



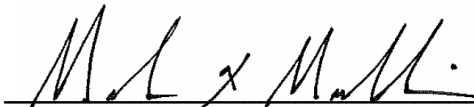
CLERK, U.S. BANKRUPTCY COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS

ENTERED

THE DATE OF ENTRY IS ON
THE COURT'S DOCKET

The following constitutes the ruling of the court and has the force and effect therein described.

Signed March 11, 2025


United States Bankruptcy Judge

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT
FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS
FORT WORTH DIVISION

IN RE:	§	
	§	
VISION2SYSTEMS LLC	§	CASE NO. 25-40583-MXM-11
	§	CHAPTER 11
DEBTOR.	§	
VISION2SYSTEMS LLC	§	
	§	
PLAINTIFF,	§	ADVERSARY NO. 25-04030-MXM
	§	
V.	§	
	§	
WORLD CHANGERS, ET AL., ¹	§	
	§	
DEFENDANTS.	§	

**PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION PROHIBITING CERTAIN ACTIONS
AGAINST NON-DEBTOR AFFILIATES PURSUANT TO 11 U.S.C. § 105**

Before the Court is the *Emergency Motion For (I) An Order (A) Declaring That The Automatic Stay Prohibits Certain Actions Against Non-Debtors Or, In The Alternative, (B)*

¹ The defendants comprise of approximately three hundred churches that were customers of the Debtor (together, the “*Defendants*”).

Preliminarily Enjoining Such Actions Pursuant To 11 U.S.C. § 105, And (II) A Temporary Restraining Order Enjoining Certain Actions Against Non-Debtors² (the “**Motion**”) filed by Vision2Systems LLC (“**Debtor**”). The Court finds that it has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1334; that this is a core proceeding pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 157(b); that this Court is able to issue a final order consistent with Article III of the United States Constitution; that venue of this adversary proceeding and the Motion in this district is proper pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1409; and that the Debtor provided appropriate notice of the Motion and the opportunity for a hearing on the Motion under the circumstances.

The Court heard evidence and the arguments of counsel at the hearings on the Motion, held on February 21, 2025 and March 5, 2025. Following the close of evidence and arguments of counsel, the Court stated its findings of fact and conclusions of law orally on the record under Fed R. Civ. P. 52 and Fed. R. Bankr. P. 7052, of which such findings of fact and conclusions of law are incorporated herein by reference. In addition to the Court’s oral findings of fact and conclusions of law, the Court finds that the Debtor has met its burden of proof under applicable law for the issuance of this *Preliminary Injunction Prohibiting Certain Actions Against Non-Debtor Affiliates Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 105* (the “**Preliminary Injunction**”).

Specifically, the Court finds (i) the Debtor’s members, Mr. Paul Baldwin and Mr. Carl Tierney (the “**Non-Debtor Affiliates**”), are crucial to providing source data to the Debtor and its counsel; (ii) the Debtor cannot effectively reorganize without the focus and involvement of the Non-Debtor Affiliates during the pendency of Debtor’s bankruptcy case; (iii) irreparable harm to the Debtor and other creditors and parties-in-interest will be avoided by the issuance of this Preliminary Injunction; (iv) no evidence of hardship to the one objecting party, Saddleback Church, or any other

² Adv. ECF No. 4.

Defendant will be caused by the grant and issuance of the Preliminary Injunction; (v) the public interest is satisfied by allowing the Debtor and Non-Debtor Affiliates breathing room to focus on an orderly reorganization of the Debtor; and (vi) no bond is necessary for the protection of the Defendants under Fed. R. Civ. P. 65(c) as the Court finds and concludes that, based on the record before the Court, no Defendant will suffer damages during the pendency of the Preliminary Injunction.

Finally, the Court finds and concludes that the issuance of the Preliminary Injunction, as requested in the Motion, is in the best interests of the Debtor, its estate, creditors, and other parties in interest, and that good cause exists to GRANT the Motion as set forth herein. It is therefore

ORDERED THAT:

1. The Motion is **GRANTED** as set forth herein.
2. This Preliminary Injunction is issued under 11 U.S.C. § 105(a), and Defendants are hereby enjoined and prohibited from commencing or continuing any action against the Non-Debtor Affiliates, including but not limited to (a) any act to assert fraudulent transfer, alter ego, veil piercing, successor liability, or similar claims against the Non-Debtor Affiliates; and (b) commencing or continuing any action to recover any direct prepetition claims of the Defendants against the Non-Debtor Affiliates related to liabilities of the Debtor or related to claims against the Debtor.
3. This Preliminary Injunction is granted herein without a bond requirement under Fed. R. Civ. P. 65(c), as the Court finds and concludes that, based on the record before the Court, no Defendant will suffer damages during the pendency of the Preliminary Injunction.
4. This Preliminary Injunction shall continue through the Debtor's exclusivity period under 11 U.S.C. § 1121(b) (the "**Exclusivity Period**"), and any order of this Court extending the Exclusivity Period beyond 120 days pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1121(d), and this Preliminary Injunction

shall automatically extend under 11 U.S.C. § 105(a) as set forth herein for the same amount of time as such extension of the Debtor's Exclusivity Period.

5. This Preliminary Injunction shall expire the next business day following the termination of the Debtor's Exclusivity Period.

6. This Preliminary Injunction shall not affect the exceptions to the automatic stay contained in 11 U.S.C. § 362(b), or the right of any party in interest to seek relief from the automatic stay in accordance with 11 U.S.C. § 362(d) or 362(f).

7. The Debtor is authorized to take all actions necessary to effectuate the relief granted by this Preliminary Injunction in accordance with the requests in the Motion.

8. This Preliminary Injunction is entered without prejudice (a) to the Debtor seeking a further extension of the Preliminary Injunction under 11 U.S.C. § 105(a) beyond the termination of the Debtor's Exclusivity Period; and (b) to the Defendants from seeking relief from this Preliminary Injunction prior to the termination of the Debtor's Exclusivity Period based on changed circumstances.

9. This Court retains exclusive jurisdiction with respect to all matters arising from or related to the implementation, interpretation, and enforcement of this Preliminary Injunction.

END OF PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION