
 &\times (1 - \text{Length of Use Factor Reduction}) \\
 &\times (1 - \text{Time Since Last Use Factor Reduction}) \\
 &\times (1 - \text{Inconsistent Use Factor Reduction}) \\
 &\times (1 - \text{Medical Risk Factor Reduction}) \\
 &\times (1 - \text{Non J\&J Talc Use Factor Reduction})
 \end{aligned}$$

By way of example, if a Direct Claimant with an Ovarian Cancer Claim was diagnosed with the Stage IV clear cell carcinoma, which diagnosis is the basis of her Direct Claim, at age fifty-three (53), had thirty (30) years of Regular J&J Talc Perineal Use, stopped using J&J Talc Products in her perineal area ten (10) years before the Date of First Diagnosis, has a family history of colon cancer in her mother, and never used Non-J&J Talc Products in her perineal area, then the Final Scheduled Point Value of her Ovarian Cancer Claim would be 323 points.

Initial Scheduled Point Value			780
Diagnostic Adjustment	Clear cell ovarian carcinoma = 75%	×	75%
Adjusted Scheduled Point Value			585
Adjustment for Length of Regular Perineal Use Factor	$1 - (30 \div 40) = 25\%$	×	$75\% = 1 - 25\%$
			438.75
Adjustment for Time Since Last Use Factor	$(10 - 6) \times 2\% = 8\%$	×	$92\% = 1 - 8\%$
			403.65
Adjustment for Atypical Use Factor	Discretionary (not applied)	×	n/a
Adjustment for Medical Risk Factor	Colon cancer in family history = 20%	×	$80\% = 1 - 20\%$
			322.92
Adjustment for Non-J&J Talc Use Factor	0 years of total use = 0%	×	$100\% = 1 - 0\%$
			322.92
Final Scheduled Point Value		=	322.92 (rounded to 323)

5.4 Determination of Final Scheduled Point Values Under Individual Review Process

5.4.1 Underlying Scheduled Point Value

Upon determination by the Trustee that an Ovarian Cancer Claim submitted to the Trust by a Direct Claimant that elected to proceed under the Individual Review Process is an Allowed Claim, the Claims Administrator, in conjunction with the Claims Processor, shall undertake the seven (7)-stage valuation process set forth in Section 5.3 with respect to such Ovarian Cancer Claim to determine the Point Value of such Allowed Claim that would have resulted if such Direct Claimant had elected to proceed under the Expedited Review Process. The resulting claim-specific Point Value shall be referred to as the Underlying Scheduled Point Value.

5.4.2 Final Scheduled Point Value

To determine the Final Scheduled Point Value of such Allowed Claim, the Trustee shall then apply to the Underlying Scheduled Point Value a multiplier on account of the extraordinary nature of such Allowed Claim not to exceed three times (3x), as the Trustee shall determine in his or her sole discretion.

In determining the Final Scheduled Point Value of such Allowed Claim, the Trustee shall take into consideration the existence of credible and documented evidence that such Allowed Claim satisfies one or more of such factors for determining the Final Scheduled Point Value of an Allowed Claim under the Individual Review Process as are mutually agreed by (a) if prior to the

Effective Date, the Trustee, the Debtor, J&J, the AHC of Supporting Counsel, the SLF, the TCC, and the FCR or (b) if following the Effective Date, the Trustee, the TAC, and the FCR.

In the event that, prior to the Effective Date, the Trustee, the Debtor, J&J, the AHC of Supporting Counsel, the SLF, the TCC, and the FCR and, following the Effective Date, the Trustee, the TAC, and the FCR fail to reach agreement upon the factors for determining the Final Scheduled Point Value of an Allowed Claim under the Individual Review Process, the Trustee shall establish such factors in his or her sole discretion.

Under the Individual Review Process, prior to the Effective Date, the Trustee, the Debtor, J&J, the AHC of Supporting Counsel, the SLF, the TCC, and the FCR or, following the Effective Date, the Trustee, the TAC, and the FCR, may mutually agree to establish additional factors for determining the Final Scheduled Point Value of an Allowed Claim under the Individual Review Process that has qualified for supplemental payments from the Extraordinary Injury Fund (as defined in the Trust Agreement). In the event that, prior to the Effective Date, the Trustee, the Debtor, J&J, the AHC of Supporting Counsel, the SLF, the TCC, and the FCR and, following the Effective Date, the Trustee, the TAC, and the FCR fail to reach agreement upon such additional factors, the Trustee may establish such additional factors in his or her sole discretion.

5.5 Determination of Allowed Claim Amounts Under Quickpay Review Process

Gynecological Claims shall only be eligible to receive amounts based on the Quickpay Review Process below in this Section 5.5.

Upon determination by the Trustee that a Direct Claim submitted to the Trust is an Allowed Claim under the Quickpay Review Process, the Claims Administrator, in conjunction with the Claims Processor, shall determine the Allowed Claim Amount for such Allowed Claim pursuant to Section 5.5.1 or Section 5.5.2, as applicable. For the avoidance of doubt, the Allowed Claim Amounts under Section 5.5.1 and Section 5.5.2 are fixed and may not be challenged by a Reconsideration Request under Article 6, or otherwise.

5.5.1 Direct Claims For Which Expedited Review Process Available

If a Direct Claimant could have appropriately elected to submit her Direct Claim to the Trust pursuant to the Expedited Review Process, but for whatever reason chose instead to elect the Quickpay Review Process, the resulting Allowed Claim shall have an Allowed Claim Amount of one thousand five hundred dollars and zero cents (\$1,500.00).

5.5.2 Gynecological Claims

Gynecological Claims that become Allowed Claims shall have an Allowed Claim Amount of one thousand five hundred dollars and zero cents (\$1,500.00).

Article 6
RECONSIDERATION REQUESTS BY DIRECT CLAIMANTS

6.1 Reconsideration of Determinations Other Than Individual Review Process Determinations

6.1.1 Reconsideration Requests

(A) Requirements for Reconsideration Requests

Following receipt of (i) a Disallowed Claim Notice or (ii) solely with respect to Direct Claims that become Allowed Claims under the Expedited Review Process, an Allowed Claim Notice, a Direct Claimant may submit to the Trust a Reconsideration Request pursuant to this Section 6.1.1; *provided, however*, that, for the avoidance of doubt, the procedures set forth in this Section 6.1.1 shall be inapplicable to (a) any Disallowed Claim Notice or Secondary Election Activation Notice provided to a Direct Claimant under Section 4.6.5 and (b) any Allowed Claim Notice with respect to a Direct Claim that becomes an Allowed Claims under the Individual Review Process. For a Reconsideration Request to be considered, it must be properly submitted to the Trust in accordance with the process therefor set forth in the Claim Submission Procedures for Direct Claims. Each Reconsideration Request submitted to the Trust pursuant to this Section 6.1.1 must include:

- (1) a completed Reconsideration Request form, the template for which shall be attached to the Claim Submission Procedures for Direct Claims; and
- (2) payment of five hundred dollars and zero cents (\$500.00) as an administrative reconsideration fee.

(B) Forfeiture of Right to Request Reconsideration

Direct Claimants found to have submitted deceptive or fraudulent Claim Submission Materials to the Trust shall be deemed to have forfeited his or her right to request reconsideration pursuant to this Section 6.1.1.

(C) Failure to Request Reconsideration Deemed Acceptance

The deadline to submit a Reconsideration Request pursuant to this Section 6.1.1 shall be sixty (60) days after the date of a Disallowed Claim Notice or Allowed Claim Notice. Any Direct Claimant who fails to properly submit a Reconsideration Request to the Trust prior to the expiration of such sixty (60)-day period shall be deemed to accept the determination set forth in the applicable Disallowance Claim Notice or Allowed Claim Notice, which determination shall thereupon become final and non-appealable.

(D) Reconsideration Request Procedures

Upon receipt of a properly submitted Reconsideration Request, the Trustee shall proceed with a re-evaluation of the Direct Claim. The Trustee will have the sole discretion whether to grant or deny the Reconsideration Request and will provide written notice of his or her decision to

grant or deny the Reconsideration Request within thirty (30) days of receiving the Reconsideration Request, as described below.

If a Reconsideration Request is denied, the administrative fee will not be returned, and the Trustee will provide timely written notice to the relevant Direct Claimant that the Trustee will not reconsider the Direct Claim (a “**Reconsideration Denial Notice**”). The Direct Claimant shall retain the ability to pursue her Direct Claim in mediation or litigation pursuant to the ADR Procedures and litigation procedures set forth below in Sections 6.1.2 and Section 6.1.3, respectively.

If a Reconsideration Request is granted, the Trustee will provide timely written notice to the relevant Direct Claimant that they are reconsidering her Direct Claim (a “**Reconsideration Grant Notice**”). The Trustee will then reconsider the Direct Claim, including all new Claim Submission Materials provided by the Direct Claimant to the Trust in the Reconsideration Request, and will have the discretion to maintain or revise the original determination, or alternatively to request supplemental Claim Submission Materials as necessary to reach a final conclusion. The Trustee will use his or her best efforts to provide the Direct Claimant written notice of his or her decision to affirm or revise the original determination within sixty (60) days of having sent the applicable Reconsideration Grant Notice.

To the extent the Trustee determines that a Submitted Claim, upon reconsideration is an Allowed Claim (if it was previously a Disallowed Claim) or should receive a higher or lower proposed Final Scheduled Point Value, the Trustee shall provide an Allowed Claim Notice and, unless the Trustee determines that such Submitted Claim should receive a lower proposed Final Scheduled Point Value, return the administrative fee to the Direct Claimant. If, however, the Trustee decide that no change to the original determination is warranted, that the Allowed Claim should receive a lower proposed Final Scheduled Point Value, or that the Claims Submission Materials provided by the Direct Claimant were insufficient to reach a final conclusion, then the administrative fee shall not be returned and either (i) the earlier allowance determination and/or Final Scheduled Point Value shall stand or (ii) if the Trustee decided that the Allowed Claim should receive a lower proposed Final Scheduled Point Value, such lower proposed Final Scheduled Point Value shall apply. The Trustee will use his or her best efforts to provide written notice of his or her decision within sixty (60) days of the Trust having sent the applicable Reconsideration Grant Notice (a “**Reconsideration Decision Notice**”).

6.1.2 ADR Procedures

If (i) a Reconsideration Request is denied or (ii) the Direct Claimant remains unsatisfied with the Trustee’s determination upon reconsideration, then the Direct Claimant may elect to proceed to mediation by providing written notice to the Claims Administrator within sixty (60) days of the date of the applicable Reconsideration Denial Notice, Allowed Claim Notice, or Reconsideration Decision Notice. If the Direct Claimant does not timely provide such written notice requesting mediation, then the applicable Disallowed Claim Notice or Allowed Claim Notice shall be final and non-appealable.

The Trustee shall, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR, prepare and maintain a list of approved mediators, which shall be made available to all Direct Claimants who submit his or her

Direct Claims to the Trust. The Claims Administrator and the Direct Claimant shall jointly choose a mediator (the “**Mediator**”) from the list maintained by the Trustee. If the Claims Administrator and the Direct Claimant are unable to reach agreement regarding the Mediator, the TAC shall select one from the list maintained by the Trustee.

The Mediator will work with the Claims Administrator and the Direct Claimant to reach a settlement of the Direct Claim that is mutually acceptable to the Trustee and the Direct Claimant; *provided, however*, that the settlement amount may not exceed the Maximum Value of the Direct Claim. The Mediator shall not have the authority to unilaterally impose a settlement upon the parties. The Direct Claimant and Trust shall split the fees and expenses incurred by the Mediator equally; *provided, however*, that the Direct Claimant’s share of the Mediator’s fees and expenses shall be capped at two thousand five hundred dollars and zero cents (\$2,500.00). The parties shall otherwise bear his or her own costs, including legal fees.

If the mediation results in a settlement agreement, the agreed-upon amount shall constitute the Direct Claimant’s Allowed Claim Amount and payment of such Allowed Claim shall be processed in the same manner as payments made to Direct Claimants who did not submit a Reconsideration Request. If the mediation concludes with no settlement, the Mediator will formally conclude mediated discussions and the Direct Claimant may proceed to litigation pursuant to Section 6.1.3.

6.1.3 Litigation

A Direct Claimant who has exhausted his or her rights pursuant to Sections 6.1.1 and Section 6.1.2 shall retain the right to institute a lawsuit in the tort system against the Trust in the Claimant’s Jurisdiction in order to determine the compensatory amount of her Direct Claim. Such lawsuit may not name the Debtor, J&J, or any other Debtor Corporate Party, or any other Protected Party and must only be filed against the Trust as defendant. Any such lawsuit must be filed by the Direct Claimant in her own right and name and not as a member or representative of a class or acting in the public interest pursuant to a statute allowing for a private right of action or otherwise, and no such lawsuit may be consolidated with any other lawsuit. For the avoidance of doubt, an Indirect Claimant may not pursue litigation pursuant to the provisions contained in this Section 6.1.3.

A Direct Claimant seeking to commence litigation pursuant to this Section 6.1.3 must notify the Trust of her intention to seek judicial review within sixty (60) days following the conclusion of ADR Procedures pursuant to Section 6.1.2. Direct Claimants who seek judicial review of the Trust’s determination of the Final Scheduled Point Value of a Direct Claim must pay a fee of two thousand five hundred dollars and zero cents (\$2,500.00) to the Trust, and Direct Claimants who seek judicial review of the Trust’s determination that the Direct Claim is a Disallowed Claim must pay a fee of ten thousand dollars and zero cents (\$10,000.00) to the Trust.

Both the Direct Claimant and the Trust shall have all appropriate defenses available to them (including, with respect to the Trust, all defenses which could have been asserted by any Protected Party). Further, the Trust may use any and all Claim Submission Materials with respect to a Direct Claim in its defense of any lawsuit in the tort system, including evidence of deceptive or fraudulent behavior. The Trustee shall have authority to settle such lawsuits in the exercise of his or her

business judgment; *provided, however*, that (i) without the prior written consent of the Debtor or Reorganized Debtor and J&J, the Trustee may not settle any such lawsuit or agree to the entry of any judgment in any such lawsuit unless such settlement or judgment includes a full release of all claims against the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, the other Debtor Corporate Parties, and the other Protected Parties directly or indirectly arising out of or in any way relating to the presence of or exposure to talc or talc-containing products based on the alleged pre-Effective Date acts or omissions of the Debtor, LLT, Old JJCI, or any other Person but in the case of such acts or omissions of LLT, Old JJCI, or any other Person (other than the Debtor) only to the extent the Debtor has, or is alleged to have, liability for LLT's, Old JJCI's, or such Person's conduct, whether by operation of the law, by assumption of such liability from LLT, Old JJCI, or such other Person, by agreement to indemnify, defend, or hold harmless LLT, Old JJCI, or such other Person from and against such liability, or otherwise and (ii) neither the settlement amount of any such settlement nor the award provided for in any such agreed judgment may exceed the Maximum Value of the Direct Claim.

In the event a Direct Claimant elects to pursue a lawsuit pursuant to this Section 6.1.3 which results, after waiver and/or exhaustion of any party's rights of appeal, in a final judgment for monetary damages, then such Direct Claimant shall be eligible to receive payment from the Trust of the portion of such judgment that constitutes compensatory damages, up to the Maximum Value of such Direct Claim (the "**Allowed Judgment Amount**"). Payment of the Allowed Judgment Amount shall be processed in the same manner as payments made to Direct Claimants who did not submit a Reconsideration Request, except that upon reaching the front of the FIFO Payment Queue, the Trust shall distribute to the Direct Claimant only an initial payment equal to Trust's last offer, if any, to the Direct Claimant (*provided, however*, that in no event shall such payment amount exceed the amount of the judgment obtained in the tort system). The balance of the judgment, up to the Allowed Judgment Amount for the Direct Claim, if any, shall be paid to the Direct Claimant in five (5) equal installments in years six (6) through ten (10) following the year of the initial payment. Under no circumstances shall any non-compensatory monetary damages or any interest be paid under any statute on any judgments obtained in the tort system.

In the event that the Direct Claimant prevails at trial but is awarded a judgment less than the Trust's last offer, if any, the Allowed Judgment Amount shall be reduced on a dollar-for-dollar basis by all fees, costs, and expenses the Trust incurred in defending against the Direct Claimant's lawsuit; *provided, however*, that such dollar-for-dollar reduction shall not exceed the Allowed Judgment Amount. In the event that the Direct Claimant does not prevail at trial, the Direct Claim shall be a Disallowed Claim.

6.2 Reconsideration of Individual Review Process Determinations

Following receipt of (i) a Disallowed Claim Notice or a Secondary Election Activation Notice provided under Section 4.6.5 or (ii) solely with respect to Confirmed Claims that become Allowed Claims under the Individual Review Process, an Allowed Claim Notice, a Direct Claimant may submit to the Trust a Reconsideration Request pursuant to this Section 6.2. For such a Reconsideration Request to be considered, it must be properly submitted to the Trust in accordance with the process set forth in the Claim Submission Procedures for Direct Claims. Each Reconsideration Request submitted to the Trust pursuant to this Section 6.2 must include a

completed Reconsideration Request form, the template for which shall be attached to the Claim Submission Procedures for Direct Claims.

The deadline to submit a Reconsideration Request pursuant to Section 6.2 shall be sixty (60) days after the date of a Disallowed Claim Notice, a Secondary Election Activation Notice, or an Allowed Claim Notice. Any Direct Claimant who fails to properly submit a Reconsideration Request to the Trust prior to the expiration of such sixty (60)-day period shall be deemed to accept the determination set forth in the applicable Disallowed Claim Notice, Secondary Election Activation Notice, or Allowed Claim Notice, which determination shall thereupon become final and non-appealable.

In the event that a Direct Claimant submits a Reconsideration Request to the Trust consistent with this Section 6.2, such Reconsideration Request shall be submitted to a special panel of individuals established by the Trustee with the consent of the TAC and the FCR (the “**Individual Review Claims Panel**”) for resolution. Upon receipt of a properly submitted Reconsideration Request, the Individual Review Claims Panel shall proceed with a re-evaluation of the Direct Claim. The Individual Review Claims Panel will have the sole discretion whether to grant or deny the Reconsideration Request and will provide written notice of his or her decision to grant or deny the Reconsideration Request within thirty (30) days of receiving the Reconsideration Request, as described below.

If a Reconsideration Request is denied by the Individual Review Claims Panel, the Individual Review Claims Panel will provide timely written notice to the relevant Direct Claimant that it will not reconsider the Direct Claim. The decision of the Individual Review Claims Panel to deny the Reconsideration Request shall be final and binding, and not subject to any further administrative or judicial review, including pursuant to Section 6.1.2 or Section 6.1.3.

If a Reconsideration Request is granted by the Individual Review Claims Panel, the Individual Review Claims Panel will provide timely written notice to the relevant Direct Claimant that it is reconsidering her Direct Claim. The Individual Review Claims Panel will then reconsider the Direct Claim, including all new Claim Submission Materials provided by the Direct Claimant to the Trust in the Reconsideration Request, and will have the discretion to maintain or revise the original determination, or alternatively to request supplemental Claim Submission Materials as necessary to reach a final conclusion. The Individual Review Claims Panel will use its best efforts to provide the Direct Claimant written notice of its decision to affirm or revise the original determination within sixty (60) days of having sent the Direct Claimant written notice that it is reconsidering her Direct Claim. All decisions of the Individual Review Claims Panel shall be final and binding, and not subject to any further administrative or judicial review, including pursuant to Section 6.1.2 or Section 6.1.3.

Article 7 PAYMENT PROCESS FOR DIRECT CLAIMS

7.1 Points-Based Monetary Values

7.1.1 Uncertainty of Liabilities

Litigation arising from the use of talc or talc-containing products is a relatively new mass tort and the total number of Direct Claims that may be paid over time by the Trust pursuant to these TDP is uncertain. As a result of this uncertainty, in undertaking to ensure substantially equitable treatment of all similar Existing Claims and Future Claims, the Trustee must from time to time determine or redetermine the Cash Value of a Point.

7.1.2 Points Valuation System

(A) Initial Cash Value of a Point

To provide reasonable assurance that the Trust will value, and be in a financial position to pay, Existing Direct Claims and Future Direct Claims that involve similar Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims in substantially the same manner, within thirty (30) days after the Claim Submission Deadline, and in any event prior to any distributions from the Trust, the Trustee, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR, shall establish an initial Cash Value of a Point (the “**Initial Cash Value of a Point**”). The Trustee shall base his or her determination of the Cash Value of a Point on (i) current estimates as to the number, types, and Final Scheduled Point Values for Existing Direct Claims, Future Direct Claims, and Indirect Claims (ii) the value of the assets available to the Trust for payment of Allowed Claims, including without limitation a determination by the Trustee that the Trust will have sufficient assets as of the date the Initial Cash Value of a Point is established to pay Existing Direct Claims and Future Direct Claims that involve similar Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims in substantially the same manner, (iii) all anticipated administrative and legal expenses, and (iv) any other matters that are reasonably likely to affect the sufficiency of funds to pay all Existing Direct Claims and Future Direct Claims based on the same application of these TDP to all similar Direct Claims and the points awarded for each Direct Claim. When making these determinations, the Trustee shall evaluate all relevant factors to determine a conservative Cash Value of a Point with the goal of assuring that the Trust will be able to treat all similar Existing Direct Claims and Future Direct Claims in substantially the same manner while taking in to account the value of Indirect Claims.⁵ Under no circumstances shall the Trustee seek to set the Initial Cash Value of a Point such that it would result in the Trust having a present or projected negative balance at any time.

The Initial Cash Value of a Point and any later determined Cash Value of a Point, as in effect at the beginning of each calendar year, will be adjusted for inflation annually, beginning as of January 1 of the first calendar year that begins on or after the first (1st) anniversary of the date on which the Initial Cash Value of a Point is established (the “**Inflation Adjustment**”). The amount of each such Inflation Adjustment shall equal the increase for the preceding year in the

⁵ In determining the Initial Cash Value of a Point, the Trustee is not bound by the range provided in the Disclosure Statement.

Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (“**CPI-U**”), but such Inflation Adjustment for any year shall not exceed 5%. The Trust shall rely upon CPI-U as published by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics (“**BLS**”); provided, however, that if BLS ceases to publish CPI-U, the Trustee, subject to the consent of the TAC and FCR, shall select the most comparable index of inflation published by BLS or another reputable and established source.

(B) Redetermination of Cash Value of a Point

To provide continued reasonable assurance that the Trust will value, and be in a financial position to pay Existing Direct Claims and Future Direct Claims that involve similar Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims in substantially the same manner, the Cash Value of a Point shall be subject to change pursuant to the terms of these TDP and the Trust Agreement. No less than annually beginning on the first (1st) anniversary of the date on which the Initial Cash Value of a Point is established, the Trustee shall review the then-applicable Cash Value of a Point as it deems necessary to assure that it is based on accurate, current information, and shall compare (i) the claims and liability estimation on which the then-applicable Cash Value of a Point was based with the actual Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims submission and payment experience of the Trust, (ii) the projected assets of the Trust on which the then-applicable Cash Value of a Point was based with the current assets and any updated projections of asset values, and (iii) any other matters that are reasonably likely to affect the sufficiency of funds to pay all Existing Direct Claims and Future Direct Claims based on (a) the application of these TDP in substantially the same manner to all similar Direct Claims and (b) the points awarded for each Direct Claim that is an Allowed Claim. If the results of the comparisons indicate that the Trust will be unable to value, and be in a financial position to pay, Existing Direct Claims and Future Direct Claims that involve similar Channeled Talc Personal Injury Claims in substantially the same manner, the Trustee shall propose a change in the Cash Value of a Point; *provided, however*, that any adjustment to the Cash Value of a Point must be made with the consent of the TAC and the FCR. In the event that the Trustee determines to adjust the Cash Value of a Point, the Trustee shall provide written notice to the TAC and FCR at least thirty (30) days prior to any requested change in the Cash Value of a Point. If the adjusted Cash Value of a Point is adopted, the Trust shall publicly disclose the adjusted Cash Value of a Point on its website.

(C) Supplemental Payments

If at any point the Trustee, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR, determines to increase the Cash Value of a Point, then the Trustee shall cause the Trust to make supplemental payments in respect of Ovarian Cancer Claims that have previously received a payment from the Trust based on the valuation thereof pursuant to Section 5.3 or Section 5.4. The supplemental payment in respect of any such Ovarian Cancer Claim shall be (i) an amount equal to the Net Award Amount of such Direct Claim as recalculated (a) based on the Allowed Claim Amount of such Direct Claim as recalculated using the increased Cash Value of a Point and (b) taking into account any additional reductions to the Allowed Claim Amount, less (ii) all payments previously made by the Trust in respect of such Direct Claim. Notwithstanding the foregoing, supplemental payments that are less than one hundred dollars and zero cents (\$100.00) shall not be payable; *provided, however*, that supplemental payments shall accrue such that, if sequential supplemental payments owed to a Direct Claimant in the aggregate equal or exceed one hundred dollars and zero cents (\$100.00), the relevant Direct Claimant shall receive payment of such aggregate amount. For the avoidance

of doubt, the amount of the Final Scheduled Point Value of the applicable Ovarian Cancer Claim shall not be re-determined or otherwise reconsidered in connection with any supplemental payment in respect thereof.

Checks issued by the Trust in respect of any supplemental payments shall be mailed to the last address the Direct Claimant provided to the Trust for the Trust to send payments, which address may be the Direct Claimant's attorney. Checks issued by the Trust in respect of any supplemental payments shall be null and void if not negotiated within 180 days after the date of issuance thereof. If the Direct Claimant does not request reissuance of such un-negotiated check within 180 days thereafter (*i.e.*, within 360 days from the date of issuance), the amount represented by such voided check shall irrevocably revert to the Trust. Any Allowed Claim in respect of such voided check shall be discharged and forever barred from assertion against the Trust, and the Direct Claimant shall not be entitled to any future payments from the Trust, including future supplemental payments.

Notwithstanding anything contained herein to the contrary, if a change to the Cash Value of a Point has been proposed in writing by the Trustee to the TAC and FCR but has not yet been adopted, the Direct Claimant shall receive the lower of the current Cash Value of a Point or the proposed Cash Value of a Point. If the proposed Cash Value of a Point is the lower amount but is not subsequently adopted, the Direct Claimant shall thereafter receive the difference between the lower proposed amount and the higher current amount. Conversely, if the proposed Cash Value of a Point is the higher amount and is subsequently adopted, the Direct Claimant shall thereafter receive the difference between the lower current amount and the higher adopted amount. In either event, however, no supplemental payments will be made to a Direct Claimant in the event the payment in question would be less than one hundred dollars and zero cents (\$100.00).

7.2 Guidelines for Paying Allowed Claims

7.2.1 Documentation Requirements

(A) Acceptance and Release

A Direct Claimant who decides to accept an offer of payment from the Trust based on the proposed Allowed Claim Amount of her Allowed Claim shall properly complete and execute an Acceptance and Release. The Acceptance and Release shall include a release of all claims against the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, the other Debtor Corporate Parties, and the other Protected Parties directly or indirectly arising out of or in any way relating to the presence of or exposure to talc or talc-containing products based on the alleged pre-Effective Date acts or omissions of the Debtor, LLT, Old JJCI, or any other Person but in the case of such acts or omissions of LLT, Old JJCI, or any other Person (other than the Debtor) only to the extent the Debtor has, or is alleged to have, liability for LLT's, Old JJCI's, or such Person's conduct, whether by operation of the law, by assumption of such liability from LLT, Old JJCI, or such other Person, by agreement to indemnify, defend, or hold harmless LLT, Old JJCI, or such other Person from and against such liability, or otherwise.

(B) Documents Establishing Legal Representation

Direct Claimants asserting a Direct Claim on behalf of a minor, incapacitated, or deceased person must, before any funds related to such Direct Claim may be distributed from the Trust, submit to the Trust appropriate documentation confirming the Direct Claimant's legal authority to resolve the Direct Claim on behalf of the minor, incapacitated, or deceased person. Such documentation should generally be in the form of a court order, letters of administration, power of attorney, or the like.

7.2.2 Deadline For Acceptance of Offers From Trust

Direct Claimants (other than Direct Claimants who (i) have submitted a Reconsideration Request or (ii) (a) hold Submitted Claims as a representative of an injured or deceased individual and (b) are required to obtain court approval before accepting any Final Scheduled Point Value proposed by the Trust) shall have until the date that is one hundred eighty (180) days from the date of the applicable Allowed Claim Notice to accept such offer by delivering to the Trust a properly completed and executed Acceptance and Release; *provided, however*, that, if the date of the applicable Allowed Claim Notice is before the date on which the Confirmation Order becomes a Final Order, the Direct Claimant shall have until the date that is one hundred eighty (180) days from the date on which the Confirmation Order becomes a Final Order to accept such offer by delivering to the Trust a properly completed and executed Acceptance and Release. The Trustee, in his or her sole discretion, may, but are not required to, extend this deadline upon a showing of good cause by the Direct Claimant that additional time is necessary to obtain the required authority or approval to accept an offer of payment from the Trust. Notwithstanding the foregoing, a Direct Claimant may submit such Direct Claimant's Acceptance and Release to the Trust at any time from and after the Confirmation Date, including as part of such Direct Claimant's submission of its Direct Claim to the Trust.

7.2.3 Offsets

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in these TDP, the Trust shall have the right to offset or reduce payment of an Allowed Claim Amount on a dollar-for-dollar basis based on any amounts paid, or to be paid, to the relevant Direct Claimant on account of her Direct Claim from any source other than Trust, *provided, however*, that, consistent with Section 10.2.2 of the Plan, the Trust shall not offset or reduce payment of an Allowed Claim Amount on account of any amounts paid, or to be paid, to the relevant Direct Claimant from any trust established pursuant to any plan of reorganization that becomes effective in any chapter 11 case of Imerys, Cyprus, or any of their respective Affiliates, or the estates thereof, in respect of talc-related personal injury claims against Imerys, Cyprus, and/or any of their respective Affiliates, so long as the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement, including the releases contemplated thereby, is effective and in the case of recovery from a trust established pursuant to any such plan of reorganization, such plan of reorganization is consistent with the Imerys/Cyprus Settlement (including the releases contemplated thereby).

7.2.4 Contribution, Indemnity, Reimbursement, and Subrogation

In the event that the Trust pays a Direct Claim for which another party, other than a Protected Party, may be partially or entirely liable, the Trust shall have a claim for contribution,

indemnity, reimbursement, or subrogation, whether contractual or implied by law, against such other party that it may assert.

7.3 Lien Resolution

With respect to any Direct Claim that becomes an Allowed Claim pursuant to these TDP, all related medical liens shall be paid from amounts that otherwise would be paid by the Trust to the Direct Claimant in respect of such Allowed Claim, with a corresponding reduction to the Net Award Amount.

As soon as practicable following the submission of any Direct Claim to the Trust, the Lien Resolution Administrator shall undertake a reasonable investigation to identify any and all medical liens arising from or related to such Direct Claim and thereafter work to quantify the medical liens so identified, with the goal of negotiating the satisfaction of any such liens by the time the Allowed Claim Amount of such Direct Claim, if it becomes an Allowed Claim, has been determined.

The Lien Resolution Administrator shall be responsible for the satisfaction of any and all valid medical liens identified by it as described above. The Lien Resolution Administrator shall provide to the Trustees and the TAC written verification of the steps taken by the Lien Resolution Administrator to identify, quantify and resolve such liens before any portion of an Allowed Claim Amount is paid to the relevant Direct Claimant and/or her counsel. Neither the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, nor any other Debtor Corporate Party shall bear any responsibility for payment of any Direct Claimant's liens. The Trust shall not bear any responsibility for payment of any Direct Claimant's liens to the extent such liens are for amounts in excess of amounts otherwise payable by the Trust to such Direct Claimant in respect of her Direct Claim.

For the avoidance of doubt, the medical liens arising from or relating to Direct Claims that are to be resolved by the Lien Resolution Administrator as described above are not Indirect Claims and are not subject to resolution under Article 8.

7.4 No Common Benefit Fund Payments Shall Be Made

The Trustee is not authorized to pay, and shall not pay, any common benefit fees or expenses from the Trust, and shall take no action with respect to the Common Benefit Fund, in each case without the written consent of the FCR and a supermajority of the members of the TAC (consisting of not less than 66% of all members of the TAC).

7.5 Payment of Claims

7.5.1 Allowed Claim Amounts Held in Escrow

Subject to receipt of a Direct Claimant's properly completed and executed Acceptance and Release, the Allowed Claim Amount for such Direct Claimant's Allowed Claim shall be set aside and remain segregated within the Trust pending the final resolution of various administrative issues involving the resolution of the relevant Direct Claim, including issues related to applicable medical liens, fees and expenses of counsel, fees, expenses and obligations related to administration of the Trust, probate, guardianship/conservatorship, and personal bankruptcy filings, and the final payment of the Net Award Amount to such Direct Claimant and/or her counsel.

7.5.2 Payment of Net Award Amount

Subject to (i) the Trust's receipt of a Direct Claimant's properly completed and executed Acceptance and Release and (ii) resolution of any lien, attorney fees, expenses, and obligations related to administration of the Trust, and any other issues involving resolution of the relevant Direct Claim, payment to such Direct Claimant and/or her respective counsel shall be made in the Net Award Amount. If a Direct Claimant elected to receive her payment pursuant to these TDP through her retained counsel, the Trustee shall transfer the Net Award Amount to the payee identified on such Direct Claimant's Claim Submission Form.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, the Trustee, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR, may pay part of the Allowed Claim Amount that has been set aside and segregated for a Direct Claimant as provided in Section 7.5.1 to such Direct Claimant and/or her counsel prior to resolution of all issues applicable to such Direct Claim, including the resolution of medical liens and obligations related to administration of the Trust. In such event, the Trustee will cause the Trust to continue to hold, on a segregated basis, a portion of such Allowed Claim Amount that the Trustee, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR, determines to be appropriate to satisfy any unresolved issues applicable to resolution of such Direct Claimant's Direct Claim. Upon the resolution of such unresolved issues and the final determination of such Direct Claimant's Net Award Amount, the Trustee shall pay to the Direct Claimant and/or her counsel, from the portion of her Allowed Claim Amount that the Trust continues to hold on a segregated basis, the remaining balance of her Net Award Amount.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, without the prior written consent of the Reorganized Debtor and J&J, the Trustee shall not transfer to any Direct Claimant or counsel to any Direct Claimant such Direct Claimant's Net Award Amount or any portion thereof unless such Direct Claimant shall have previously delivered to the Trust a properly completed and executed Acceptance and Release that remains in effect at the time of such transfer. Contemporaneously with, and in no event more than five (5) Business Days following, any such transfer to a Direct Claimant, the Trustee shall deliver to the Reorganized Debtor and J&J, in such manner as they may from time to time direct the Trustee in writing, evidence of such transfer and a copy of the properly completed and executed Acceptance and Release delivered, or deemed delivered, to the Trust by such Direct Claimant.

7.6 Payment Processing

7.6.1 FIFO Payment Processing

Direct Claims that have become Allowed Claims under a particular Review Track and liquidated in accordance with the terms herein shall be paid in first-in-first-out order based on the date the Trust received a Direct Claimant's properly completed and executed Acceptance and Release, subject to the sequencing adjustments provided for herein.

As to any particular FIFO Payment Queue, in the event that the Trust receives more than one relevant Acceptance and Release on a particular date, each Direct Claim's position in such FIFO Payment Queue shall be determined by the Date of Relevant Diagnosis, with an earlier Date of Relevant Diagnosis having priority over a later Date of Relevant Diagnosis. In the unlikely

event that the Trust receives more than one relevant Acceptance and Release on a particular date and the relevant Direct Claims also have the same Date of Relevant Diagnosis, the positions of these Direct Claims in the particular FIFO Payment Queue shall be determined based on the relevant Direct Claimants' dates of births, with earlier dates of birth given priority over later dates of birth.

7.6.2 Discretion to Vary Order and Amounts of Payments

Consistent with the provisions hereof and subject to the applicable FIFO Processing Queue and FIFO Payment Queue, the Trustee shall proceed as quickly as possible to liquidate Allowed Claims and to make payments to relevant Direct Claimants in accordance with these TDP on an ongoing basis, as funds become available and while maintaining sufficient resources to pay Future Direct Claims that are determined to be Allowed Claims in the same amount as Existing Direct Claims. If the properly executed and completed Acceptance and Release forms for a group of Direct Claimants represented by the same law firm have been received by the Trust, the Trustee, in his or her sole discretion, may simultaneously issue payments to all such Direct Claimants regardless of his or her individual placement in the FIFO Payment Queue.

Because the Trust's assets and liabilities over time remain uncertain, and decisions about payments must be based on estimates that cannot be made precisely, such decisions may have to be revised in light of experiences over time, and there can be no guarantee of any specific level of payment to Direct Claimants. The Trustee shall, however, use his or her best efforts to treat similar Direct Claims in substantially the same manner, consistent with his or her duties as Trustee, the purposes of the Trust, and the practical limitations imposed by the inability to predict the future with precision.

In the event that the Trust faces issues with respect to liquidity that cannot be resolved based on adjustments to the Cash Value of a Point, the Trustee may, with the consent of the TAC and FCR, (i) suspend the normal order of payment or (ii) temporarily limit or suspend payments altogether.

Article 8

RESOLUTION OF INDIRECT CLAIMS

8.1 Claim Submission Procedures for Indirect Claims

The Claim Submission Procedures for Indirect Claims shall be developed by the Trustee with the assistance of the Claims Administrator and Claims Processor and adopted by the Trustee with the consent of the TAC and the FCR. These Claim Submission Procedures shall include, but shall not be limited to, the following:

8.1.1 Indirect Claim Submission Deadline

Indirect Claimants must submit his or her Indirect Claims to the Trust within one hundred twenty (120) days of the Confirmation Date. If an Indirect Claimant fails to submit his/her/its

Indirect Claim within this time period, such Indirect Claimant shall be deemed to have waived the right to submit his/her/its Indirect Claim or otherwise seek compensation from the Trust.

8.1.2 Indirect Claim Review Criteria

An Indirect Claim shall become an Allowed Claim if it satisfies the following Indirect Claim Review Criteria:

- (1) the Indirect Claim is not subject to (a) disallowance under section 502 of the Bankruptcy Code, including subsection (e) thereof (subject to the right of the holder of the Indirect Claim to seek reconsideration by the Trustee under section 502(j) of the Bankruptcy Code), or is not otherwise legally invalid, or (b) subordination under sections 509(c) or 510 of the Bankruptcy Code, or otherwise under applicable law;
- (2) the Indirect Claim has not been previously submitted to, or paid by, the Trust, or previously resolved through litigation and/or settlement involving the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or any other Debtor Corporate Party;
- (3) the Indirect Claim is entitled to contribution, reimbursement, subrogation, or indemnity (as those terms are defined by applicable non-bankruptcy law of the relevant jurisdiction) from the Trust on account of a payment made by the Indirect Claimant;
- (4) the Indirect Claim is not subject to a valid defense, including, without limitation, that such Indirect Claim is barred by a statute of limitations or by other applicable law; and
- (5) the Indirect Claimant does not have an obligation to indemnify the Trust from the liability that was the basis of the payment made by the Indirect Claimant.

For each Indirect Claim submitted to the Trust, the Claims Administrator shall, in conjunction with the Claims Processor, thoroughly review and evaluate such Indirect Claim to assist the Trustee to determine whether the Indirect Claim Review Criteria are satisfied. If, in undertaking such review and evaluation, the Trustee determines with the assistance of the Claims Administrator that an Indirect Claim satisfies the Indirect Claim Review Criteria, then such Indirect Claim shall be an Allowed Claim and the Trustee with the assistance of the Claims Administrator shall determine the Allowed Claim Amount of such Allowed Claim, which shall be the amount necessary to pay such Allowed Claim in full. If the Trustee determines with the assistance of the Claims Administrator that an Indirect Claim does not satisfy the Indirect Claim Review Criteria, then such Indirect Claim shall become a Disallowed Claim, and the Trustee shall provide a Disallowed Claim Notice to the relevant Indirect Claimant.

8.1.3 Payments on Account of Allowed Claims

As promptly as practicable following a determination by the Trustee with the assistance of the Claims Administrator that an Indirect Claim is an Allowed Claim, the Trustee shall provide the relevant Indirect Claimant an Allowed Claim Notice, which Allowed Claim Notice will indicate (i) the determination that such Indirect Claim is an Allowed Claim and (ii) the proposed Allowed Claim Amount of such Indirect Claim.

An Indirect Claimant that decides to accept an offer of payment from the Trust based on the proposed Allowed Claim Amount of his/her/its Allowed Claim shall complete and execute an Acceptance and Release. The Acceptance and Release shall include a release of all claims against the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, the other Debtor Corporate Parties, and the other Protected Parties, to the extent any such claims arise from or are related to the Indirect Claimant's Allowed Claim.

Subject to the Trust's receipt of an Indirect Claimant's properly completed and executed Acceptance and Release, payment to such Indirect Claimant shall be made by the Trust in the Allowed Claim Amount of the relevant Indirect Claim as promptly as practicable.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, without the prior written consent of the Reorganized Debtor and J&J, the Trustee shall not permit the Trust to make any payment to any Indirect Claimant unless such Indirect Claimant shall have previously delivered to the Trust a properly completed and executed Acceptance and Release that remains in effect at the time of such payment. Promptly, and in any event within thirty (30) days following, any such payment to an Indirect Claimant, the Trustee shall deliver to the Reorganized Debtor and J&J evidence of such payment and a copy of the properly completed and executed Acceptance and Release delivered to the Trust by such Indirect Claimant.

8.2 Court Review

Within thirty (30) days after the date of a Disallowed Claim Notice or Allowed Claim Notice (the "**Indirect Claim Judicial Review Election Deadline**"), an Indirect Claimant may notify the Trust of its intention to seek a *de novo* review of the Trust's determination as to its Indirect Claim in accordance with Section 8.1 by the Bankruptcy Court. Such notification shall be made by submitting a written notice to the Trustee (an "**Indirect Claim Judicial Review Election Notice**") by the Indirect Claim Judicial Review Election Deadline. Extensions of the Indirect Claim Judicial Review Election Deadline may be requested by the Indirect Claimant from the Trustee so long as requested prior to the Indirect Claim Judicial Review Election Deadline, and the Trustee retain full discretion to either grant or deny any such request. If an Indirect Claim Judicial Review Election Notice is not received by the Trustee prior to the Indirect Claim Judicial Review Election Deadline (as extended, if applicable), then the applicable Disallowed Claim Notice or Allowed Claim Notice shall be final and binding.

An Indirect Claimant that commences a legal proceeding following submission to the Trustee of an Indirect Claim Judicial Review Election Notice may not seek costs or expenses against the Trust in any such judicial proceeding, and the Trust may not seek costs or expenses against the Indirect Claimant in such proceeding.

In no event shall the submission of an Indirect Claim Judicial Review Election Notice entitle the holder of an Indirect Claim to request or receive treatment different than the treatment provided for under these TDP, including Section 8.1. The *de novo* review provided for herein shall be solely to determine whether an Indirect Claim is an Allowed Claim and, if so, to determine the Allowed Claim Amount of the Indirect Claim, all under and in accordance with these TDP. All defenses shall be available to both the Indirect Claimant and the Trust in any judicial proceeding commenced following submission to the Trustee of an Indirect Claim Judicial Review Election Notice. Upon entry of final non-appealable order of a court competent jurisdiction that establishes the Allowed Claim Amount of an Indirect Claim, such Indirect Claim shall be paid in accordance with this Article 8.

Article 9

TRUST AUDITING AND REPORTING

9.1 Trust Auditing

9.1.1 Cross-Trust Audit Program

The Trustee, with the consent of the TAC and the FCR, shall develop and implement a Cross-Trust Audit Program that shall be overseen by the Auditor, which program shall include methods for auditing the reliability of medical evidence, as well as the reliability of evidence of usage of talc or talc-containing products for which the Trust has legal responsibility and the reliability of reporting on other asbestos exposure. This Cross-Trust Audit Program will be designed to compare Direct Claims submitted to the Trust against claims filed with any other bankruptcy or mass-tort trusts. Further, as part of its coordination with other bankruptcy or mass-tort trusts, the Trust shall fully comply with reasonable subpoenas served against it by other bankruptcy or mass-tort trusts seeking to conduct a similar audit.

By submitting a Direct Claim to the Trust, regardless of the treatment sought, a Direct Claimant shall be deemed to have affirmatively consented to (i) any release by the Trust of necessary and sufficient information sought either through the Cross-Trust Audit Program or in response to any subpoena served against the Trust; (ii) any release by any other bankruptcy or mass-tort trusts that participate in the Cross-Trust Audit Program or the Trust has served a subpoena on, to the Auditor of all information submitted to such other trusts by or on behalf of the relevant Direct Claimant pursuant to the provisions of the Cross-Trust Audit Program, or subpoena, if applicable, and (iii) disclosure by or to the Auditor of the status, amount, and date of payment made with respect to the claim asserted or filed by the relevant Direct Claimant to the Trust or any other bankruptcy or mass-tort trust.

To the extent that the Trustee believes it is relevant, nothing herein shall preclude the Trust or the Auditor, in the Trustee's sole discretion, from reviewing or taking into consideration filed state or federal court complaints, available discovery from any such case, or other claims filed against other bankruptcy or mass-tort trusts. Any Direct Claimant shall cooperate with and provide the Trust with (i) any non-privileged information reasonably requested by the Trust and (ii) upon request by the Trust, authorization to obtain from other bankruptcy or mass-tort trusts any information such Direct Claimant has provided to such other trusts.

9.1.2 Consequences of Audit Program

In the event that the Trustee determines that an audit under the Cross-Trust Audit Program reveals that deceptive or fraudulent Claim Submission Materials have been provided to the Trust with respect to a Direct Claim, the Trust may penalize the relevant Direct Claimant and her counsel by: (i) disallowing the Direct Claim, (ii) seeking to require the source of such deceptive or fraudulent Claim Submission Materials, including the Direct Claimant and her counsel, to reimburse the Trust for all costs incurred in connection with such audit and any future audit or audits of the Direct Claim, (iii) reordering the priority of payment of the Direct Claim, and (iv) taking any other appropriate action, including seeking sanctions or informing law enforcement agencies.

The Trust may also place reasonable restrictions, limitations, or affirmative requirements on Direct Claims submitted to the Trust in the future by Direct Claimants represented by any attorney and/or law firm who previously represented a Direct Claimant that was determined to have submitted deceptive or fraudulent Claim Submission Materials to the Trust, including (i) requiring that the attorney and/or law firm representing such Direct Claimants pay a \$1,000.00 penalty for each new Direct Claim submitted to the Trust and (ii) subjecting all such Direct Claims to audit under the Cross-Trust Audit Program, *provided, however*, that such audit shall not prejudice the relevant Direct Claimant with respect to the processing or evaluation of her Direct Claim or, to the extent such Direct Claim is deemed an Allowed Claim, as to the timing of payment to the relevant Direct Claimant.

Direct Claims that are subject to heightened scrutiny pursuant to Section 4.2.3, Section 4.2.5, Section 4.5.2, or Section 4.6.3 shall be automatically subject to audit under the Cross-Trust Audit Program.

9.1.3 Detection and Prevention of Fraud

The Trustee shall, with the assistance of the Claims Administrator, develop and institute auditing and other procedures to detect and prevent the allowance of Direct Claims involving Fraudulent Claim Submissions. Among other things, such procedures will permit the Trustee or Claims Administrator to conduct random audits to verify information and documentation included in randomly selected Claim Submission Materials, as well as targeted audits of Claim Submission Materials, any of which may include an examination requested by the Trustee (including by healthcare professionals selected by the Trustee).

9.2 Trust Reporting

Periodically, and at least annually, the Trust shall publish a report summarizing the Direct Claims resolved pursuant to these TDP, including breakdowns with respect: to (i) the types of Direct Claim involved; (ii) application of the Expedited Review Process, Individual Review Process, Quickpay Review Process, and/or any ADR Procedures, litigations, or settlements, and (iii) the average Allowed Claim Amount by type of Direct Claim and specific category of injury. The Trustee also shall simultaneously provide the TAC and the FCR with (i) a more detailed version of the above-mentioned report that also includes breakdowns as to Claimant's Jurisdiction and the counsel representing Direct Claims submitted to the Trust and (ii) detailed monthly status

reports regarding the evaluation status of Submitted Claims, as well as the valuation and payment status of all Allowed Claims for which the Allowed Claim Amount has been determined.

Article 10 **MISCELLANEOUS**

10.1 Non-Binding Effect of Trust and/or Litigation Outcome

Notwithstanding any other provision of these TDP, the Trust's determination to pay or not to pay any claim shall not be binding on, or have any *res judicata*, collateral estoppel, or other preclusive effect in any lawsuit or other proceeding against, the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, the other Debtor Corporate Parties, the other Protected Parties, or any other person or entity other than the Trust.

10.2 Independence of Trust

Except as otherwise specifically provided in the Plan, the Trust Agreement or these TDP, (i) none of the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or any other Debtor Corporate Party shall have any rights or involvement whatsoever in the implementation or operation of these TDP, (ii) none of the Debtor, Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or any Debtor Corporate Party is a third-party beneficiary of the Trust or these TDP, and (iii) nothing herein creates any rights or obligations that may give rise to a claim or cause of action by the Debtor, the Reorganized Debtor, J&J, or any other Debtor Corporate Party against the Trust, any Direct Claimant, or any Indirect Claimant.

10.3 Amendments

The Trustee, subject to the consent of the TAC and the FCR, and prior to the Effective Date, the TCC, may modify or amend these TDP; *provided, however*, that no modification or amendment to these TDP shall be inconsistent with the provisions of the Trust Agreement or these TDP limiting amendments or modifications to these TDP; *provided, further, however*, that with respect to any requirement in these TDP that consent of the TAC be made pursuant to a supermajority of the members of the TAC, any modification or amendment of such supermajority requirement shall be subject to the consent of a supermajority of the members of the TAC (consisting of not less than 66% of all members of the TAC). Any modification or amendment made pursuant to this Section 10.3 shall be in writing and shall be publicly disclosed on the Trust's website. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Trust Agreement or these TDP to the contrary: (i) neither these TDP, nor any document annexed hereto, shall be modified or amended in any way that could jeopardize, impair, or modify: (a) the applicability of section 524(g), section 1123(b)(6), and/or section 105 of the Bankruptcy Code to the Plan, the Confirmation Order, or the Trust; (b) the enforceability, the scope, or the terms of the discharge, releases, injunctions, and exculpation included in Article XI of the Plan; or (c) the Trust's status as a qualified settlement fund within the meaning of regulations governing qualified settlement funds; and (ii) any modification or amendment of these TDP affecting the rights of the Reorganized Debtor or J&J shall require the prior written consent of the Reorganized Debtor or J&J (as applicable). For the avoidance of doubt, any modification or amendment to clause (i) or clause (ii) of the immediately preceding sentence shall require the prior written consent of the Reorganized Debtor and J&J.

10.4 Severability

Should any provision contained in these TDP be determined to be unenforceable, such determination shall in no way limit or affect the enforceability and operative effect of any and all other provisions of these TDP.

10.5 Governing Law

These TDP shall be construed in accordance with the laws of the State of Texas, without giving effect to any choice or conflict of law provision or rule that would cause the application of laws of another jurisdiction. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the review and evaluation of Direct Claims under these TDP and the law governing mediation or litigation in the tort system shall be the law of the Claimant's Jurisdiction.

SCHEDULE 3

Retailers and Indemnified Parties

7-Eleven
7-Eleven, Inc.
Acme Markets, Inc.
Ahold Delhaize USA, Inc.
Albertsons Companies, Inc.
Alpha Beta Company
Associated Wholesaler Grocers, Inc.
Bartell Drug Company
Bashas', Inc.
Bausch & Lomb Americas Inc.
Bausch & Lomb Incorporated
Bausch + Lomb Corporation
Bausch Health Americas, Inc.
Bausch Health Companies Inc.
Bausch Health US, LLC
BCW LLC
Best Market of Astoria, Inc.
BI-LO, LLC
Bi-Mart Corporation
BJ's Wholesale Club, Inc.
C&S Wholesale Grocers
C&S Wholesale Grocers, Inc.
Classic Pharmacy, Inc.
Cosentino Enterprises, Inc.
Cosentino Group, Inc.
Cosentino Price Chopper
Cosentino's Food Stores
Costco Wholesale Corporation
CVS Health Corporation
CVS Pharmacy, Inc.
Demoulas Super Markets, Inc.
Dierbergs Markets, Inc.
Discount Drug Mart, Inc.
Dollar Tree Stores, Inc.
DRI I, Inc.
Duane Reade, Inc.
Eckerd Corporation of Florida, Inc.
Family Dollar Stores
Fleming Companies, Inc.
Food 4 Less of California
Food 4 Less of Southern California, Inc.
Foodland
Foodland Super Market, LTD
Food Lion, LLC (subsidiary of Ahold Delhaize USA)
Foot Locker Specialties, Inc., individually and as successor-in-interest to F.W. Woolworth Co.

Foot Locker Specialty, Inc.
Foot Locker, Inc./Woolworth Corporation
Four B Corporation d/b/a Balls Food Stores
Fred Meyer Stores, Inc.
Fruth Pharmacy, Inc.
Gerlands Food Fair, LLC
Gerlands, LLC
Gerlands, LLC/Lewis Food Town, Inc.
Giant Eagle, Inc.
Giant Food of Maryland, LLC
Giant Food Stores, LLC
Grocery Outlet Holding Corporation
Grocery Outlet Inc.
Grocery Outlet, Inc.
HAC, Inc.
H-E-B, LP
HSBC Finance Corporation
Hughes Markets, Inc.
Hy-Vee, Inc.
Jewel Food Stores
Jewel Osco
Jewel Osco Southwest
K&B Corporation
K&B Louisiana Corporation
Kings Park Slope, Inc.
Kings Pharmacy
Kings Pharmacy Holdings, LLC
Kings Third Ave. Pharmacy, Inc.
Knorr Street ShopRite, Inc.
La Luz Market, LTD. Co.
Lewis Food Town, Inc.
Longs Drug Stores California, L.L.C
Longs Drug Stores of Southern California, L.L.C.
Longs Drug Stores, L.L.C.
Lucky Stores, Inc.
Marc Glassman Inc.
Marc Glassman, Inc. d/b/a Marc's Store & Pharmacy
MBF Healthcare Holdings, Inc.
MBF Healthcare Management, LLC
Meijer, Inc.
MMG Equity Partners
Navarro Discount Pharmacies No. 5, LLC
Navarro Discount Pharmacies, LLC
New Seasons Market
Owens & Minor Distribution, Inc.
Owens & Minor, Inc.

Piggly Wiggly Carolina Co.
Piggly Wiggly Carolina Co., Inc.
Piggly Wiggly Companies, Inc.
Piggly Wiggly, LLC
Piggly Wiggly, LLC (subsidiary of C&S Wholesale Grocers)
Port Jervis Laboratories, Inc., f/k/a Kolmar Laboratories, Inc.
PTI; Pharma Tech Industries; or Pharma Tech Industries, Inc.
PTI Royston LLC, d/b/a Pharma Tech Industries
PTI Union, LLC d/b/a Pharma Tech Industries
Publix Super Markets, Inc.
Raley's
Ralphs Grocery Company
Randall's Food & Drug LP
Randall's Food Markets, Inc.
Rite Aid
Rite Aid Corporation
Rite Aid Hdqtrs. Corp.
Rite Aid of New York City, Inc.
Rite Aid of New York, Inc.
Rite Aid of Pennsylvania, Inc.
Rite Aid of South Carolina, Inc.
Rouse's Enterprises, L.L.C.
Rouse's Enterprises, L.L.C. d/b/a Rouses Market
Safeway Inc.
Save Mart Supermarkets, Inc.
Save Mart Supermarkets, Inc./Lucky Stores
Schnuck Markets
Schnuck Markets, Inc.
Sedano's Market, Inc.
Shanti Pharmacy Corp.
Shaw's Supermarkets, Inc.
Shop-Rite Supermarkets, Inc. a/k/a Shop Rite of Knorr Street
Smith Food and Drug Center, Inc.
Southeastern Grocers, Inc.
Star Markets Company, Inc.
Stater Bros. Markets
Super Center Concepts, Inc. d/b/a Superior Grocers
Superior Grocers
SuperValu, Inc.
T. Levy Associates, d/b/a Beauty Land Enterprises
T. Levy Associates, Inc. d/b/a Beauty Land Enterprises/Beautyland
Target Corporation
The Bartell Drug Company
The Kroger Company
The Stop & Shop Supermarket Company LLC
The Vons Companies, Inc.

Thrifty Payless, Inc.
Thrifty White Drug
Tops Holding, LLC
Valeant Pharmaceuticals International
Valeant Pharmaceuticals International, Inc.
Valeant Pharmaceuticals North America LLC
Wakefern Food Corp.
Walgreen Co.
Walgreen Eastern Co., Inc.
Walgreen Pharmacy Strategies, LLC
Walgreens Boots Alliance, Inc.
Walmart Inc.
Wegmans Food Markets, Inc.
Winn-Dixie Stores, Inc.
Woolworth Corporation